Drainage Services Department

Contract No. DC/2022/03 Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes

Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report for November 2024

(Version 1.0)

Certified by:	
	(Environmental Team Leader: Mr. KS Lee)

REMARKS:

The information supplied and contained within this report is, to the best of our knowledge, correct at the time of printing.

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By Email

Drainage Services Department Project Management Division 42/F, Revenue Tower 5 Gloucester Road Wan Chai, Hong Kong

Attn.: Mr. Lee Chak-cho, Joe

Dear Sir

Re: Contract No. DC/2022/03 Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report (No.12) – November 2024

I refer to Condition 4.3 under Environmental Permit No. EP-604/2022 and Condition 6.3 under Environmental Permit No. EP-578/2020, regarding the submission of a monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit report. I hereby verify the captioned "Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report (No.12) – November 2024" dated 11 December 2024.

Should you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned at 2859 5443.

Yours faithfully MEINHARDT INFRASTRUCTURE AND ENVIRONMENT LTD

Independent Environmental Checker



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXEC	UTIVE SUMMARY	5
1.	INTRODUCTION	8
2.	PROJECT INFORMATION	. 10
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	BACKGROUND PROJECT ORGANIZATIONS CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES UNDERTAKEN DURING THE REPORTING MONTH SUMMARY OF EM&A REQUIREMENTS STATUES OF ENVIRONMENTAL LICENSING AND PERMITTING	. 11 . 11 . 11
3.	AIR QUALITY	. 13
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9	Monitoring Requirement Monitoring Locations Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Parameters and Frequency Monitoring Methodology Results and Observations Monitoring Requirements Monitoring Methodology Results and On-Site Observation	13 13 14 14 14 14 15 16
4.	NOISE	. 18
4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7	Monitoring Requirements Monitoring Locations Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration Monitoring Methodology and QA/QC Procedure Maintenance and Calibration Results and Observations	18 18 18 19 20
5.	WATER QUALITY MONITORING	. 22
5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8 5.9	Monitoring Requirements Monitoring Locations Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Parameters, Period & Frequency Calibration of In-situ Instruments Monitoring Methodology Laboratory Analytical Methods QA/QC Procedures Results and Observations	. 22 . 23 . 25 . 26 . 26 . 26 . 26 . 26 . 27
6.	ECOLOGY	
6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	Monitoring Requirements Monitoring Locations Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration Monitoring Methodology Analytical Methodology Results and Analysis	. 28 . 28 . 28 . 28
7.	FISHERIES	. 30
7.1	Monitoring Requirements	. 30
8.	CULTURAL HERITAGE	
8.1	Monitoring Requirements	. 31

1

8.2 8.3 8.4 8.5 8.6	Monitoring Locations Monitoring Equipment Monitoring Methodology Results Mitigation Measures for Cultural Heritage	31 31 32
9.	LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL	33
9.1	AUDIT REQUIREMENTS	33
10.	WASTE MANAGEMENT	34
10.1	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	34
11.	ENVIRONMENTAL AUDIT	35
11.1 11.2	SITE AUDITS Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures	
12.	ENVIRONMENTAL NON-CONFORMANCE	36
12.1 12.2	SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT SUMMARY OF ENVIRONMENTAL SUMMON AND SUCCESSFUL PROSECUTION	
13.	FUTURE KEY ISSUES	37
13.1	MAJOR SITE ACTIVITIES AND KEY ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES IN COMING MONTHS	\$37
14.	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	38
$\begin{array}{c} 14.1 \\ 14.2 \end{array}$	Conclusions Recommendations	

LIST OF TABLES

Table I	Non-compliance (exceedance) Record in the Reporting Month	5
Table II	Summy of Complaint/Summous/Prosecution in the Reporting Month	
Table 2-1	Key Project Contacts	11
Table 2-2	Summary of Environmental Licensing and Permit Status	11
Table 3-1	Air Quality Monitoring Locations	12
Table 3-2		
	Air Quality Monitoring Equipment	
Table 3-3	Frequency and Parameters of Air Quality Monitoring	
Table 3-4	Summary of 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results	
Table 3-5	Parameter, Location and Frequency for Odour Patrol	10
Table 3-6	Odour Intensity Level	10
Table 4-1	Noise Monitoring Stations	18
Table 4-2	Noise Monitoring Equipment	
Table 4-3	Frequency and Parameters of Noise Monitoring	19
Table 4-4	Type of Measurement	19
Table 4-5	Baseline Noise Level and Noise Limit Level for Monitoring Stations	
Table 4-6	Major Noise Sources identified at Noise Monitoring Stations	20
Table 4-7	Summary of Impact Noise Monitoring Results	21
Table 5-1	Location for Water Quality Monitoring Stations	23
Table 5-2	Location for Water Quality Monitoring Stations (UM & DM)	23
Table 5-3	Water Quality Monitoring Equipment	
Table 5-4	Types of Sampling Bottles and Preservation Methods	
Table 5-5	Water Quality Monitoring Parameters and Frequency	
Table 5-6	Analytical Methods for Laboratory Analysis for Water Samples	26
Table 8-1	Equipment used in the vibration monitoring	31
Table 8-2	AAA Levels for Monitoring for Cultural Heritage	31
Table 11-1	Observations and Recommendations of Site Inspections	

LIST OF FIGURES

- Figure 1.1 Site Location Plan
- Figure 1.2 General Layout Plan of Improvement of Yuen Long Nullah
- Figure 1.3 Schematic Diagram for Dry Weather Flow Interception System
- Figure 1.4 General Layout Plan of Yuen Long Barrage Scheme
- Figure 1.5 Location Plan of Proposed Barrage
- Figure 2Air Quality Monitoring Stations
- Figure 3 Odour Patrol Route
- Figure 4Noise Monitoring Stations
- Figure 5Water Quality Monitoring Stations

LIST OF APPENDICES

- Appendix A Action and Limit Levels
- Appendix B Copies of Calibration Certificates
- Appendix C Weather Information
- Appendix D Environmental Monitoring Schedules
- Appendix E 1 hour TSP Monitoring Results and Graphical Presentations
- Appendix F Odour Monitoring Results
- Appendix G Noise Monitoring Results and Graphical Presentations
- Appendix H Water Quality Monitoring Results and Graphical Presentations
- Appendix I Ecological Monitoring of Bird Survey Report
- Appendix J Summary of Exceedance
- Appendix K Implementation Schedule and Recommended Mitigation Measures and Site Audit Summary
- Appendix L Event and Action Plan
- Appendix M Summaries of Environmental Complaint, Warning, Summon and Notification of Successful Prosecution
- Appendix N Waste Generation in the Reporting Month
- Appendix O Tentative Construction Programme
- Appendix P Cultural Heritage Monitoring Results

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- 1. This is the 12th Monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Report prepared by the Environmental Team (ET), Cinotech Consultants Ltd., for Contract No. DC/2022/03 "Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes". This report documents the findings of EM&A Works conducted in October 2024 in according with the requirement specified in the Updated EM&A Manual under EP No. EP-604/2022 & EP-578/2020 respectively.
- 2. The major site activities undertaken in Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes in the reporting month included:
 - Sheet pilling works
 - Socket-h pile works
 - Rebaring fixing
 - Formboard erecting
 - Concreting
 - Trial pit works

Environmental Monitoring Works

- 3. Environmental monitoring for the Project was performed in accordance with the Updated EM&A Manual and the monitoring results were checked and reviewed. Joint weekly site inspections with the representative of ET, Engineer Representative and the Contractor were conducted on 5, 12, 19 and 26 November 2024 whereas joint site inspection with the representative of IEC was conducted on 12 November 2024. The implementation of the environmental mitigation measures, Event and Action Plans and environmental complaint handling procedures were also checked.
- 4. A summary of the non-compliance (exceedance) during the reporting month (November 2024) and the investigation results and/or follow-up actions is provided in **Table I** below:

Environmental	No. of Non-compliance (Exceedance)		No. of Non-compliance (Exceedance) due to Construction Activities of this Project	
Monitoring	Action Level	Limit Level	Action Level	Limit Level
Air Quality (Odour)	3	4		
Air Quality (Dust)	0	0	0	0
Noise	0	0	0	0
Water Quality	5	57	0	0
Ecological	0	0	0	0
Cultural Heritage				

 Table I
 Non-compliance (exceedance) Record in the Reporting Month

Air Quality (Odour) Monitoring

• All Odour monitoring was conducted as scheduled in the reporting month and there were Three (3) Action Level and Four (4) Limit Level of exceedance were recorded during the reporting month. However, both exceedances are non-project related.

Air Quality (Dust) Monitoring

• No Action/Limit Level exceedance for 1-hour TSP was recorded.

Construction Noise Monitoring

• No exceedance was recorded due to documented complaints in the reporting month. No project-related Limit Level exceedance was recorded due to monitoring results in this reporting month.

Water Quality Monitoring

• All water quality monitoring was conducted as scheduled in the reporting month and there were Five (5) Action Level and Fifty-seven (57) Limit Level exceedances recorded at the impact stations. However, both exceedances are non-project related. During this reporting month, no obvious discharge from the construction site was observed during the water quality monitoring and site audits. In addition, considering the high suspended solids (SS) and turbidity levels in the original water quality of Shan Pui River and Kam Tin River, there is no direct evidence linking the exceedances to the construction works of the Project. Details of this investigation are presented in **Section 5**.

Ecological Monitoring

• No exceedance for ecological monitoring was recorded.

Fisheries Monitoring

• No fisheries monitoring is required according to the Updated EM&A Manual.

Cultural Heritage Monitoring

• No vibration monitoring was conducted in the reporting month.

Landscape and Visual Monitoring

• No non-conformity for landscape and visual was recorded.

Complaint Handling, Prosecution and Public Engagement

5. Summary of complaint/summons/prosecution in the reporting month is tabulated in **Table II**.

Table II Summary of Complaint/Summons/Prosecution in the Reporting Month

Tuble II	Summary of complaint/Summons/1105ccution in the Reporting Month				
Event	Eve	nt Details	Follow-up/ Remedial	Status/ Remarks	
Lvent	Number	Brief Description	Actions		
Complaints Received	0	-	N/A	N/A	
Notification of Summons and Prosecutions Received	0	-	N/A	N/A	

Reporting Changes

6. There were no reporting changes during the reporting month.

Future Key Issues

- 7. The key works or activities will be anticipated in the coming months are as follows:
 - Sheet pilling works
 - Rebaring fixing
 - Formboard erecting
 - Concreting
 - ELS works

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Cinotech Consultants Limited (Cinotech) was commissioned by Drainage Services Department (DSD) as the Environmental Team (ET) to undertake environmental monitoring and auditing services for the implementation of Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes to ensure that the environmental performance of the works comply with the requirements specified in the Environmental Permits (EP), the Updated Environmental Monitoring & Audit (EM&A) Manual, Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Reports and other relevant statutory requirements. This is the 12th Monthly EM&A report summarizing the EM&A works for the Project in November 2024.

Purpose of the Report

1.2 This is the 12th Monthly EM&A Report which summarises the impact monitoring results and audit findings for the EM&A programme during the reporting period in November 2024.

Structure of the Report

1.3 The structure of the report is as follows:

Section 1: **Introduction** – purpose and structure of the report.

Section 2: **Project Information** – summarises background and scope of the Project, site description, project organization and contact details, construction programme, the construction works undertaken and the status of Environmental Permits/Licenses during the reporting month.

Section 3: **Air Quality Monitoring** – summarises the monitoring parameters, monitoring programmes, monitoring methodologies, monitoring frequency, monitoring locations, Action and Limit Levels, monitoring results and Event / Action Plans.

Section 4: **Noise Monitoring** – summarises the monitoring parameters, monitoring programmes, monitoring methodologies, monitoring frequency, monitoring locations, Action and Limit Levels, monitoring results and Event / Action Plans.

Section 5: **Water Quality Monitoring** – summarises the monitoring parameters, monitoring programmes, monitoring methodologies, monitoring frequency, monitoring locations, Action and Limit Levels, monitoring results and Event / Action Plans.

Section 6: **Ecological Monitoring** – summarises the monitoring parameters, monitoring programmes, monitoring methodologies, monitoring frequency, monitoring locations and Action and Limit Levels, monitoring results and Event / Action Plans.

Section 7: **Fisheries Monitoring** – summarises the requirements of fisheries monitoring and site audit.

Section 8: **Cultural Heritage** –summarises the monitoring parameters, monitoring programmes, monitoring methodologies, monitoring frequency, mitigation measures, monitoring locations and monitoring results.

8

Section 9: Landscape and Visual Monitoring Requirements – summarises the requirements of landscape and visual monitoring

Section 10: **Waste Management** – summarises the audit findings of the weekly site inspections undertaken within the reporting month.

Section 11: **Environmental Audit** – summarises the waste management data in the reporting month.

Section 12: **Environmental Non-conformance** – summarises any monitoring exceedance, environmental complaints, environmental summons and successful prosecutions within the reporting month.

Section 13: **Future Key Issues** – summarises the impact forecast and monitoring schedule for the next month.

Section 14: Conclusions and Recommendation

2. **PROJECT INFORMATION**

2.1 Background

- 2.1.1 Drainage Services Department (DSD) proposed Contract No. DC/2022/03 Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes to 1) enhance the flood protection level of Yuen Long Nullah to the required standards, 2) resolve odour problem and enhance the local environment of the town centre section of Yuen Long Nullah, and 3) revitalise Yuen Long Nullah. A site location plan of the Project is shown in **Figure 1.1**.
- 2.1.2 The major works to be executed under the contract shall include but not limited to the followings:
 - Construction of a barrage, and ancillary pumping and electrical & mechanical (E&M) facilities at Yuen Long Nullah;
 - Modification works at the intersection of Yuen Long Nullah and Yuen Long Bypass Floodway;
 - Provision of a dry weather flow interception system, including the construction of a dry weather flow interceptor, a stormwater pumping station and laying of twin rising mains for conveyance of the dry weather flow;
 - Construction and modification of parapet walls along Yuen Long Nullah, Sham Chung River and Kam Tin River;
 - Enhancement works of existing Yuen Long Nullah between Shap Pat Heung Road and the proposed location of the barrage; and
 - Other associated works.
- 2.1.3 The proposed works are considered as designated projects under the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (EIAO). Two separate Environmental Impact Assessments (EIAs) were carried out for Yuen Long Barrage Scheme (YLBS) (Register No.: AEIAR-228/2021) and Improvement of Yuen Long Town Nullah (YLTN) (Register No.: AEIAR-223/2020). Their respective Environmental Permits are EP-604/2022 (issued on 21 January 2022) and EP-578/2020 (issued on 17 September 2020). DSD is the permit holder of both permits.
- 2.1.4 According to Condition 2.11 of EP-604/2022 and Condition 2.5 of EP-578/2020, an updated Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Manual shall be prepared to include the latest EM&A requirements in accordance with the information and recommendations described in the respective EIA Reports and by taking into account any specific site conditions that may be changed before construction of the Project. The updated EM&A Manual shall include but not limited to:
 - EP-578/2020: a water quality monitoring plan (WQMP) to detect potential adverse water quality impacts at the Project and downstream area directly affected by the construction of the Project. With reference to the excavation works in the nullah as mentioned in Condition 3.1 of this Permit, the WQMP shall include details of the monitoring locations, monitoring frequency, parameters to be monitored, and additional measures to be taken in the event of heavy rainfall during dry season to ensure that the water quality is not adversely affected; and an Event/Action Plan for water quality monitoring.

2.1.5 EP-604/2022: a construction dust monitoring plan (CDMP) to monitor dust emission during construction of the Project. The CDMP shall include details of the monitoring locations, monitoring frequency, and parameters to be monitored; and an Event/Action Plan for construction dust monitoring.

2.2 **Project Organizations**

- 2.2.1 Different Parties with different levels of involvement in the project organization include:
 - Project Proponent Drainage Services Department (DSD)
 - Engineer Representative (ER) Binnies Hong Kong Limited (Binnies)
 - Environmental Team (ET) Cinotech Consultants Limited (Cinotech)
 - Independent Environmental Checker (IEC) Meinhardt Hong Kong Limited (Meinhardt)
 - Contractor China State Alchmex Joint Venture (CSAJV)
- 2.2.2 The key contacts of the Project are shown in **Table 2-1**.

Party	Role	Contact Person	Phone No.
Dinging	Chief Resident Engineer	Mr. Clive Cheng	6603 9633
Binnies	Resident Engineer	Mr. Alvin YU	5223 6155
Cinotech	Environmental Team Leader Mr. KS. Lee		2151 2091
Meinhardt	Independent Environmental Checker	Mr. Adi Lee	2859 5443
CSAJV	Contractor	Mr. Brian KAM	9456 9541

Table 2-1 Key Project Contacts

2.3 Construction Activities undertaken during the Reporting Month

- 2.3.1 The construction programme is presented in **Appendix O.**
- 2.3.2 The major site activities undertaken in the reporting month included:
 - Sheet pilling works
 - Socket-h pile works
 - Rebaring fixing works
 - Formboard erecting works
 - Concreting
 - Trial pit works

2.4 Hoarding/Fencing Works Summary of EM&A Requirements

- 2.4.1 The EM&A programme requires construction noise monitoring, air quality monitoring, water quality monitoring, ecological monitoring, environmental site audit, etc. The EM&A requirements for each parameter are described in the following sections, including:
 - All monitoring parameters;
 - Action and Limit levels for all environmental parameters;
 - Event Action Plans;

- Environmental mitigation measures, as recommended in the Project EIA Report.
- 2.4.2 The advice on the implementation status of environmental protection and pollution control/mitigation measures is summarized in **Section 11** of this report.
- 2.4.3 This report presents the monitoring results, observations, locations, equipment, period, methodology and QA/QC procedures of the monitoring parameters of the required environmental monitoring works and audit works for the Project in the reporting month.

2.5 Statues of Environmental Licensing and Permitting

2.5.1 All permits/licenses obtained for the Project are summarized in Table 2-2.

Valid P					
From	То	Status			
17 Sep 2020	N/A	Valid			
Jan 2022	N/A	Valid			
06 Feb 24	N/A	Valid			
oducer	· · · ·				
07 Nov 23	N/A	Valid			
Vaste Disposal					
06 Jun 23	N/A	Valid			
01 Nov 24	30 Jan 24	Valid			
Marine Dumping Permit					
N/A	N/A	N/A			
Others (e.g. Specified Process (SP) License, etc.)					
N/A	N/A	N/A			
	From 17 Sep 2020 Jan 2022 06 Feb 24 oducer 07 Nov 23 Vaste Disposal 06 Jun 23 01 Nov 24 N/A License, etc.)	17 Sep 2020 N/A Jan 2022 N/A 06 Feb 24 N/A oducer 07 Nov 23 07 Nov 23 N/A Vaste Disposal 06 Jun 23 01 Nov 24 30 Jan 24 N/A N/A License, etc.) 0			

Table 2-2 Summary of Environmental Licensing and Permit Status

3. AIR QUALITY

Construction Dust

3.1 Monitoring Requirement

3.1.1 According to Updated EM&A Manual under the EP-604/2022, 1-hour TSP monitoring were conducted to monitor the air quality for this Project. The sampling frequency of at least three times in every six days shall be undertaken when the highest dust impact occurs. Appendix A shows the established Action/Limit Levels for the environmental monitoring works.

3.2 Monitoring Locations

3.2.1 Air quality monitoring was conducted at four (4) monitoring stations, as shown in **Figure 2**. **Table 3-1** describes the locations of the air quality monitoring stations.

Monitoring Stations	g Stations Location	
AM1 Fortune Pharmacal Co. Ltd		Rooftop (4/F)
AM2	Shan Pui Chung Hau Tsuen	Ground (G/F)
AM3	AM3 Nin Jiom Medicine Manufactory Limited	
AM4	HK School of Motoring Safety Centre	Ground (G/F)

 Table 3-1
 Air Quality Monitoring Locations

3.3 Monitoring Equipment

- 3.3.1 Direct reading dust meter was used to measure the 1-hour average TSP levels. The 1-hour sampling was determined by High Volume Samplers (HVS) to check the validity and accuracy of the results measured by direct reading method.
- 3.3.2 Wind data monitoring equipment was set at rooftop (about 4/F) of Fortune Pharmacal Co. Ltd for logging wind speed and wind direction such that the wind sensors are clear of obstructions or turbulence caused by building. The wind data monitoring equipment is recalibrated at least once every six months and the wind directions are divided into 16 sectors of 22.5 degrees each. The location is shown in **Figure 2**.
- 3.3.3 **Table 3-2** summarizes the equipment used in the impact air quality monitoring. Copies of calibration certificates are attached in **Appendix B**.

Tuble o 2 The Quality Monitoring Equipment					
Equipment	Model and Make	Serial No.	Quantity		
1-hour TSP	Sibata Model No.: LD-3B / LD-5R	972777	2		
Dust Meter	Sibata Wodel No LD-3B / LD-3K	972780	2		
HVS Sampler	GMW Model: GS2310	10379	1		
Calibrator	TISCH Model: TE-5025A	3864	1		

 Table 3-2
 Air Quality Monitoring Equipment

3.4 Monitoring Parameters and Frequency

3.4.1 **Table 3-3** summarizes the monitoring parameters, monitoring period and frequencies of baseline air quality monitoring.

Table 3-3 Frequency and Parameters of Air Quality Monitoring

Monitoring Stations	Parameter	Period	Frequency	
AM1 – AM4	1-hour TSP	0700 – 1900 hrs	3 times/day, once every 6 days throughout the construction phase	

3.5 Monitoring Methodology

1-hour TSP Monitoring

Measuring Procedures

3.5.1 The measuring procedures of the 1-hour TSP portable dust meter in accordance with the Manufacturer's Instruction Manual as follows:

(Sibata Model No.: LD-5R)

- The 1-hour dust meter was placed at least 1.3 meters above ground.
- Set POWER to "ON" and make sure that the battery level was not flash or in low level.
- Allow the instrument to stand for about 3 minutes and then the cap of the air sampling inlet had been released.
- Push the knob at MEASURE position.
- Set time/mode setting to [BG] by pushing the time setting switch. Then, start the background measurement by pushing the start/stop switch once. It would take 6 sec. to complete the background measurement.
- Push the time setting switch to change the time setting display to [MANUAL] at the bottom left of the liquid crystal display. Finally, push the start/stop switch to stop the measuring after 1 hour sampling.
- Information such as sampling date, time, count value and site condition were recorded during the monitoring period.

Maintenance/Calibration

- 3.5.2 The following maintenance/calibration is required for the 1-hour dust meter:
 - Check and calibrate the meter by HVS to check the validity and accuracy of the results measured by direct reading method at 2-month intervals throughout all stages of the air quality monitoring.

3.6 Results and Observations

- 3.6.1 All 1-hour TSP monitoring was conducted as scheduled in the reporting month. No Action/Limit Level exceedance was recorded.
- 3.6.2 The results of air quality monitoring in this reporting month are summarized in **Table 3-4**. The detailed monitoring data and graphical presentations of 1-hour TSP monitoring results are shown in **Appendix E**.

Monitoring Station	Average (µg/m3)	Range (µg/m3)	Action Level (µg/m3)	Limit Level (µg/m3)
AM1	41.2	29.0 - 58.0	263	
AM2	38.2	16.2 – 77.9	268	500
AM3	48.0	19.8 - 95.0	288	500
AM4	50.3	25.6 - 66.6	286	

Table 3-4 Summary of 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results

- 3.6.3 No exceedance was recorded for the 1-hour TSP monitoring. The summary of exceedance record in the reporting month is shown in **Appendix J**.
- 3.6.4 The air temperature, precipitation and the relative humidity data was obtained from Hong Kong Observatory where the wind speed and wind direction were recorded by the installed Wind Anemometer. The weather information for the reporting month is summarized in **Appendix C**.
- 3.6.5 Site audits were carried out on a weekly basis to monitor and audit the timely implementation of air quality mitigation measures within the site boundaries of this Project. The summary of site audits is shown in **Table 11-1** of this report.
- 3.6.6 The major dust source identified at the designated air quality monitoring stations are road traffic dust, exposed site area and open stockpiles, site vehicle movements and non-project related construction activities.

<u>Odour Patrol</u>

3.7 Monitoring Requirements

- 3.7.1 According to Updated EM&A Manual under the EP-578/2020, odour patrol is required to monitor the air quality for this Project. As Nullah Improvement Work started, odour patrol started since June 2024. The odour patrol was conducted on 28 November 2024 during the reporting period.
- 3.7.2 The trained personnel/competent persons used their nose (olfactory sensors) to sniff odours along the patrol route. The main odour emission sources and the areas affected by the odour nuisance should be identified, **Appendix A** shows the established Action/Limit Levels for the environmental monitoring works.
- 3.7.3 The parameter, location and frequency of odour patrol are summarized in **Table 3-5**.

Table 5-5 Tarameter, Elocation and Trequency for Outful Tarlor				
Odour Patrol Checking Point	Descriptions	Patrol Frequency	Parameters	
OP1	The Spectra			
OP2	Wang Fu Court			
OP3	Twin Regency		Olaar	
OP4	Yuk Yat Garden			
OP5	Yuen Long Long Ping Estate Wai Chow School	Monthly. A total of two times		
OP6	Sol City	on the monitoring	Odour	
OP7	Healey Building	day in the morning	Intensity (Table 3-5)	
OP8	Tse King House	and afternoon,	(Table 5-5)	
OP9	Ma Tin Tsuen - Kung Um Road	respectively.		
OP10	Caritas Yuen Long Chan Chun Ha Secondary School			
OP11	CCC Chun Kwong Primary School	1		
OP12	Tai Kiu Tsuen			

 Table 3-5
 Parameter, Location and Frequency for Odour Patrol

- 3.7.4 The odour patrol route is shown in **Figure 3**. The odour patrol schedule is presented at **Appendix D**.
- 3.7.5 Copies of calibration certificate of the anemometer, and certificates for the qualified field odour patrol panellist are attached in **Appendix B**.
- 3.7.6 The odour intensities detected should be categorised as in **Table 3-6**.

140	Table 3-0 Oddu Intensity Devel				
Class	Odour Intensity	Description			
0	Not Detected	No odour perceived or an odour so weak that it cannot			
0		be easily characterized or described.			
1	Slight	Identified odour, slight			
2	Moderate	Identified odour, moderate			
3 Strong		Identified odour, strong			
4	Extreme	Severe odour			

 Table 3-6
 Odour Intensity Level

3.8 Monitoring Methodology

- 3.8.1 Odour patrol was conducted by trained personnel / competent persons (at least 2 odour patrol members). The odour patrol members should:
 - Have their individual odour threshold of n-butanol in nitrogen gas in the range of 20 to 80 ppb/v required by the European Standard Method (EN 13725);
 - Be free from any respiratory diseases;
 - Not be allowed to smoke, eat, drink (except water) or use chewing gum or sweets 30 minutes before and during the odour patrol; and
 - Take great care not to cause any interference with their own perception or that of others by lack of personal hygiene or the use of perfumes, deodorants, body lotions or cosmetics.

3.8.2 The trained personnel/competent persons should use their nose (olfactory sensors) to sniff odours along the patrol route. The main odour emission sources and the areas affected by the odour nuisance should be identified.

3.9 Results and On-Site Observation

- 3.9.1 Odour patrol was conducted in the reporting month on 28 November 2024. Three (3) Action Level and Four (4) Limit Level of exceedance were recorded during the reporting month.
- 3.9.2 The odour patrol will be carried out at 12 designed locations along the boundary of the Project Site. The detailed monitoring data is given in **Appendix F**.
- 3.9.3 The wind flow, wind direction, temperature and humidity were recorded. Detailed weather condition is shown in **Appendix C**.
- 3.9.4 Three (3) Action Level and Four (4) Limit Level of exceedance were recorded during the reporting month. The summary of exceedance record in reporting month is shown in **Appendix J**.

4. NOISE

4.1 Monitoring Requirements

4.1.1 According to the Updated EM&A Manuals under the EP-578/2020 and EP-604/2022, construction noise monitoring was conducted to monitor the construction noise arising from the construction activities. The regular monitoring frequency for each monitoring station shall be on a weekly basis and conduct one set of measurements between 0700 and 1900 hours on normal weekdays. **Appendix A** shows the established Action and Limit Levels for the environmental monitoring works.

4.2 Monitoring Locations

4.2.1 The location of the monitoring station is tabulated in **Table 4-1** and illustrated in **Figure 4**.

Monitoring Stations	Location	Floor Levels
CM1	Shan Pui Chung Hau Tsuen	Ground (G/F)
CM2	Caritas Yuen Long Chan Chun Ha Secondary School	Rooftop (6/F)
CM3	Ma Tin Tsuen	Ground (G/F)
CM4	Tung Tau Wai San Tsuen	Ground (G/F)
CM5	Twin Regency	Rooftop (27/F)
CM6	Tai Kiu Tsuen	Ground (G/F)
CM7	CCC Chun Kwong Primary School	Ground (G/F)

 Table 4-1
 Noise Monitoring Stations

4.3 Monitoring Equipment

4.3.1 Integrating Sound Level Meter was used for impact noise monitoring. The meters were Type 1 sound level meter capable of giving a continuous readout of the noise level readings including equivalent continuous sound pressure level (Leq) and percentile sound pressure level (Lx) that also complied with International Electrotechnical Commission Publications 651:1979 (Type 1) and 804:1985 (Type 1) specifications. Table 4-2 summarizes the noise monitoring equipment being used. Copies of calibration certificates are attached in Appendix B.

Table 4-2Noise Monitoring Equipment

Equipment	Model and Make	Quantity
Integrating Sound Level Meter	BSWA 308	4
Calibrator	ST-120	1

4.4 Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

4.4.1 **Table 4-3** summarizes the monitoring parameters, frequency and total duration of monitoring. The noise monitoring schedule is shown in **Appendix D**. Leq(30min) was used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 0700-1900 hours on any day not being a general holiday (including Sunday) and Leq(5min) was used as the monitoring parameter for the time period between 0700-1900 hours on general holidays (including Sunday) and 1900-0700 hours for all days. Supplementary information for data auditing, statistical results such as L10 and L90 were also obtained for reference.

Monitoring StationsTime Period		Duration	Frequency	Parameter
CM1, CM2, CM3, CM4, CM5, CM6, CM7	Daytime (0700-1900 hrs)	30 minutes (Daytime)	Once per week	$\begin{array}{c} L_{eq} \\ L_{10} \\ L_{90} \end{array}$

Table 4-3 Frequency and Parameters of Noise Monitoring

4.5 Monitoring Methodology and QA/QC Procedure

4.5.1 **Table 4-4** summarizes the types of measurement undertaken in the monitoring stations.

Table 4-4 Type of Measurement				
Monitoring Stations	Measurement			
CM1	Free Field Measurement			
CM2	Façade Measurement			
CM3	Free Field Measurement			
CM4	Free Field Measurement			
CM5	Façade Measurement			
CM6	Free Field Measurement			
CM7	Façade Measurement			

Table 4-4 Type of Measurement

Note: Due to the environment condition of the monitoring location, free field measurement instead of façade measurement was adopted as the measurement method at the monitoring locations.

- 4.5.2 The air temperature, precipitation and the relative humidity data was obtained from Hong Kong Observatory and presented in **Appendix C**.
- 4.5.3 The monitoring procedures are as follows:
 - The monitoring station was normally be at a point 1m from the exterior of the sensitive receivers building façade and be at a position 1.2m above the ground.
 - For free field measurement, the meter was positioned away from any nearby reflective surfaces. All records for free field noise levels were adjusted with a correction of +3 dB(A).
 - The battery condition was checked to ensure the correct functioning of the meter.
 - Parameters such as frequency weighting, the time weighting and the measurement time were set as follows:
 - Frequency weighting: A
 - Time weighting: Fast
 - Time measurement: 30 minutes
 - Prior to and after each noise measurement, the meter was calibrated using a Calibrator for 94.0 dB at 1000 Hz. If the difference in the calibration level before and after measurement was more than 1.0 dB, the measurement would be considered invalid and repeat of noise measurement would be required after re-calibration or repair of the equipment.
 - The wind speed was frequently checked with the portable wind meter.
 - At the end of the monitoring period, the L_{eq}, L₉₀ and L₁₀ were recorded. In addition, site conditions and noise sources were recorded on a standard record sheet.

• Noise monitoring would be cancelled in the presence of fog, rain, and wind with a steady speed exceeding 5 m/s, or wind with gusts exceeding 10 m/s. Supplementary monitoring would be provided to ensure sufficient data would be obtained.

4.6 Maintenance and Calibration

- 4.6.1 The sound level meter and calibrator were checked and calibrated at yearly intervals.
- 4.6.2 Immediately prior to and following each noise measurement the accuracy of the sound level meter was checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Measurements were accepted as valid only if the calibration levels from before and after the noise measurement agree to within 1.0 dB.

4.7 **Results and Observations**

- 4.7.1 All construction noise monitoring was conducted as scheduled in the reporting month.
- 4.7.2 All the Construction Noise Levels (CNLs) reported in this report were adjusted with the corresponding baseline level (i.e. Measured Leq Baseline Leq = CNL), in order to facilitate the interpretation of the noise exceedance. The baseline noise level and the Noise Limit Level at each designated noise monitoring station are presented in **Table 4-5**.

Table 4-5 Baseline Noise Level and Noise Limit Level for Monitoring Stations				
	Mean Baseline Noise Level, dB (A)	Noise Limit Level, dB (A)		
Stations	(at 0700 – 1900 hrs on normal	(at 0700 – 1900 hrs on normal		
	weekdays, L _{eq (30 min)})	weekdays)		
CM1	59.1	75		
CM2	62.7	70*		
CM3	61.1	75		
CM4	67.2	75		
CM5	62.7	75		
CM6	63.0	75		
CM7	60.4	70*		
(*) Noise Limit Level is 65 dB(A) during school examination periods.				

 Table 4-5
 Baseline Noise Level and Noise Limit Level for Monitoring Stations

4.7.1 The major noise sources identified at the noise monitoring stations are shown in **Table 4-6**.

 Table 4-6
 Major Noise Sources identified at Noise Monitoring Stations

Monitoring Station	Major Noise Sources
CM1	Road Traffic along Shan Pui Ho East Road,
CIMI	Non-project related construction activity
CM2	Road Traffic along Ma Tin Road and Ma Tong Road
CM3	Road Traffic along Kung Um Road and Tai Shu Ha Road
CIVIS	East
CM4	Road Traffic Wang Lok Street
CM5	Road Traffic along Shan Pui Ho East Road and Lau Yip
CMJ	Street
CM6	Vehicle Movement along the footpath beside Tai Kiu Tsuen
CM7	Noise nuisance along Chung Sing Path and
CM/	Chung Sing Path Playground

4.7.2 The results of impact noise monitoring in this reporting month are summarized in **Table 4-7**. Detailed noise monitoring results and graphical presentations are shown in **Appendix G**.

Parameter	Monitoring Station	Range (dB(A))	Action Level	Limit Level
	CM1*	57.5 - 69.8	• When one documented complaint is received	• 75 dB(A) for residential
	CM2	58.5 - 62.2		• 70dB(A) for schools
Leq(30min)	CM3*	56.1 – 69.1		• 65 dB(A) during school
in dB(A)	CM4*	64.6 - 67.0		examination periods
	CM5	57.3 - 62.2		
	CM6	61.2 - 69.2		
	CM7*	52.1 - 63.5		

Table 4-7	Summarv	of Impact	t Noise Ma	nitoring Results

*Remark: Free field noise levels were adjusted with a correlation of +3 dB(A)

- 4.7.3 No Action Level exceedance was recorded due to documented complaints in the reporting month. No project-related Limit Level exceedance during daytime was recorded due to monitoring results in this reporting month.
- 4.7.4 Site audits were carried out on a weekly basis to monitor and audit the timely implementation of construction noise mitigation measures within the site boundaries of this Project. The summary of site audits is shown in **Table 11-1** of this report.

5. WATER QUALITY MONITORING

5.1 Monitoring Requirements

5.1.1 According to the Updated EM&A Manuals under the EP-578/2020 and EP-604/2022, water quality monitoring was conducted to ensure that unacceptable water quality impacts do not occur at the downstream Water Sensitive Receivers (WSRs) as a result of the construction works. The Impact monitoring should be undertaken three (3) times per week during the course of construction works. For monitoring stations affected by tidal condition, monitoring should be carried out at mid-flood and mid-ebb. The interval between two consecutive sets of monitoring should not be less than 36 hours except when there are exceedances of Action and/or Limit Level, in which case monitoring frequency should be increased. Appendix A shows the established Action and Limit Levels for the environmental monitoring works.

5.2 Monitoring Locations

- 5.2.1 The monitoring stations have been established to identify potential water quality impacts to WSRs. Locations of the monitoring stations are shown in Figure 5 with the co-ordinates presented in Table 5-1. These monitoring stations are chosen as they are at reasonable distance from the works area and confirmed as the only location capable for water quality monitoring. Descriptions of the monitoring stations are as follows:
 - W1 is Impact Station while W2 is Impact Station or Control Station depending on tidal condition. These stations are downstream of the boundary of the Project Site. W1 is located at the Shan Pui River and is approximately 250 m from the boundary of barrage and nullah works, while W2 is located near the Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site and is approximately 2 km from the boundary. Water quality monitoring at these two Stations will help to determine any adverse water quality impacts to the nearest Water Sensitive Receivers which may be caused by the Project's construction activities.
 - C1 and C2 are Control Stations which are approximately 2km upstream of the Project Site, covering all the nullah construction works and the proposed flow diversion works & flood walls for the barrage scheme. The control stations are not supposed to be influenced by the construction works. These stations are not affected by tidal condition of Shan Pui River. Water quality monitoring data collected at C1 and C2 will be used to compare with the Impact Stations' data to determine any adverse water quality impacts as a result of the construction works of the Project.
 - Mobile Stations should also be monitored for which the location will be determined in accordance with the boundary and number of the active works area during the time of impact monitoring. The Upstream Mobile Station should be located about 50 m upstream of the active works area while the Downstream Mobile Station should be located about 50 m downstream of the active works area.

Table 5-1 Elocation for Water Quanty Monitoring Stations					
Station	Decemintion	Station Nature		Easting	Northin a
Station	Description	Mid-ebb	Mid-flood	Lasting	Northing
W1	Shan Pui River [#]	Impact	Station	821405	835653
W2	Shan Pui River near Mai Po Inner Deep Bay Ramsar Site	Impact Station	Control Station	820935	837158
C1	Kung Um Road Nullah [#]	Control Station*		820720	832119
C2	San Hui Nullah [#]	Control Station*		821297	832771
UM	Yuen Long Town Nullah	Upstream Mobile Station (Control)*		Located 50 m u active works ar be determin	
DM	Yuen Long Town Nullah	Downstream Mobile Station* (Impact)		Located 50 m the active work to be determ	

Table 5-1 Location for Water Quality Monitoring Stations

Notes:

* Not affected by tidal condition. The coordinates of the monitoring stations are for reference only.

W1 from YLBS was chosen to be the proposed W1 of this Project since the W1 from YLN was located inside the site boundary of YLBS. The control points are for the fulfilment of both YLN & YLBS EM&A manuals. In the original EM&A manuals, both C1 are located at the same stream between Kung Um Rd and Kiu Hing Rd, both C2 are located at the same stream between Tai Shu Ha Rd West and Tai Shu Ha Rd East. Considering there are construction works of parapets wall for YLBS, the proposed control points can cover all the nullah, flow diversion and flood wall works area. Since the original locations do not have valid access to the nullah, C1 and C2 were relocated so that samples can be collected from bridge running across the nullah.

5.2.2 The monitoring location of UM and DM were presented in **Table 5-3** with co-ordinates below.

1 au	10 3-2 Location for Water Q	uanty Montoling	s stations (OWI C	x D (x)
Station Description		Date	Easting	Northing
UM	Yuen Long Town Nullah	1 November 2024 - 30 November 2024	834510	821165
DM^*	Yuen Long Town Nullah			

 Table 5-2
 Location for Water Quality Monitoring Stations (UM & DM)

Notes:

*As the mobile stations should not be located at the location that affected by tidal condition, the mobile stations (especially DM) were proposed to establish at Yuen Long Town Nullah only.

5.3 Monitoring Equipment

5.3.1 The equipment used in the water quality monitoring programme are listed in Table 5-3. The copies of the calibration certificates of water quality monitoring equipment are shown in Appendix B. The adopted equipment fulfils the requirements specified in the EM&A Programme as detailed in the following paragraphs.

Equipment Model		Qty.
Water Sampler	Kahlsico Water-Bottle Model 135DW 150	1
Multi-parameter Water Quality System	YSI EXO1 Multi-parameter Sonde	1

 Table 5-3
 Water Quality Monitoring Equipment

Monitoring Position Equipment "Magellan" Handheld GPS Model GPS-320		1
Water Depth Detector	Fishfinder 140	1
Flow Meter	Flo-Mate 2000	1

Dissolved Oxygen, Temperature and Salinity Measuring Equipment

- 5.3.2 The instrument should be a portable, weatherproof measuring instrument complete with cable, sensor, comprehensive operation manuals, and should be operable from a DC power source. It should be capable of measuring: dissolved oxygen levels in the range of 0–20 mg L-1 and 0- 200% saturation; a temperature of 0-45 °C; and a salinity of 0-35 ppt.
- 5.3.3 It should have a membrane electrode with automatic temperature compensation complete with a cable of not less than 35 m in length. Sufficient stocks of spare electrodes and cable should be available for replacement where necessary (for example, YSI model 59 meter, YSI 5739 probe, YSI 5795A submersible stirrer with reel and cable or an approved similar instrument).

Turbidity Measuring Equipment

5.3.4 Turbidity should be measured in situ by the nephelometric method using an instrument that is portable and weatherproof using a DC power source with cable, sensor, and comprehensive operation manuals. This instrument should have a photometric sensor capable of measuring turbidity between 0 - 1000 NTU (e.g. Hach model 2100P or other approved instrument of similar type). The meter should be calibrated in order to establish the relationship between NTU units and the levels of SS. The turbidity measurement should be carried out on a split water sample from the same water sample collected for suspended solids analysis.

pH Measuring Equipment

5.3.5 A portable pH meter capable of measuring a range between 0.0 and 14.0 should be provided to measure pH under the specified conditions (e.g. Orion Model 250A or an approved similar instrument).

Electromagnetic Flow Meter

5.3.6 A hand-held digital electromagnetic flow meter (e.g. model Flo-mate 2000 or other approved similar instrument) should be provided and used to measure water flow rate during water quality monitoring. The measurement should be conducted at fixed sampling points and water depth throughout the monitoring programme.

Positioning Device

5.3.7 The locations of water quality monitoring stations should be located using a hand-held Global Positioning System (GPS) with way point bearing indication or other equivalent instrument of similar accuracy. This is to ensure that the water sampling locations are accurate and consistent before taking measurements.

Water Sampling Equipment

5.3.8 A water sampler is required. It should comprise a transparent PVC cylinder, with a capacity at least 500ml, which can be effectively sealed with latex cups at both ends. The sampler should have a positive latching system to keep it open and prevent premature closure until released by a messenger when the sampler is at the selected water depth (for example, Kahlsico Water Sampler or an approved similar instrument). If the water sampler cannot be applied due to shallow water depth, smaller sample container should be submerged into mid-water column before collecting water sample.

Water Depth Detector

5.3.9 A portable, battery-operated echo sounder would be used for the determination of water depth at each designated monitoring station. If echo sounder is not applicable due to low water depth, various sized stainless steel rulers would be used to determine the water depth.

Back-up Equipment

- 5.3.10 Sufficient stocks of spare parts should be maintained for replacements when necessary. Back-up monitoring equipment should also be available so that monitoring can proceed uninterrupted even when some equipment is under maintenance, calibration, etc.
- 5.3.11 **Table 5-4** summarizes the type of sampling bottles and preservation method for laboratory testing.

Table 3-4 Types of Sampling Dottles and Treservation Methods		
Parameters to be Tested	Preservation	Type of Sample Container
Total Suspended Solids (SS)	Refrigerate	1 liter high density polythene bottle

Table 5-4 Types of Sampling Bottles and Preservation Methods

5.4 Monitoring Parameters, Period & Frequency

- 5.4.1 The water quality parameters to be measured are shown in **Table 5-5**.
- 5.4.2 The predicted tides at Tsim Bei Tsui provided by Hong Kong Observatory is used as reference for the selection of tides and shown in **Appendix C**.

Monitoring Stations	Parameters, unit	Depth	Frequency
W1 W2 C1 C2 UM DM	 In-situ: Temperature(°C) pH (pH units) Turbidity (NTU) Water depth (cm) Salinity (ppt) Dissolved oxygen (DO) (mg/L and % of saturation) Laboratory Testing: Suspended solids (SS) (mg/L) 	Mid-depth	<u>Impact monitoring:</u> 3 days per week throughout the construction period

Table 5-5 Water Quality Monitoring Parameters and Frequency

5.5 Calibration of In-situ Instruments

- 5.5.1 All in-situ monitoring instruments should be checked and calibrated before use. They were certified by High Precision Chemical Testing Ltd. (HOKLAS Registration No.296).
- 5.5.2 Sufficient stocks of spare parts, i.e.: spare cables and sensors, have been maintained for replacements when necessary. Backup monitoring equipment was also available so that monitoring can proceed uninterrupted even when some equipment is under maintenance, calibration, etc.

5.6 Monitoring Methodology

- 5.6.1 Multi-parameter meter (YSI EXO-01) was used to measure dissolved oxygen (DO) concentration, DO saturation (DO %), pH, salinity, temperature and turbidity. At each monitoring location, three consecutive measurements were taken for water samples being collected on site. The probes were retrieved out of the water after the first measurement and then re-deployed for the second measurement. When the difference in the value between the first and second readings of each set was more than 25% of the value of the first reading, the second reading was discarded and further readings were taken.
- 5.6.2 For SS, water samples at middle layer were collected. Water samples of adequate volume specified by laboratory were collected and stored in high density polythene bottles provided by laboratory. Water samples were packed in ice and cooled to 4°C (without being frozen), delivered to a HOKLAS accredited laboratory, High Precision Chemical Testing Ltd., for the laboratory analysis of water samples.

5.7 Laboratory Analytical Methods

5.7.1 The testing of all parameters was conducted by High Precision Chemical Testing Ltd. (HOKLAS Registration No.296) and comprehensive quality assurance and control procedures in place in order to ensure quality and consistency in results. The testing method and limit of reporting are provided in **Table 5-6**.

Parameters	Proposed Method	Detection Limit
Suspended Solids (SS)	APHA 2540D ^[1]	0.5 mg/L

 Table 5-6
 Analytical Methods for Laboratory Analysis for Water Samples

Note:

[1] APHA - American Public Health Association Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater.

5.8 QA/QC Procedures

Decontamination Procedures

5.8.1 Water sampling equipment used during the course of the monitoring programme was decontaminated by manual washing and rinsing with clean river water or bottled water after each sampling event.

Sampling Management and Supervision

5.8.2 Water samples were dispatched to the testing laboratory for analysis as soon as possible after the sampling. All samples were stored in a cool box and kept at or lower than 4°C but without being frozen. All water samples were relinquished to the laboratory representatives at locations specified by the laboratory.

5.9 Results and Observations

- 5.9.1 All water quality monitoring was conducted as scheduled in the reporting month. The monitoring results and graphical presentations are shown in **Appendix H**. Other relevant data was also recorded, such as monitoring location / position, time, sampling depth, weather conditions and any special phenomena or work underway nearby.
- 5.9.2 There were **Five (5)** Action Level and Fifty-seven (57) Limit Level of exceedance recorded in the reporting month. None of these exceedances were project-related. The summary of exceedances is shown in Appendix J.
- 5.9.3 During the impact water monitoring, it was observed that the water in the Shan Pui River (W1 and W2) was very muddy and turbid, and contained various type of materials, e.g.: debris of plant, soil and general rubbish. The water body of the river was mostly greyish to yellowish and the river bed was invisible throughout the impact monitoring period. The river water was similar to the water observed in the baseline monitoring, there was no significant changes on the river condition during the construction compared to the baseline water quality monitoring result and impact water quality result. As expected from the site observations, exceedances of turbidity and suspended solid were recorded almost every monitoring. In addition, DO exceedances were recorded during the reporting period. Sheet piling and ground investigation inside the river were conducted at the period of DO exceedances, none of these works were likely to cause decrease of DO value.
- 5.9.4 During this reporting month, no obvious discharge from the construction site was observed during the water quality monitoring and site audits. There were sheet piling and socket hpile conducted inside the river, silt curtain was applied for mitigation measures to minimize the adverse impacts in the river. In addition, considering the high suspended solids (SS) and turbidity levels in the original water quality of Shan Pui River and Kam Tin River, there is no direct evidence linking the exceedances to the construction works of the Project.
- 5.9.5 The Contractor is reminded to strictly follow the drainage plan and clear drainage regularly. In particular, all drainage shall be checked and cleared after heavy rainstorm as sediments may accumulate along pipes and culverts. Further details can be found in **Appendix J**.

6. ECOLOGY

6.1 Monitoring Requirements

- 6.1.1 Monthly ecological monitoring, focusing on avifauna species of conservation importance, and overwintering waterbirds utilising wetland habitats along Shan Pui River and Kam Tin River within 500m from the Project boundary should be conducted during construction phase. For the surveys overlooking the tidal mudflats and mangroves in the Shan Pui River and Kam Tin River, the tidal level at the time of the survey should be taken into consideration and the surveys should be taken when the tidal level is generally 1.5m or below.
- 6.1.2 Avifaunal communities should be surveyed quantitatively along transects and at selected point count locations. All birds heard or seen along the transects should be identified to species level and counted. Noise level should also be recorded. Any changes in site condition or disturbances detected or observed at the monitoring locations, including both construction and non-construction related activities, during each impact monitoring visit should also be recorded.
- 6.1.3 The area within 100m from the Project boundary should be monitored monthly during the construction phase to check the location and status of any active night roost.
- 6.1.4 The ecological monitoring should be undertaken by experienced ecologist(s) with relevant working experience. Should any unpredicted indirect ecological impacts arising from the proposed Project be detected, remedial measures should be developed and implemented by the Contractor.
- 6.1.5 The monitoring results should be compared to pre-construction baseline condition during the dry and wet seasons as summarized in the Baseline Bird Survey Report in **Appendix I**.

6.2 Monitoring Locations

6.2.1 Transect and point count surveys were proposed within the 500m boundary of Shan Pui River and Old Kam Tin River. The detailed locations of point count and transect count is provided in the Ecological Monitoring of Bird Report in **Appendix I**.

6.3 Monitoring Parameters, Frequency and Duration

6.3.1 Monitoring surveys were conducted once per month when the tidal level is generally 1.5m or below. The ecological monitoring schedule is shown in **Appendix D** and the detailed monitoring parameters, frequency and duration are provided in **Appendix I**.

6.4 Monitoring Methodology

6.4.1 For detailed monitoring methodology, please check the Ecological Monitoring of Bird Report in **Appendix I**.

6.5 Analytical Methodology

6.5.1 For detailed analytical methodology, please check the Ecological Monitoring of Bird Report in **Appendix I**.

6.6 Results and Analysis

- 6.5.2 As no construction work within the Kam Tin River, no ecological bird monitoring was conducted in Kam Tin River during the reporting period.
- 6.5.3 As no active night roost within 100m from the Project boundary, no monitoring was conducted during the reporting period.
- 6.6.1 No Action / Limit exceedance was recorded for the abundance of water bird species for the transect walk method.
- 6.6.2 No Action / Limit exceedance was recorded for the abundance of avifauna species with conservation importance only for the transect walk method.
- 6.6.3 No Action / Limit exceedance was recorded for the species diversity of waterbird species in the transect walk method.
- 6.6.4 No Action / Limit exceedance was recorded for the species diversity of avifauna species with conservation importance in the transect walk method.
- 6.6.5 The detailed analytical process, results, Action and Limit Levels and Event / Action Plans are presented in the Ecological Monitoring of Bird Report in **Appendix I**.

7. FISHERIES

7.1 Monitoring Requirements

- 7.1.1 According to the Updated EM&A Manual, no fisheries monitoring is required for the Project.
- 7.1.2 Site audit was carried out on a weekly basis to monitor and audit the timely implementation of fisheries mitigation measures within the site boundaries of this Project. The summaries of site audits are attached in **Appendix K**.

8. CULTURAL HERITAGE

8.1 Monitoring Requirements

- 8.1.1 According to the cultural heritage impact assessment on the EIA Report (Yuen Long Barrage Scheme), indirect impacts such as vibration, contact with equipment, access issues may arise, mitigation and audit during construction phase is required for four heritage structures.
- 8.1.2 Vibration monitoring should be audit during the construction phase at least once a month. In the event of exceedance, the event / action plan according to the Condition Survey Report should be followed.

8.2 Monitoring Locations

8.2.1 Four vibration monitoring point were proposed for monitoring of the cultural heritage, they are Village house (HB-17), Village house (HB-18), Village God Shrine (HB-30) and Buddhist Stone Tablet (HB-31). Vibration monitoring was conducted within the reporting period.

8.3 Monitoring Equipment

- 8.3.1 As sheet piling was conducted within 50m from the identified building (HB-30) during the reporting period, vibration monitoring was conducted. Mini supergraph II was used for vibration monitoring.
- 8.3.2 The equipment used in the vibration monitoring are listed in **Table 8-1**.

Table 8-1Equipment used in the vibration monitoringEquipmentSerial NoQty.

Equipment	Serial No	Qty.
MINI SUPERGRAPH II	20431	1

8.4 Monitoring Methodology

- 8.4.1 Vibrograph (velocity seismograph) was deployed at each monitoring station to measure and record the PPV and amplitude of ground motion in three mutually perpendicular directions. Vibration monitoring equipment fulfils the requirements stated in the Government guidelines and is calibrated to HOKLAS standards. Each monitoring would not be more than 10 minutes. Settlement monitoring should be conducted by surveyors manually.
- 8.4.2 The Alert, Alarm and Action (AAA) Levels are given in **Table 8-2**.

Table 8-2 AAA Levels for Monitoring for Cultural Heritage

Parameter	Alert Level	Alarm Level	Action Level
Vibration	ppv: 5 mm/s	ppv: 6 mm/s	ppv: 7.5mm/s Maximum Allowable Vibration Amplitude: 0.1mm

8.5 Results

8.5.1 No Alert, Alarm and Action Levels were recorded during the vibration monitoring in the reporting month. The summaries of vibration monitoring results are attached in Appendix P.

8.6 Mitigation Measures for Cultural Heritage

- 8.6.1 According to Section 9.2 of the Updated EM&A Manual, beside vibration monitoring, a buffer zone shall be provided by the Contractor to separate the building or structure from the construction works. The buffer zone shall be clearly marked out by temporary fencing, if temporary fencing is not appropriate signage may be used to identify the heritage item to be avoided. The buffer zone shall be made at least 1m from the proposed works or if this is not possible as large as the site restrictions allow.
- 8.6.2 Any proposed works in close proximity to buildings or structures used by the public have the potential to create an unsafe environment for members of the public. The Contractor shall ensure that safe public access if possible, through provision of clearly marked paths separated from the construction works areas is provided for any such affected cultural heritage structure.

9. LANDSCAPE AND VISUAL

9.1 Audit Requirements

- 9.1.1 According to the Updated EM&A Manual, site audits would be undertaken during the construction phase of the Project to check that the proposed landscape and visual mitigation measures are properly implemented and maintained as per their intended objectives. Site inspections should be undertaken at least once every two weeks throughout the construction period.
- 9.1.2 Site audits were carried out on a weekly basis to monitor and audit the timely implementation of landscape and visual mitigation measures within the site boundaries of this Project. The summaries of site audits are attached in **Appendix K**.
- 9.1.3 No non-compliance of the landscape and visual impact was recorded in the reporting month.

10. WASTE MANAGEMENT

10.1 Monitoring Requirements

- 10.1.1 Waste generated during construction works includes construction and demolition materials, sediment, chemical waste, general refuse and floating refuse. Waste types, quantities and timing have been estimated and mitigation measures have been proposed in terms of avoidance-minimisation-reuse-recycling-disposal hierarchy.
- 10.1.2 The total quality generated by the major site activities of this Project was 35328850 kg. Details Waste Flow Table within the reporting month is shown in **Appendix N**.
- 10.1.3 The general site inspections including waste management issues was undertaken weekly by ET to check all construction activities for compliance with all appropriate environmental protection and pollution control measures, including those set up in the EMP. The summary of site audits is shown in **Table 11-1** of this report. The implementation status of the waste/chemical management measures in the reporting period are summarized in **Appendix K**.

11. ENVIRONMENTAL AUDIT

11.1 Site Audits

- 11.1.1 Site audits were carried out on a weekly basis to monitor the timely implementation of proper environmental management practices and mitigation measures in the Project site. The summaries of site audits are attached in **Appendix K**.
- 11.1.2 Site audits were conducted on 5, 12, 19 and 26 November 2024 in the reporting month, whereas joint site inspection with the representative of IEC was conducted on 12 November 2024. No non-compliance was observed during the site audit.

11.2 Implementation Status of Environmental Mitigation Measures

- 11.2.1 According to Environmental Permit, the approved EIA Report (Register No.: AEIAR-223/2020 and AEIAR-228/2021), and the Updated EM&A Manual of the Project, the mitigation measures detailed in the documents are recommended to be implemented during the construction phase. An Environmental Mitigation Implementation Schedule (EMIS) is provided in **Appendix K**.
- 11.2.2 The ET weekly site inspections were carried out during the reporting month and the observations and follow-up actions are summarized in **Table 11-1** below.

Parameters	Date	Observations	Follow-up Actions	
Water Quality	N/A	No environmental deficiency was identified in the reporting period.	N/A	
		No environmental deficiency was identified in the reporting period.	N/A	
Noise	NoiseN/ANo envir was ident		N/A	
Waste / Chemical Management	N/A No environmental deficiency was identified in the reporting period.		N/A	
Landscape and Visual			N/A	
Ecology	N/A	No environmental deficiency was identified in the reporting period.	N/A	
Cultural Heritage	N/A	No environmental deficiency was identified in the reporting period.	N/A	
Permits /Licences N/A		No environmental deficiency was identified in the reporting period.	N/A	

 Table 11-1 Observations and Recommendations of Site Inspections

12. ENVIRONMENTAL NON-CONFORMANCE

12.1 Summary of Environmental Complaint

12.1.1 No environmental complaint was received in the reporting month. The Cumulative Complaint Log is presented in **Appendix M**. The investigation status and result are also reported in **Appendix M**.

12.2 Summary of Environmental Summon and Successful Prosecution

12.2.1 No notification of summon or successful environmental prosecution was received in this reporting period. The Cumulative Log for environmental summon and successful prosecution since the commencement of the Project is presented in **Appendix M**.

13. FUTURE KEY ISSUES

13.1 Major Site Activities and Key Environmental Issues in Coming Months

- 13.1.1 Tentative construction programmes for the next three months are provided in Appendix O.
- 13.1.2 Major site activities to be undertaken for the next reporting period include:
 - Sheet pilling works
 - Rebaring fixing
 - Formboard erecting
 - Concreting
 - ELS works
- 13.1.3 Key environmental issues in the coming month (December 2024) include:
 - Stockpile accumulation on-site;
 - Water spraying for dust generating activities and on haul road;
 - Wastewater and runoff discharge from site;
 - Coverage of open manholes to avoid dirty runoff to drainage system;
 - Noise from operation of the equipment, especially for excavation works and machinery onsite;
 - Accumulation of general refuse and construction waste on-site;
 - Proper storage of construction materials on-site; and
 - Storage of chemicals/fuel and chemical waste/waste oil on-site.

14. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

14.1 Conclusions

14.1.1 This is the 12th Monthly EM&A Report which presents the EM&A works undertaken in Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes during the reporting month (November 2024) in accordance with the Updated EM&A Manual and the requirements under the EP-604/2022 and EP-578/2020 respectively.

Air Quality Monitoring for Construction Dust

14.1.2 No Action/Limit Level exceedance was recorded for 1-hour TSP monitoring.

Air Quality Monitoring for Odour Patrol

14.1.3 Three (3) Action Level and Four (4) Limit Level of exceedance were recorded during the reporting month.

Construction Noise Monitoring

- 14.1.4 No Action Level exceedance was recorded for documented complaints.
- 14.1.5 No project-related Limit Level exceedance was recorded due to the monitoring results.

Water Quality Monitoring

14.1.6 Five (5) Action Level and Fifty-seven (57) Limit Level exceedances were recorded in the reporting period. None of these exceedances were project-related.

Ecological Monitoring

14.1.7 No exceedance was recorded for ecological monitoring.

Fisheries

14.1.8 No fisheries monitoring is required according to the Updated EM&A Manual.

Cultural Heritage

14.1.9 No exceedance for cultural heritage monitoring was recorded.

Landscape and Visual

14.1.10 No non-conformity for landscape and visual was recorded during site inspection.

Site Audit

14.1.11 Four (4) ET joint weekly environmental site inspections were conducted on 5, 12, 19, and 26 November 2024 with the representative of Engineer and the Contractor, whereas joint site inspection with the representative of IEC was conducted on 12 November 2024. The environmental deficiency observed during the reporting month are shown in Appendix K.

Complaint, Notification of Summons and Successful Prosecution

14.1.12 No notifications of summons, environmental complaint and successful prosecutions were received in the reporting month.

14.2 Recommendations

14.2.1 The following recommendations were made to the Contractor for the reporting and following months:

Air Quality Impact

- To regularly apply watering on dry surface should be applied to minimize erosion.
- To water materials before loading/unloading.
- To turn off idle equipment.

Construction Noise

- To provide sufficient noise barriers for noisy PMEs.
- To place compatible noise barrier close to the breaking point for effective noise screening.

Water Quality Impact

- To clear the oil slick and check for any damage of the silt curtain.
- To repair damaged or missing silt curtain.
- To check whether the curtain has been set to the nullah.
- To ensure that the pumping rate of bored pile is sufficient to avoid discharging waste water into the nullah.
- To clear floating refuse between the cofferdam and silt curtain.
- To clear oil slick within and outside cofferdam.
- To control the amount of loading materials in the barge to avoiding spillage.
- To cover stockpile near nullah.
- To remove wastewater and oil in drip tray.
- To remove pond/still water.

<u>Ecology</u>

• To avoid construction process near the nullah for minimizing the impact to the water birds.

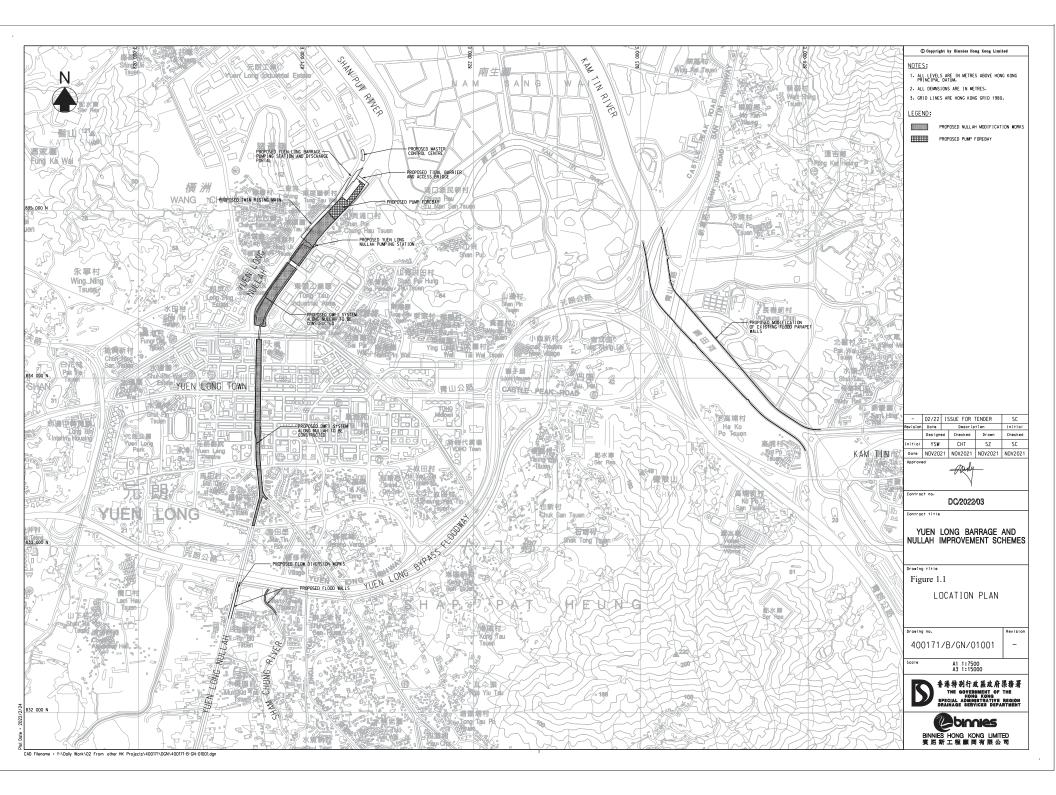
Waste/Chemical Management

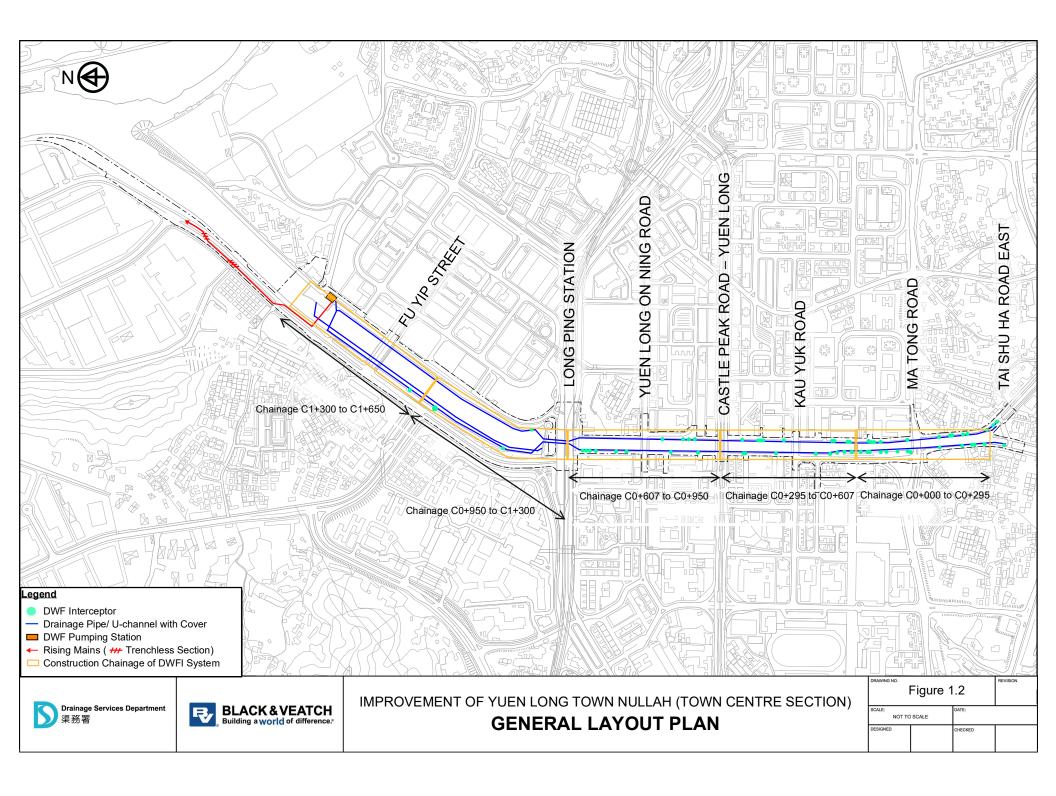
- To bund or lock the chemical storage area.
- To clear dripping oil from bored piling machine.
- To clear oil slick on nullah.
- To clear oil on the floor.

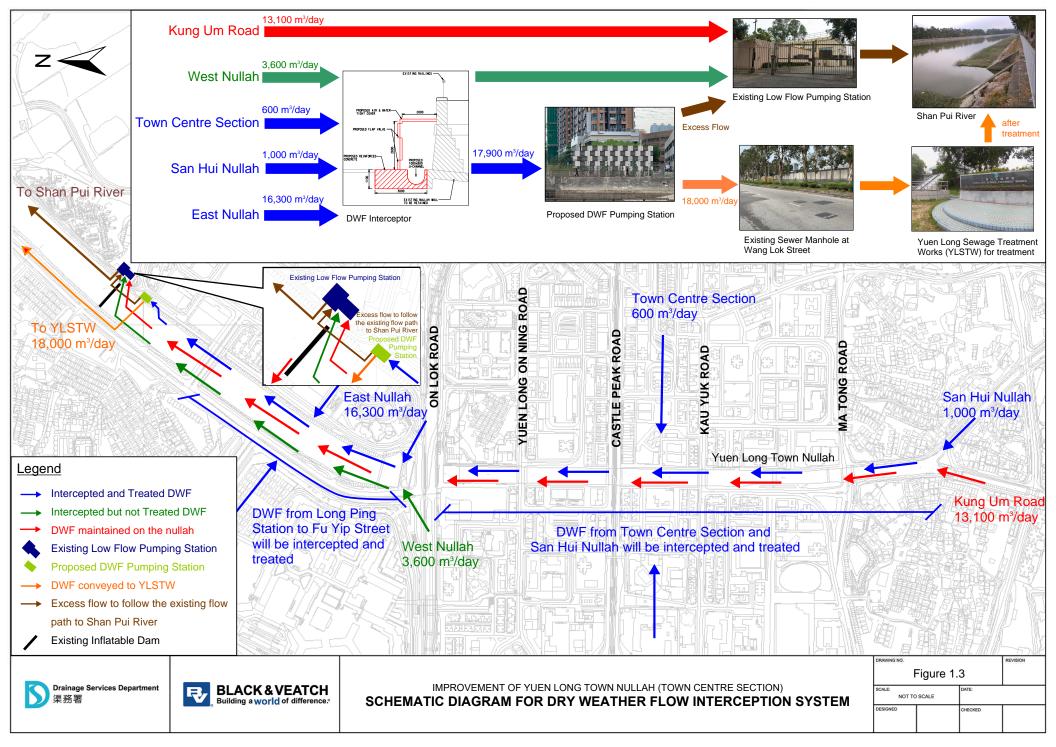
Landscape and Visual

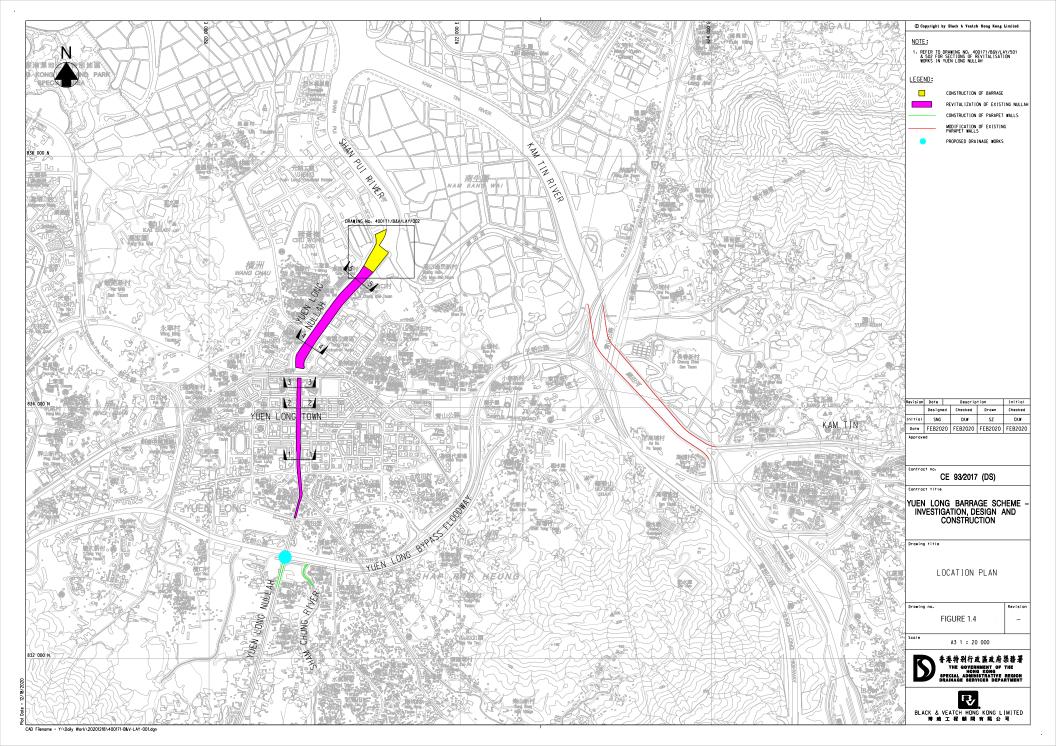
• To avoid placing any construction materials in the tree protection zone.

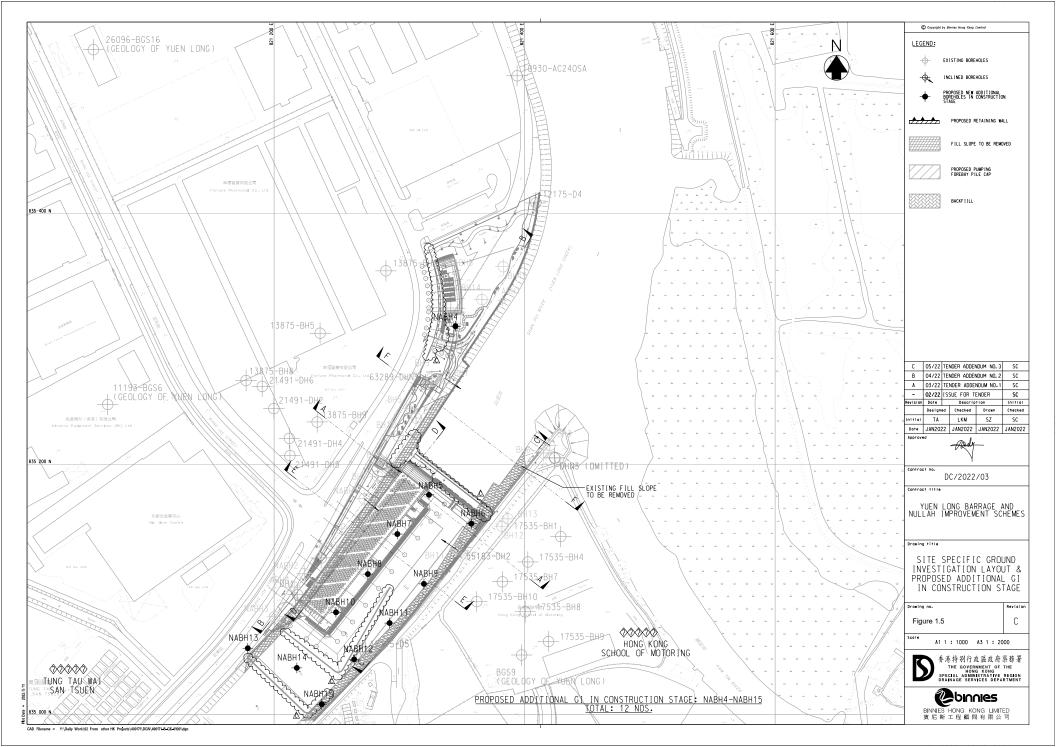
FIGURES

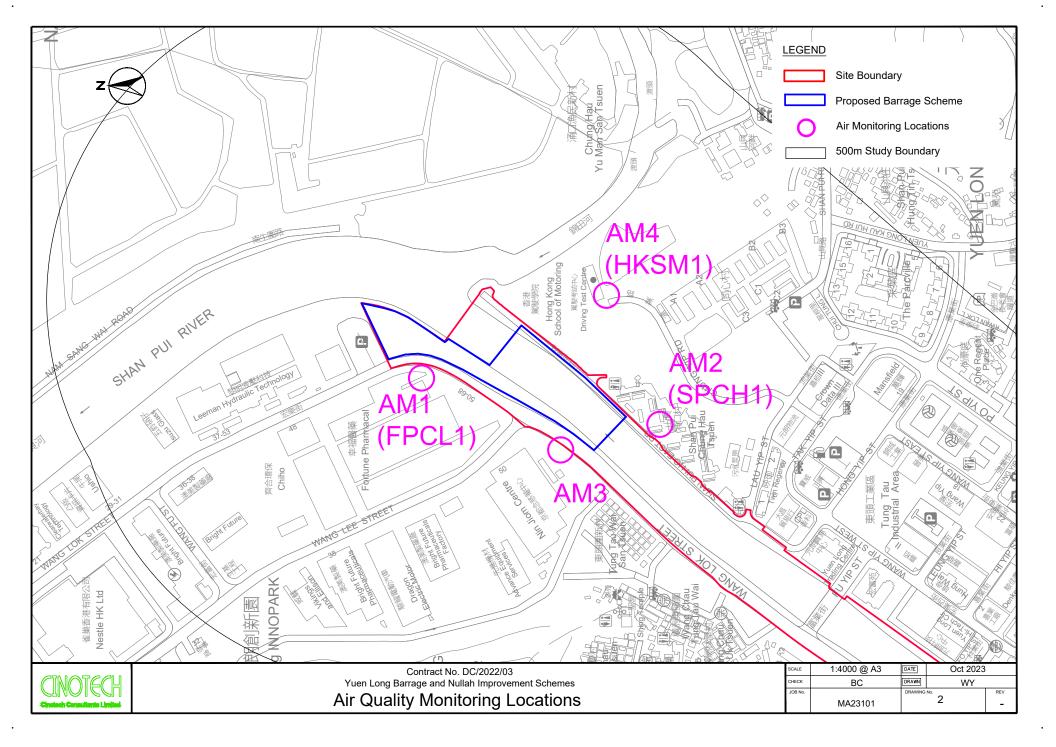


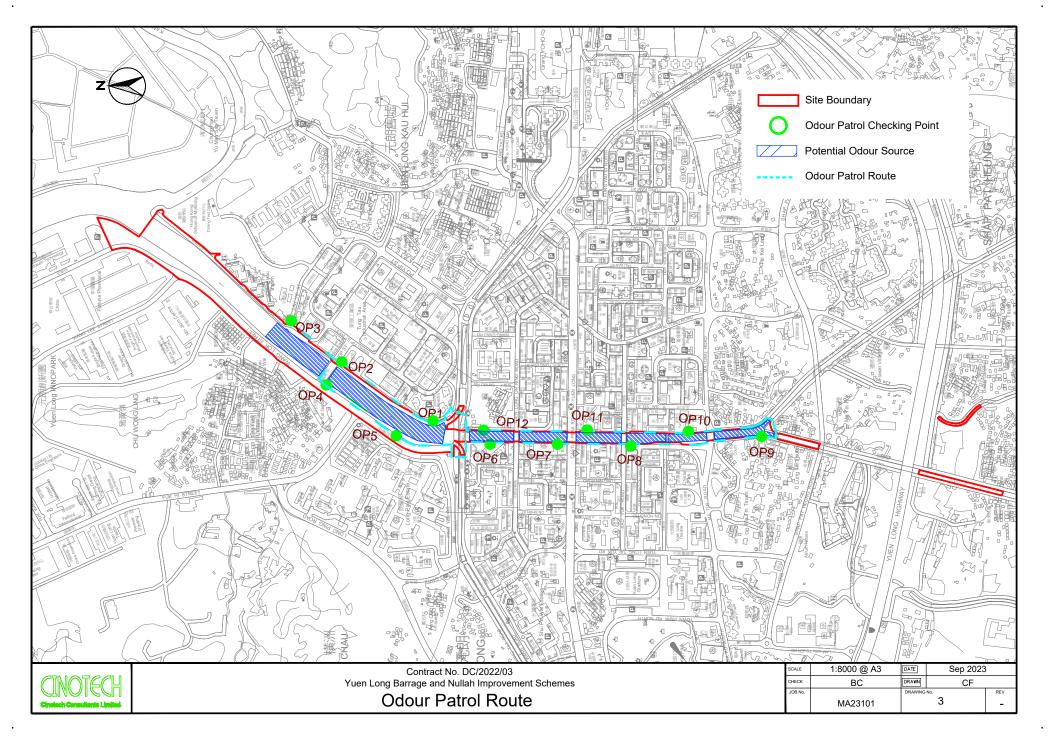


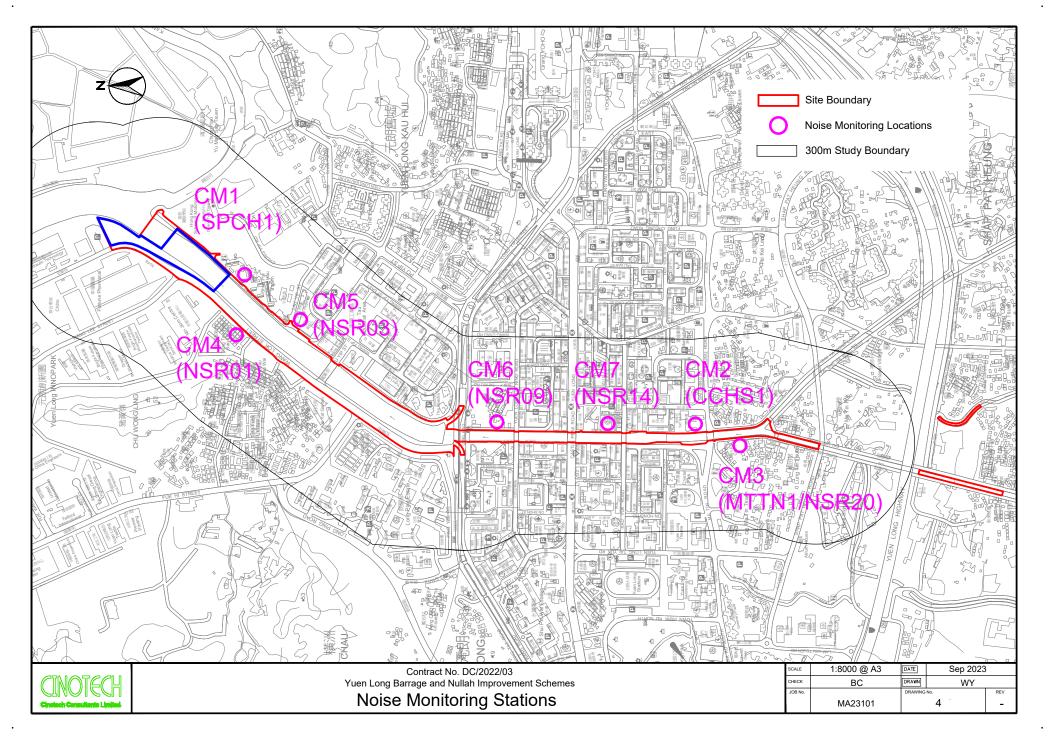


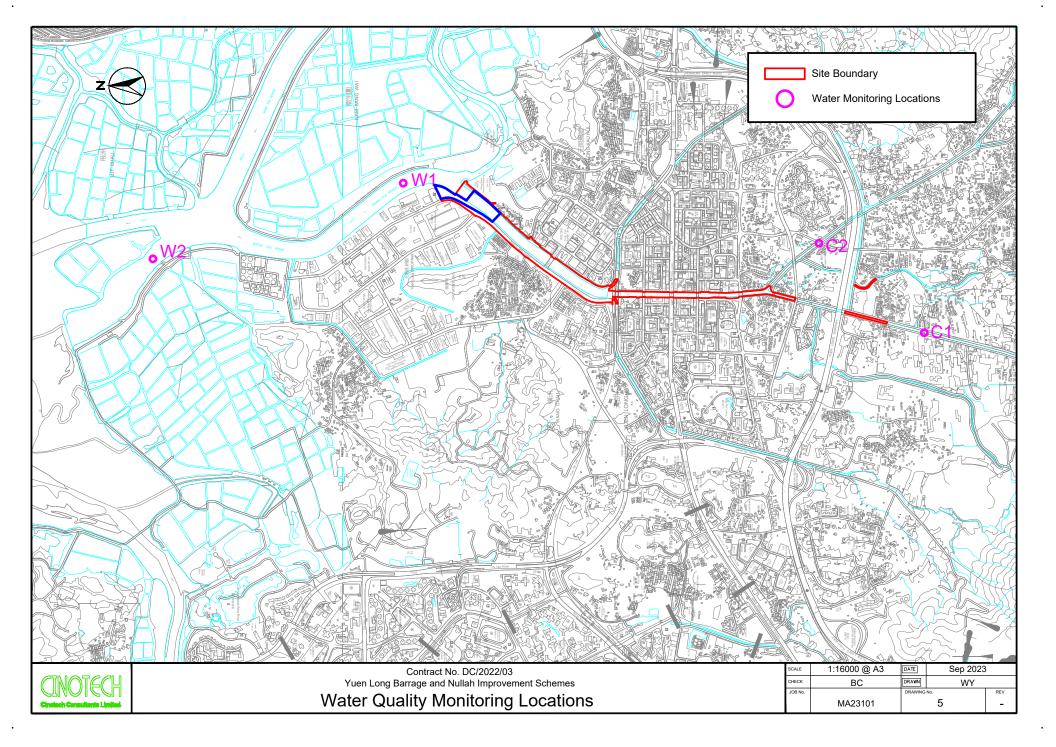












APPENDIX A ACTION AND LIMIT LEVELS

Appendix A – Action and Limit Levels

Air Quality

1-hr TSP

Monitoring Stations	Action Level, μg/m ³	Limit Level, µg/m ³
AM1	263	
AM2	268	700
AM3	288	500
AM4	286	

Odour Patrol

Monitoring Stations	Action Level	Limit Level
ALL	 Odour intensity ≥ baseline odour intensity recorded on 1 patrol; or One documented complaint received 	 Odour intensity ≥ baseline odour intensity recorded on 2 consecutive patrols (a)

Note:

(a) Limit level is triggered even if exceedance of odour intensity is recorded at a different Odour Patrol Checking Point on the second patrol.

<u>Noise</u>

Monitoring Stations	Action Level	Limit Level		
CM1-7	• When one documented complaint is received	 75 dB(A) for residential 70dB(A) for schools 65 dB(A) during school examination periods 		

Water Quality

Parameters	Action Level	Limit Level			
рН	N/A	<6.5 or >8.5			
	Station W1				
	≤ 2.1	≤ 2.1			
DO in mg/L	<u>Station W2 (Ebb Tide) (Impact)</u>				
	≤ 3.3	≤ 3.3			
	Station W1				
	≥ 42.6	≥45.5			
Turbidity in	or 120% of upstream control station.	or 130% of upstream control station.			
NTU	Station W2 (Ebb Tide) (Impact)				
	≥ 97.2	≥111.3			
	or 120% of upstream control station.	or 130% of upstream control station.			
	Station W1				
	≥44.2	≥44.4			
SS in ma/I	or 120% of upstream control station.	or 130% of upstream control station.			
SS in mg/L	Station W2 (Ebb Tide) (Impact)				
	≥ 126.3	≥ 132.9			
	or 120% of upstream control station.	or 130% of upstream control station.			

Notes:

For DO, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is lower than the limits. 1.

For turbidity and SS, non-compliance of the water quality limits occurs when monitoring result is higher than the limits. 2.

^{3.} Average concentrations with duplicates have been adopted in the calculation.

^{4.} The calculated action/limit levels of DO are the same after correcting to the nearest 0.1mg/L.

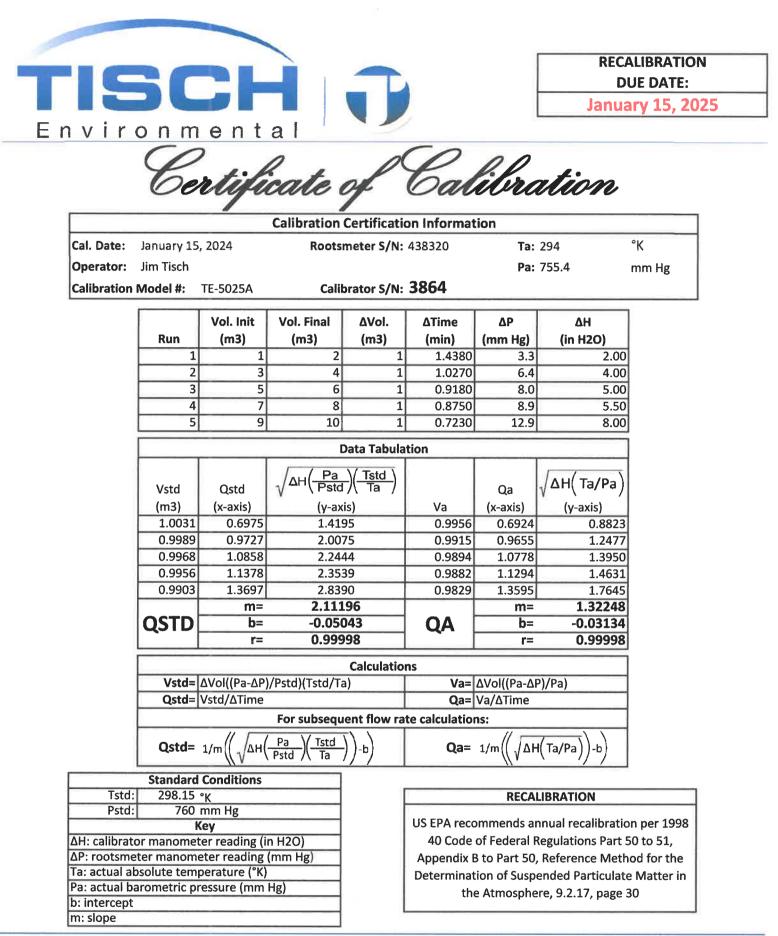
Ecology

Event	Action Level	Limit Level
Abundance of Waterbirds in	Significant decrease when	Significant decrease
the Concerned River	compared to the baseline	when compared to the
Species Diversity of	data in the same month	baseline data in the same
Waterbirds in the Concerned	for one time	month three times in a
River		row
Abundance of Avifauna		
Species of Conservation		
Importance in the Concerned		
River		
Species Diversity of		
Avifauna Species of		
Conservation Importance in		
the Concerned River		

Alert, Alarm, Action Levels for Cultural Heritage Monitoring

Parameter	Alert Level	Alarm Level	Action Level	
Vibration	ppv: 5 mm/s	ppv: 6 mm/s	ppv: 7.5 mm/s Maximum Allowable Vibration Amplitude: 0.1mm	

APPENDIX B COPIES OF CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES



Tisch Environmental, Inc. 145 South Miami Avenue

Village of Cleves, OH 45002

www.tisch-env.com TOLL FREE: (877)263-7610 FAX: (513)467-9009

High-Volume TSP Sampler 5-POINT CALIBRATION DATA SHEET

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File No. MA16034/03/0050

Project No.	AM3 - Yau Lai	Estate, Bik La	i House			
Date:	14-0	Oct-24	Next Due Date:	14-Dec-24	Operator:	SK
Equipment No.:	A-0	01-03	Model No.:	GS2310	Serial No.	10379
			Ambient Condition	on		
Temperatu	re, Ta (K)	301	Pressure, Pa (mmH	(g)	760.2	

Orifice Transfer Standard Information							
Serial No.	Serial No. 3864 Slope, mc 0.05976 Intercept, bc -0.05018						
Last Calibration Date:	15-Jan-24	mc x Qstd + bc = $[\Delta H x (Pa/760) x (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$					
Next Calibration Date:	14-Jan-25	Qstd = { $[\Delta H \times (Pa/760) \times (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ -bc} / mc					

Calibration of TSP Sampler							
Calibration		Orfice		HVS			
Point	ΔH (orifice), in. of water	$[\Delta H x (Pa/760) x (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$	Qstd (CFM) X - axis	ΔW (HVS), in. of water	$[\Delta W \ x \ (Pa/760) \ x \ (298/Ta)]^{1/2}$ Y-axis		
1	12.8	3.56	60.42	7.9	2.80		
2	10.5	3.22	54.80	6.1	2.46		
3	7.5	2.73	46.44	4.3	2.06		
4	5.0	2.23	38.08	2.7	1.64		
5	2.8	1.67	28.70	1.5	1.22		
Slope , mw =	By Linear Regression of Y on X Slope , mw =						
	coefficient* =	0.9990	-				
*If Correlation C	Coefficient < 0.990), check and recalibrate.					
		Set Point C	alculation				
From the TSP Fi	eld Calibration Cu	urve, take Qstd = 43 CFM					
From the Regres	sion Equation, the	"Y" value according to					
		$\mathbf{mw} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{Qstd} + \mathbf{bw} = [\Delta \mathbf{W} \mathbf{x}]$	x (Pa/760) x (29	98/Ta)] ^{1/2}			
Therefore, Se	et Point; W = (mv	$(x + bw)^2 x (760 / Pa) x (760 / Pa)$	Ta / 298) =	3.65			
Remarks:							
Conducted by:	Wong Shi	ng Kwai Signature:	k	火.	Date: 14-Oct-24		
Checked by:	Henry I	Leung Signature:	-lem	7 ^x ~7	Date: 14-Oct-24		

CINOTECH CONSULTANTS LIMITED



Certificate of Calibration

It is certified that the item under calibration has been calibrated by corresponding calibrated High Volume Sampler

Description:	Digital Dust Indicator		Date	of Calibration	30-Sep-24
Manufacturer:	Sibata Scientific Technology LTD.	_	Validity of Calib	ration Record	30-Nov-24
Model No.:	LD-5R				
Serial No.:	972777				
Equipment No.:	SA-01-06	Sensitivity	0.001 mg/m3	_	
High Volume Sa	ampler No.: <u>A-01-03</u>	Before Sensitiv	vity Adjustment	645	
Tisch Calibratio	n Orifice No.: <u>3864</u>	After Sensitivi	ty Adjustment	645	
	Ca	libration of 1 h	r TSP		
Calibration	Laser Dust Monitor	r		HVS	
Point	Mass Concentration (µg/m3) X-axis		Mass concentration (µg/m ³) Y-axis		
1	75.0		136.0		
2	65.0		117.0		
3	55.0		100.0		
Average	65.0		117.7		
	ression of Y on X				
Slope , mw =	1.8000		ept, bw =	0.6667	
Correlation co	Defficient* = 0.9995				
	Se	t Correlation F	actor		
Particaulate Cor	centration by High Volume Sampler (1		117.7	
Particaulate Concentration by Dust Meter ($\mu g/m^3$)			65.0		
Measureing time	e, (min)			60.0	
Set Correlation					
SCF = [K=Hig	h Volume Sampler / Dust Meter, (μ	g/m3)]	1.8		
				_	

In-house method in according to the instruction manual:

The Dust Monitor was compared with a calibrated High Volume Sampler and The result was used to generate the Correlation Factor (CF) between the Dust Monitor and High Volume Sampler.

Those filter papers are weighted by HOKLAS laboratory (HPCT Litimed)

Calibrated by:

Technical Officer (Wong Shing Kwai)

CINOTECH CONSULTANTS LIMITED



Certificate of Calibration

It is certified that the item under calibration has been calibrated by corresponding calibrated High Volume Sampler

Description:	Digital Dust Indicator		Date	of Calibration	30-Sep-24	
Manufacturer:	Sibata Scientific Technology LTD.	_	Validity of Calibi	ration Record	30-Nov-24	
Model No.:	LD-5R					
Serial No.:	972780					
Equipment No.:	SA-01-09	Sensitivity	0.001 mg/m3	-		
High Volume Sa	ampler No.: <u>A-01-03</u>	Before Sensiti	vity Adjustment	739 CPM		
Tisch Calibratio	n Orifice No.: <u>3864</u>	After Sensitivi	ty Adjustment	739 CPM		
	Ca	libration of 1 h	r TSP			
Calibration	Laser Dust Monitor	•		HVS		
Point	Mass Concentration (µg/ X-axis	Mass concentration ($\mu g/m^3$)				
1				Y-axis		
1	73.0			139.0		
2 3	63.0 53.0			119.0		
Average	63.0			102.0 120.0		
	ression of Y on X 1.8500		cept, bw =	3.4500		
	Se	t Correlation F	actor			
Particaulate Concentration by High Volume Sampler (µg/m ³)			120.0			
Particaulate Con	Particaulate Concentration by Dust Meter ($\mu g/m^3$)			63.0		
Measureing time, (min)			60.0			

Set Correlation Factor, SCF

SCF = [K=High Volume Sampler / Dust Meter, (µg/m3)]

In-house method in according to the instruction manual:

The Dust Monitor was compared with a calibrated High Volume Sampler and The result was used to generate the Correlation Factor (CF) between the Dust Monitor and High Volume Sampler.

Those filter papers are weighted by HOKLAS laboratory (HPCT Litimed)

Calibrated by:

Technical Officer (Wong Shing Kwai)

Approved by: Project Manager (Henry Leung

1.9

CIN@TECH 🤳

Certificate of Calibration - Wind Monitoring Station

Description:	AM1 - Fortune Pharmacal Co. Ltd
Model No.:	<u>C-OC-9200-wind</u>
Serial No.:	OC202205244690089
Equipment No.:	<u>A-06-12</u>
Date of Calibration	<u>6-Sep-2024</u>
Next Due Date	<u>6-Mar-2025</u>

1. Performance check of Wind Speed

Wind Speed, m/s		Difference D (m/s)
Wind Speed Reading (V1)	Anemometer Value (V2)	D = V1 - V2
0.0	0.0	0.0
1.5	1.5	0.0
2.5	2.6	-0.1
4.0	4.1	-0.1

2. Performance check of Wind Direction

Wind Direction (°)		Difference D (°)	
Wind Direction Reading (W1)	Marine Compass Value (W2)	$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{W1} - \mathbf{W2}$	
0	0	0.0	
90	90	0.0	
180	180	0.0	
270	270	0.0	

Test Specification:

1. Performance Wind Speed Test - The wind meter was on-site calibrated against the anemometer

2. Performance Wind Direction Test - The wind meter was on-site calibrated against the marine compass at four direction

Report No.

Rm 1904, Technology Park 18 On Lai Street, Shatin NT, Hong Kong Tel: +852 3841 4388 Website: https://www.hpct.com.hk

: 00647



Issue Date : 11 Apr 2024

: HP00514 Application No. **Certificate of Calibration** Applicant : Cinotech Consultants Limited RM 1710, Technology Park, 18 On Lai Street, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong Sample Description : Submitted equipment stated to be Integrating Sound Level Meter. Equipment No.: : N-12-01 Manufacturer: : BSWA Technology Other information : Model No. **BSWA 308** Serial No. 570183 Microphone No. 590073 Data Bacalyad 00 100 2024

Date Received	:	09 Apr 2024
Test Period	:	09 Apr 2024 to 09 Apr 2024
Test Requested	:	Performance checking for Sound Level Meter
Test Method	:	The Sound Level Calibrator has been calibrated in accordance with the documented procedures and using standard and instrument which are recommended by the manufacturer, or equivalent.
Test conditions	:	Room Temperature: 22-25 degree Celsius Relative Humidity: 35-70%
Test Result	:	Refer to the test result(s) on page 2.

: 1. Information of the sample description provided by the Applicant. Remark

2. The result(s) relate only to the items tested or calibrated.

For and on behalf of HIGH PRECISION CHEMICAL TESTING LIMITED

Lee Wai Kit Laboratory Manager

Rm 1904, Technology Park 18 On Lai Street, Shatin NT, Hong Kong Tel: +852 3841 4388 Website: https://www.hpct.com.hk

:

:



Issue Date : 11 Apr 2024

Report No.:00647Application No.:HP00514

Certificate of Calibration

Measuring

equipment

Description	Sound Calibrator
Manufacturer	Brüel & Kjær
Model No.	TYPE 4231
Serial No.	2326353
Equipment No.	N-02-01

Test Result

Reference value, dB	Indication value, dB	Deviation, dB	Allowed deviation, dB
94.0	94.1	+ 0.1	± 1.5
114.0	114.2	+ 0.2	± 1.5

Note : 1. "Instrument Readings" presents the figures shown on item under calibration / checking regardless of equipment precision or significant figures.

2. The indication value was obtained from the average of ten replicated measurement.

- End of report -

Report No.

Rm 1904, Technology Park 18 On Lai Street, Shatin NT, Hong Kong Tel: +852 3841 4388 Website: https://www.hpct.com.hk

: 00568



Issue Date : 14 Feb 2024

: HP00436 Application No. **Certificate of Calibration** Applicant : Cinotech Consultants Limited RM 1710, Technology Park, 18 On Lai Street, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong Sample Description : Submitted equipment stated to be Integrating Sound Level Meter. Equipment No.: : N-12-03 Manufacturer: : BSWA Technology Other information : Model No. **BSWA 308** Serial No. 570188 Microphone No. 570608

Date Received	:	05 Feb 2024
Test Period	:	07 Feb 2024 to 07 Feb 2024
Test Requested	:	Performance checking for Sound Level Meter
Test Method	:	The Sound Level Calibrator has been calibrated in accordance with the documented procedures and using standard and instrument which are recommended by the manufacturer, or equivalent.
Test conditions	:	Room Temperature: 22-25 degree Celsius Relative Humidity: 35-70%
Test Result	:	Refer to the test result(s) on page 2.

Remark : 1. Information of the sample description provided by the Applicant.2. The result(s) relate only to the items tested or calibrated.

The result(s) relate only to the items tested of camprated.

For and on behalf of HIGH PRECISION CHEMICAL TESTING LIMITED

Lee Wai Kit Laboratory Manager

Rm 1904, Technology Park 18 On Lai Street, Shatin NT, Hong Kong Tel: +852 3841 4388 Website: https://www.hpct.com.hk

:

:



Issue Date : 14 Feb 2024

Report No.:00568Application No.:HP00436

Certificate of Calibration

Measuring

equipment

Description	Sound Calibrator
Manufacturer	Brüel & Kjær
Model No.	TYPE 4231
Serial No.	2326353
Equipment No.	N-02-01

Test Result

Reference value, dB	Indication value, dB	Deviation, dB	Allowed deviation, dB
94.0	94.0	± 0.0	± 1.5
114.0	113.9	- 0.1	± 1.5

Note : 1. "Instrument Readings" presents the figures shown on item under calibration / checking regardless of equipment precision or significant figures.

2. The indication value was obtained from the average of ten replicated measurement.

- End of report -

Report No.

Rm 1904, Technology Park 18 On Lai Street, Shatin NT, Hong Kong Tel: +852 3841 4388 Website: https://www.hpct.com.hk

: 00735



Issue Date : 28 Jun 2024

Application No. : HP00589 **Certificate of Calibration** Applicant : Cinotech Consultants Limited RM 1710, Technology Park, 18 On Lai Street, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong Sample Description : Submitted equipment stated to be Integrating Sound Level Meter. Equipment No.: : N-12-04 Manufacturer: : BSWA Technology Other information : Model No. **BSWA 308** Serial No. 580238 Microphone No. 570605

Date Received	25 Jun 2024	
Test Period	26 Jun 2024 to 26 Jun 2024	
Test Requested	Performance checking for Sound Level Meter	
Test Method	The Sound Level Calibrator has been calibrated in accordance with t documented procedures and using standard and instrument which recommended by the manufacturer, or equivalent.	
Test conditions	Room Temperature: 22-25 degree Celsius Relative Humidity: 35-70%	
Test Result	Refer to the test result(s) on page 2.	

: 1. Information of the sample description provided by the Applicant. Remark

2. The result(s) relate only to the items tested or calibrated.

For and on behalf of HIGH PRECISION CHEMICAL TESTING LIMITED

Lee Wai Kit Laboratory Manager

Rm 1904, Technology Park 18 On Lai Street, Shatin NT, Hong Kong Tel: +852 3841 4388 Website: https://www.hpct.com.hk

:

:



Issue Date : 28 Jun 2024

Report No.:00735Application No.:HP00589

Certificate of Calibration

Measuring

equipment

Description	Sound Calibrator
Manufacturer	Brüel & Kjær
Model No.	TYPE 4231
Serial No.	2326353
Equipment No.	N-02-01

Test Result

Reference value, dB	Indication value, dB	Deviation, dB	Allowed deviation, dB
94.0	94.0	± 0.0	± 1.5
114.0	113.8	- 0.2	± 1.5

Note : 1. "Instrument Readings" presents the figures shown on item under calibration / checking regardless of equipment precision or significant figures.

2. The indication value was obtained from the average of ten replicated measurement.

- End of report -

Report No.

Rm 1904, Technology Park 18 On Lai Street, Shatin NT, Hong Kong Tel: +852 3841 4388 Website: https://www.hpct.com.hk

: 00648



Issue Date : 11 Apr 2024

: HP00515 Application No. **Certificate of Calibration** Applicant : Cinotech Consultants Limited RM 1710, Technology Park, 18 On Lai Street, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong Sample Description : Submitted equipment stated to be Integrating Sound Level Meter. Equipment No.: : N-12-05 Manufacturer: : BSWA Technology Other information : Model No. **BSWA 308** Serial No. 580287 Microphone No. 570610

Date Received	:	09 Apr 2024
Test Period	:	09 Apr 2024 to 09 Apr 2024
Test Requested	:	Performance checking for Sound Level Meter
Test Method	:	The Sound Level Calibrator has been calibrated in accordance with the documented procedures and using standard and instrument which are recommended by the manufacturer, or equivalent.
Test conditions	:	Room Temperature: 22-25 degree Celsius Relative Humidity: 35-70%
Test Result	:	Refer to the test result(s) on page 2.

: 1. Information of the sample description provided by the Applicant. Remark

2. The result(s) relate only to the items tested or calibrated.

For and on behalf of HIGH PRECISION CHEMICAL TESTING LIMITED

Lee Wai Kit Laboratory Manager

Rm 1904, Technology Park 18 On Lai Street, Shatin NT, Hong Kong Tel: +852 3841 4388 Website: https://www.hpct.com.hk

:

:



Issue Date : 11 Apr 2024

Report No.:00648Application No.:HP00515

Certificate of Calibration

Measuring

equipment

Description	Sound Calibrator
Manufacturer	Brüel & Kjær
Model No.	TYPE 4231
Serial No.	2326353
Equipment No.	N-02-01

Test Result

Reference value, dB	Indication value, dB	Deviation, dB	Allowed deviation, dB
94.0	94.1	+ 0.1	± 1.5
114.0	114.1	+ 0.1	± 1.5

Note : 1. "Instrument Readings" presents the figures shown on item under calibration / checking regardless of equipment precision or significant figures.

2. The indication value was obtained from the average of ten replicated measurement.

- End of report -

Rm 1904, Technology Park 18 On Lai Street, Shatin NT, Hong Kong Tel: +852 3841 4388 Website: https://www.hpct.com.hk



Issue Date : 1 Nov 2024

Report No. : 00929

Application No. : HP00783

Certificate of Calibration

Applicant : Cinotech Consultants Limited RM 1710, Technology Park, 18 On Lai Street, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong

Sample Description : Submitted equipment stated to be YSI EXO1 Multi-parameter Sonde.

Equipment No.: : SW-08-30

Manufacturer: : YSI Incorporated, a Xylem brand

Other information :

Description:Serial No.- EXO Optical DO Sensor, Ti16J100947- EXO conductivity/Temperature Sensor, Ti16H100189- EXO Turbidity Sensor, Ti16J101107- EXO pH Sensor Assembly, Guarded, Ti17A105261

Date Received	: 28 Oct 2024
Test Period	: 28 Oct 2024 to 31 Oct 2024
Test Requested	 Performance checking for Conductivity, Temperature, pH, Dissolved oxygen (D.O.) and Turbidity
Test Method	: According to manufacturer instruction manual, APHA 23rd Ed 4500-O H
Test conditions	: Room Temperature: 22-25 degree Celsius Relative Humidity: 35-70%
Test Result	: Refer to the test result(s) on page 2.

Remark : 1. Information of the sample description provided by the Applicant.

2. The results relate only to the items tested or calibrated.

For and on behalf of HIGH PRECISION CHEMICAL TESTING LIMITED

Lee Wai Kit Laboratory Manager

Rm 1904, Technology Park 18 On Lai Street, Shatin NT, Hong Kong Tel: +852 3841 4388 Website: https://www.hpct.com.hk



Report No. : 00929

Issue Date : 1 Nov 2024

Application No. : HP00783

Certificate of Calibration

Test Result : Conductivity performance checking

Expected Reading	Instrument Readings	Acceptance	Comment
(mS/cm)	(mS/cm)	Criteria	
146.9	151.8	140-154	Pass
1412	1382	1341-1483	Pass
6667	6675	6334-7000	Pass
12890	12911	12246-13535	Pass
58670	59200	55737-61604	Pass

Temperature performance checking

Expected Reading (°C)	Instrument Readings (°C)	Acceptance Criteria	Comment
10.0	10.068	10.0 ± 2.0	Pass
25.0	25.008	25.0 ± 2.0	Pass
35.0	34.652	35.0 ± 2.0	Pass

pH performance checking

Expected Reading (pH unit)	Instrument Readings (pH unit)	Acceptance Criteria	Comment
4.01	4.01	4.01 ± 0.2	Pass
7.00	7.02	7.00 ± 0.2	Pass
10.01	9.99	10.01 ± 0.2	Pass

D.O. performance checking

Expected Reading	Instrument Readings	Acceptance	Comment
	(mg/L)	Criteria	
0.00	0.69		
8.26	8.16	±0.20	Pass

Turbidity performance checking

Expected Reading(NTU)	Instrument Readings	Acceptance	Comment
	(NTU)	Criteria	
0	0.01		
5	5.02	4.5-5.5	Pass
50	49.50	45-55	Pass
100	99.00	90-110	Pass

Note : "Instrument Readings" presents the figures shown on item under calibration / checking regardless of equipment precision or significant figures.

- End of report -



ALS Life Sciences | Environmental

Certificate No.: C24090

Certificate for a Qualified Odour Panellist

This is to certify that

HEUNG HUI YI

has participated in twelve (12) sets of individual N-Butanol screening test during 26 August 2024 - 30 August 2024

> with Individual Threshold : 42 ppb/v Standard Deviation : 1.7 ppb/v

> > and

fulfill the Requirement of the European Standard Method of Air Quality -Determination of Odour Concentration by Dynamic Olfactometry (BS EN 13725:2022) -

The Requirement of the Odour Threshold of n-Butanol in Nitrogen Gas in the Range of 20 - 80 ppb/v with at least 12 sets of individual threshold estimates and standard deviation less than 2.3

30 August 2024

30 August 2025 Valid Until

Fung Lim Chee, Richard

ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd

11/F Chung Shun Knitting Centre, 1-3 Wing Yip Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong

Tel: 852-2610 1044

RIGHT SOLUTIONS | RIGHT PARTNER



ALS Life Sciences | Environmental

Certificate No.: C24089

Certificate for a Qualified Odour Panellist

This is to certify that

FUNG WING FAI

has participated in twelve (12) sets of individual N-Butanol screening test during 26 August 2024 - 30 August 2024

> with Individual Threshold : 34 ppb/v Standard Deviation : 1.7 ppb/v

and fulfill the Requirement of the European Standard Method of Air Quality -

Determination of Odour Concentration by Dynamic Olfactometry (BS EN 13725:2022) -

The Requirement of the Odour Threshold of n-Butanol in Nitrogen Gas in the Range of 20 - 80 ppb/v with at least 12 sets of individual threshold estimates and standard deviation less than 2.3

Silver Stamp: Successfully fulfilling the Panellist requirement since 2023

30 August 2024	30 August 2025	K: kut fin
Issue Date	Valid Until	Fung Lim Chee, Richard

ALS Technichem (HK) Pty Ltd

11/F Chung Shun Knitting Centre, 1-3 Wing Yip Street, Kwai Chung, NT, Hong Kong

Tel: 852-2610 1044

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APPENDIX C WEATHER INFORMATION

	November 2024				
		Table I			
Day	Mean Pressure (hPa)	Air Temperature Mean(°C)	Mean Relative Humidity (%)	Total Rainfall (mm)	
01-Nov-24	1009.7	26.8	56.0	0.0	
02-Nov-24	1016.3	25.1	64.0	0.0	
03-Nov-24	1017.1	26.0	73.0	0.0	
04-Nov-24	1016.9	26.2	75.0	Trace	
05-Nov-24	1017.8	26.0	67.0	Trace	
06-Nov-24	1018.9	25.0	64.0	Trace	
07-Nov-24	1019.4	23.9	54.0	Trace	
08-Nov-24	1016.6	24.1	48.0	0.0	
09-Nov-24	1014.5	25.2	66.0	1.9	
10-Nov-24	1014.8	24.9	80.0	6.2	
11-Nov-24	1014.4	24.9	77.0	0.0	
12-Nov-24	1012.3	25.9	75.0	0.0	
13-Nov-24	1010.1	25.0	82.0	14.8	
14-Nov-24	1009.6	24.8	88.0	6.3	
15-Nov-24	1010.0	24.2	94.0	36.6	
16-Nov-24	1011.7	25.5	88.0	33.3	
17-Nov-24	1014.4	24.3	88.0	6.1	
18-Nov-24	1016.8	24.2	73.0	Trace	
19-Nov-24	1018.6	20.1	83.0	7.3	
20-Nov-24	1018.4	18.1	95.0	73.8	
21-Nov-24	1018.2	19.2	85.0	5.6	
22-Nov-24	1018.9	20.2	74.0	Trace	
23-Nov-24	1020.0	20.4	71.0	Trace	
24-Nov-24	1019.5	21.4	74.0	1.0	
25-Nov-24	1018.4	22.3	78.0	Trace	
26-Nov-24	1019.0	20.8	63.0	1.2	
27-Nov-24	1020.8	19.2	45.0	0.0	
28-Nov-24	1022.0	19.2	36.0	0.0	
29-Nov-24	1020.9	18.8	34.0	0.0	
30-Nov-24	1017.7	19.0	55.0	0.0	

Appendix C - Weather Conditions During Impact Monitoring Period

(Reporting Month: November 2024)

Remarks:

* Meterological data from Hong Kong Observatory Manned Weather Station was adopted. Source - Hong Kong Observatory

II: Wind Speed		
me		
-	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}
) AM	ENE	0.3
AM	ENE	0.3
AM		0.3
		0.3
AM		0.3
AM	ESE	0.8
	S	0.4
	E	0.3
AM		0.3
AM	ENE	0.3
	ENE	1.1
) AM	ENE	0.4
0 PM	NE	0.3
PM	NE	0.3
PM	NNE	0.3
PM	NE	0.3
PM	Ν	0.3
PM	NE	0.4
PM	NE	0.8
PM	ENE	1.5
PM	ENE	1.8
PM	E	1.8
0 PM	NNE	0.3
0 PM	NNE	0.6
) AM	Е	0.3
AM	NNE	0.3
AM	NNE	0.6
AM	ESE	0.4
AM	ENE	0.4
AM	ENE	2.1
AM	NNE	1.0
AM	NE	0.5
AM	NNE	0.9
AM	Ν	0.3
) AM	Е	0.5
) AM	Ν	1.4
0 PM	NE	1.1
) PM	NE	0.5
PM	NE	0.3
	NNE	0.3
	Ν	0.3
	NNE	0.3
	NNE	0.3
	NE	0.3
	ENE	0.3
	NE	0.3
	NE	0.3
	NE	0.3
	NNW	0.3
		0.3
		0.3
		0.3
		0.3
AM	NW	0.3
	AM PM AM AM	AMSSEAMSSEAMSSEAMESEAMEAMEAMEAMEAMENEAMENEAMENEAMENEAMNEPMNEPMNEPMNEPMNEPMNEPMNEPMENEPMENEPMENEPMENEPMENEPMENEPMENEPMENEPMNNEAMNNEAMNNEAMNNEAMNNEAMENEAMNNEAMNNEAMENEAMNNEAMNNEAMNNEAMNNEAMNNEAMNNEAMNNEAMNNEAMNNEAMNNEPMNNEPMNNEPMNNEPMNNEPMNNEPMNNEPMNNEPMNNEPMNNEPMNNEPMNNEPMNEPMNEPMNEPMNEPMNEPMNEPMNEPM </td

November 2024			
Table II: Wind Speed and Directions			
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}
3 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NW	0.3
3 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	ESE	0.3
3 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NNE	0.3
3 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	ENE	0.3
3 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	ENE	0.3
3 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	E	0.6
3 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	Ν	0.3
3 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NE	0.7
3 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	Ν	0.4
3 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NE	0.3
3 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NNE	0.3
3 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	E	0.4
3 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NE	0.3
3 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	ENE	0.3
3 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	NE	0.3
3 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	ENE	0.3
3 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	ENE	0.3
3 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	ENE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NNE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	ENE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	ENE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	ENE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	N	0.4
4 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	SSW	0.3
4 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NW	0.3
4 Nov 2024 4 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	_	0.3
4 Nov 2024 4 Nov 2024		E S	0.3
	2:00 PM		
4 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	WNW	0.3
4 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	W	0.3
4 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NNE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	E	0.4
4 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	ESE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	NE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	ENE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NE	0.3
4 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NE	0.3
5 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	ENE	0.3
5 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NE	0.3
5 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	S	0.3
5 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NNE	0.3
5 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	ENE	0.3
5 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NE	0.4
5 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NE	0.9
5 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NE	0.3
5 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NNE	0.5
5 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	E	0.3
5 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NE	0.8
5 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	NW	0.5

November 2024				
	Table II: Wind Speed and Directions			
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}	
5 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NNE	0.3	
5 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NE	1.1	
5 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	NE	0.6	
5 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NNE	0.3	
5 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
5 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NNE	0.8	
5 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
5 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	E	0.3	
5 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	NE	0.9	
5 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	E	0.3	
5 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NE	0.3	
5 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NNE	2.9	
6 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	ENE	0.5	
6 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	ENE	0.9	
6 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NE	0.6	
6 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	ENE	0.3	
6 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	Е	0.3	
6 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NE	0.3	
6 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NNE	1.0	
6 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NNE	1.6	
6 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NE	0.9	
6 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NE	1.3	
6 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NNE	0.4	
6 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	ENE	0.4	
6 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	Ν	0.3	
6 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	W	0.9	
6 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
6 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NE	0.3	
6 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	ENE	0.6	
6 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	Е	0.3	
6 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NE	0.3	
6 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	NE	0.3	
6 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	Е	0.3	
6 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
6 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
6 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
7 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	ENE	2.1	
7 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NE	0.3	
7 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NE	0.6	
7 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NNE	0.3	
7 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NNE	0.4	
7 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	ENE	0.5	
7 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NE	0.3	
7 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	ENE	0.5	
7 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	ENE	0.5	
7 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NNE	0.5	
7 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NNW	0.3	
7 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	NE	0.4	
7 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NE	0.3	
7 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NNE	0.9	
7 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	Ν	0.3	
7 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NE	1.0	
7 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NE	0.7	
7 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	Е	0.7	

November 2024					
	Table II: Wind Speed and Directions				
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}		
7 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NE	0.3		
7 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
7 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	NE	0.3		
7 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
7 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
7 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NE	0.8		
8 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	Ν	0.4		
8 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	N	0.9		
8 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NNE	0.4		
8 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NNE	0.4		
8 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	NNE	0.4		
8 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	ENE	1.1		
8 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	E	0.4		
8 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	NE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	E	0.5		
8 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	ENE	0.4		
8 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	NE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	E	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	NE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
8 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	ESE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	N	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NE	0.5		
9 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	E	0.6		
9 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	N	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	E	0.9		
9 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	SE	0.9		
9 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	ENE	0.5		
9 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NE	0.6		
9 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	NE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	E	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NE	0.3		
9 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NE	0.3		

November 2024					
	Table II: Wind Speed and Directions				
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}		
10 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	ENE	0.4		
10 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NE	0.4		
10 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NE	0.7		
10 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	SE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	SE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	S	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	E	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	NE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	NE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	N	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	ENE	0.4		
10 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	N	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	Е	0.3		
10 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	ESE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	Е	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	WSW	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	Е	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	ENE	0.4		
11 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	ESE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	N	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	SSE	1.1		
11 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	SE	0.4		
11 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	E	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	SW	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	S	0.4		
11 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NE	0.3		
11 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024 12 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024 12 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024 12 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NE	0.3		
12 INOV 2024	3.00 AM	INE	0.5		

November 2024					
D (Table II: Wind Speed and Directions				
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}		
12 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	N	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	W	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	W	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	Ν	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NW	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NNW	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	WNW	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	NE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NE	0.3		
12 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	SW	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	SW	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	W	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NNW	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	N	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	E	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	NE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024 13 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
			0.3		
13 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NE ENE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	ENE			
13 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ESE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
13 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NNE	0.4		
13 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NE	0.3		
14 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NE	0.5		
14 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
14 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	ESE	0.3		
14 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NE	0.3		
14 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.3		
14 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NE	0.3		
14 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NNE	0.6		
14 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
14 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
14 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NE	0.3		
14 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	SE	0.4		
14 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	NE	0.4		

November 2024				
	Table II: Wind Speed and Directions			
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}	
14 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	E	0.9	
14 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NE	0.7	
14 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	E	0.4	
14 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	SE	0.3	
14 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NNE	1.0	
14 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NE	0.3	
14 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	ENE	0.5	
14 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	E	0.4	
14 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ESE	0.5	
14 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	E	0.3	
14 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NNE	0.3	
14 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	E	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	ENE	0.4	
15 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	ENE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NNE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NNE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NNE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	SE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	N	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	E	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	ENE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	E	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	E	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	E	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024 15 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
		ENE	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ENE		
15 Nov 2024	9:00 PM		0.3	
15 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	S	0.3	
15 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NE	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NE	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NE	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NE	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	W	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	W	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	N	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	N	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	N	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	N	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	WNW	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	Ν	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	SSW	0.4	
16 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NW	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	WSW	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NW	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NE	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	ENE	0.3	

November 2024				
	Table II: Wind Speed and Directions			
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}	
16 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	NE	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	NNE	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	E	0.3	
16 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NNE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NNE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NNE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	ENE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	SE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NNE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	SSW	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	SE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	Е	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	Е	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	WSW	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	SSW	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NNE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NNE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	NNE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ESE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024 17 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	ESE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024 17 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NNE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024 17 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	ESE	0.3	
17 Nov 2024 18 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	E	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	SW	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NNE	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	ENE	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	ENE	0.4	
18 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	ENE	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NE	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	ENE	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	SSE	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	SSE	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	E	1.6	
18 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NNE	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	ENE	0.8	
18 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	NE	0.4	
18 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NE	0.4	
18 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NE	0.4	
18 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NE	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	NNE	0.7	
18 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ENE	0.4	
18 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	Ν	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
18 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NE	0.5	

November 2024				
	Table II: Wind Speed and Directions			
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}	
19 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NE	0.3	
19 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NE	0.3	
19 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NNE	0.6	
19 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	ENE	0.5	
19 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NNE	0.3	
19 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	ENE	0.3	
19 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	ENE	0.3	
19 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	ESE	0.5	
19 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	S	0.5	
19 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	ENE	0.6	
19 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	ENE	0.4	
19 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	E	0.8	
19 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NNE	0.4	
19 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NNE	0.4	
19 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	NE	0.3	
19 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	Ν	0.3	
19 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	ENE	0.3	
19 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	Ν	0.3	
19 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NE	1.6	
19 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	NE	2.0	
19 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	Ν	0.3	
19 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	NNE	0.3	
19 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NE	0.4	
19 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NE	1.7	
20 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NNE	3.0	
20 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NE	0.4	
20 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NNE	0.4	
20 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NE	0.4	
20 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	ENE	0.6	
20 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	E	0.7	
20 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	ENE	0.4	
20 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NNE	1.7	
20 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NNE	0.4	
20 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	N	0.4	
20 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NNE	0.9	
20 Nov 2024 20 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	N	0.4	
20 Nov 2024 20 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	ENE	1.2	
20 Nov 2024 20 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	E	0.5	
20 Nov 2024 20 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	E NNE	0.6	
20 Nov 2024 20 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NE	0.8	
20 Nov 2024 20 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NE NE	0.4	
20 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	ENE	0.4	
20 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NE ENE	0.4	
20 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	ENE	0.5	
20 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ENE	0.4	
20 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	NNE	0.4	
20 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NE	0.4	
20 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	ENE	0.4	
21 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NE	0.4	
21 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	Ν	0.5	
21 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NE	0.5	
21 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	ENE	0.5	
21 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NNE	0.4	
21 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	ENE	0.5	

November 2024					
	Table II: Wind Speed and Directions				
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}		
21 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	E	0.5		
21 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NNE	0.5		
21 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	E	0.4		
21 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	N	1.2		
21 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NW	0.5		
21 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	NNE	0.5		
21 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NNW	0.5		
21 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NE	1.6		
21 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	NE	0.6		
21 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NNE	0.5		
21 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NE	0.5		
21 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NNE	0.5		
21 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NE	0.5		
21 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	NE	0.5		
21 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ENE	1.2		
21 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	NNE	0.8		
21 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	Е	0.8		
21 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NNE	0.7		
22 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	ENE	0.5		
22 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NNE	0.4		
22 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NNE	0.4		
22 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	N	0.4		
22 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NNE	1.2		
22 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	N	0.4		
22 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NNE	0.4		
22 Nov 2024 22 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NNE	0.4		
22 Nov 2024 22 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	ENE	0.4		
22 Nov 2024 22 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NE	0.4		
22 Nov 2024 22 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NE N	0.3		
22 Nov 2024 22 Nov 2024	10:00 AM 11:00 AM	NNW	0.4		
22 Nov 2024 22 Nov 2024	12:00 PM		0.4		
		NNE			
22 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NNE	0.4		
22 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	N	0.8		
22 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	N	0.4		
22 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NNE	0.4		
22 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	E	0.6		
22 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	ENE	0.6		
22 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	N	0.3		
22 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ENE	0.4		
22 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	ENE	1.2		
22 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NNE	1.6		
22 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NE	0.4		
23 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	Е	0.7		
23 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NE	0.5		
23 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	Ν	0.5		
23 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NE	0.4		
23 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NE	0.8		
23 Nov 2024 23 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024 23 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	N	0.6		

November 2024					
		Speed and Directions	-		
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}		
23 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	N	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	ENE	0.4		
23 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	NE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	E	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	ESE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
23 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	S	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	E	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	SSE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	NNE	0.6		
24 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	Ν	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	Ν	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	ESE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ESE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	NE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
24 Nov 2024 24 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024 25 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	E	0.3		
25 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024 25 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024 25 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024 25 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024 25 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024 25 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	N	0.3		
25 Nov 2024 25 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024 25 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NE NE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024 25 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	N N	0.4		
25 Nov 2024 25 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024 25 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NNW	0.3		
			0.3		
25 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NE SE			
25 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	SE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NNE ENE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NNE	0.3		

November 2024					
D (T T	peed and Directions			
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}		
25 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	W	0.3		
25 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	W	0.3		
25 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
25 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NW	0.3		
26 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
26 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NE	0.3		
26 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
26 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
26 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
26 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NE	1.6		
26 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NE	0.4		
26 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	E	0.4		
26 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NNE	0.5		
26 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NNE	0.3		
26 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NE	2.2		
26 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	NNE	0.7		
26 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NNE	0.6		
26 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NNE	0.4		
26 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	NE	0.5		
26 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	Ν	0.9		
26 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NNE	0.4		
26 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NE	1.1		
26 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	ENE	0.4		
26 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
26 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	E	0.3		
26 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	NE	0.3		
26 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NNE	0.5		
26 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NNE	0.5		
27 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	E	1.7		
27 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NE	0.4		
27 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	ENE	0.5		
27 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	N	0.3		
27 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.4		
27 Nov 2024 27 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	N	0.3		
27 Nov 2024 27 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NW	0.7		
27 Nov 2024 27 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NE	0.7		
27 Nov 2024 27 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
27 Nov 2024 27 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NW	0.4		
27 Nov 2024 27 Nov 2024	9:00 AM 10:00 AM	WNW	0.5		
27 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	NNE	1.0		
27 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NNW	0.5		
27 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NE	0.3		
27 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
27 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	NE	1.1		
27 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NW	0.3		
27 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	ENE	0.4		
27 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
27 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	NE	0.3		
27 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
27 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
27 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	SSW	0.3		
27 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	SE	0.3		

November 2024					
	Table II: Wind	Speed and Directions	-		
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}		
28 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NNE	0.9		
28 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	NE	0.3		
28 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NE	0.3		
28 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NE	1.4		
28 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	N	0.7		
28 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	N	0.5		
28 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NNE	0.6		
28 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NE	0.5		
28 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	WNW	0.3		
28 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	ESE	1.3		
28 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	ESE	0.3		
28 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	ENE	1.0		
28 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NNE	4.8		
28 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NNE	0.5		
28 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
28 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	Е	0.3		
28 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NE	0.4		
28 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	ENE	0.4		
28 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
28 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	NE	0.3		
28 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	NE	0.3		
28 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
28 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NE	0.4		
28 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
29 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NE	0.6		
29 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	ENE	0.4		
29 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	NE	0.6		
29 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	NE	0.4		
29 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.7		
29 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	E	0.4		
29 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	NNE	1.1		
29 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	NE	1.2		
29 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NE	0.6		
29 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	NW	0.3		
29 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NE	0.4		
29 Nov 2024 29 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	NE	0.9		
29 Nov 2024 29 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NE	0.5		
29 Nov 2024 29 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	NE	0.3		
29 Nov 2024 29 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	E	0.3		
29 Nov 2024 29 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	E NNE	0.3		
29 Nov 2024 29 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NNE	0.5		
			0.5		
29 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NNE			
29 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
29 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
29 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ENE	0.3		
29 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	NE	0.3		
29 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NE	0.3		
29 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NNE	0.3		
30 Nov 2024	12:00 AM	NW	0.3		
30 Nov 2024	1:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
30 Nov 2024	2:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
30 Nov 2024	3:00 AM	ENE	0.3		
30 Nov 2024	4:00 AM	NE	0.3		
30 Nov 2024	5:00 AM	NE	0.3		

November 2024							
Table II: Wind Speed and Directions							
Date	Time	Direction	Wind Speed m ^{-s}				
30 Nov 2024	6:00 AM	SSE	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	7:00 AM	SSW	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	8:00 AM	NNE	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	9:00 AM	ESE	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	10:00 AM	NNE	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	11:00 AM	ENE	0.4				
30 Nov 2024	12:00 PM	NE	0.5				
30 Nov 2024	1:00 PM	ENE	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	2:00 PM	W	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	3:00 PM	ENE	0.4				
30 Nov 2024	4:00 PM	NW	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	5:00 PM	NW	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	6:00 PM	SSE	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	7:00 PM	ENE	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	8:00 PM	ENE	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	9:00 PM	NE	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	10:00 PM	NE	0.3				
30 Nov 2024	11:00 PM	NE	0.3				

APPENDIX D ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SCHEDULES

Contract No. DC/2022/03 Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes Tentative Impact Air Quality and Noise Monitoring Schedule (November 2024)

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
					1-Nov	2-Nov
3-Nov	4-Nov	5-Nov	6-Nov	7-Nov	8-Nov	9-Nov
			1 TSP (AM1-AM4) Noise (CM1-CM7)			
10-Nov	11-Nov	12-Nov	13-Nov	14-Nov	15-Nov	16-Nov
		1 TSP (AM1-AM4) Noise (CM1-CM7)	Waterbird survey			
17-Nov	18-Nov	19-Nov	20-Nov	21-Nov	22-Nov	23-Nov
	1 TSP (AM1-AM4) Noise (CM1-CM7)				1 TSP (AM1-AM4)	
24-Nov	25-Nov	26-Nov	27-Nov	28-Nov	29-Nov	30-Nov
The shelp may be a				1 TSP (AM1-AM4) Noise (CM1-CM7) Odour monitoring		

The schedule may be changed due to unforeseen circumstances (adverse weather, safety concerns, etc.)

Air Quality Monitoring Station

Noise Monitoring Station

AM1 Fortune Pharmacal Co. Ltd

Shan Pui Chung Hau Tsuen CM1

Shan Pui Chung Hau Tsuen AM2

- AM3 Nin Jiom Medicine Manufactory Limited
- Caritas Yuen Long Chan Chun Ha Secondary School CM2 Ma Tin Tsuen
- CM3
- AM4 HK School of Motoring Road Safety Centre
- CM4 Tung Tau Wai San Tsuen Twin Regency CM5
- Tai Kiu Tsuen CM6
- CM7 CCC Chun Kwong Primary School

Contract No. DC/2022/03 Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes Impact Water Quality Monitoring Schedule (November 2024)

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
					1-Nov	2-Nov
					Mid-Ebb 13:34 Mid-Flood N/A	
3-Nov	4-N	ov 5-Nov	6-Nov	7-Nov	8-Nov	9-Nov
	Mid-Ebb 15: Mid-Flood 10:		Mid-Ebb 16:39 Mid-Flood 11:49		Mid-Ebb N/A Mid-Flood 9:30	
10-Nov	11-N	ov 12-Nov	13-Nov	14-Nov	15-Nov	16-Nov
	Mid-Ebb 9: Mid-Flood 16:	13 43	Mid-Ebb 11:21 Mid-Flood 16:30		Mid-Ebb 13:00 Mid-Flood 17:00	
17-Nov	18-N	ov 19-Nov	20-Nov	21-Nov	22-Nov	23-Nov
	Mid-Ebb 15: Mid-Flood 10:		Mid-Ebb 16:25 Mid-Flood 11:54		Mid-Ebb N/A Mid-Flood 9:30	
24-Nov	25-N	ov 26-Nov	27-Nov	28-Nov	29-Nov	30-Nov
	Mid-Ebb 9: Mid-Flood 16:	07 22	Mid-Ebb 0.9375 Mid-Flood 11:10		Mid-Ebb 12:42 Mid-Flood 16:00	

The schedule may be changed due to unforeseen circumstances (adverse weather, etc)

APPENDIX E 1-HOUR TSP MONITORING RESULTS AND GRAPHICAL PRESENTATIONS

APPENDIX E - 1-HOUR TSP MONITORING RESULTS Appendix E - 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results

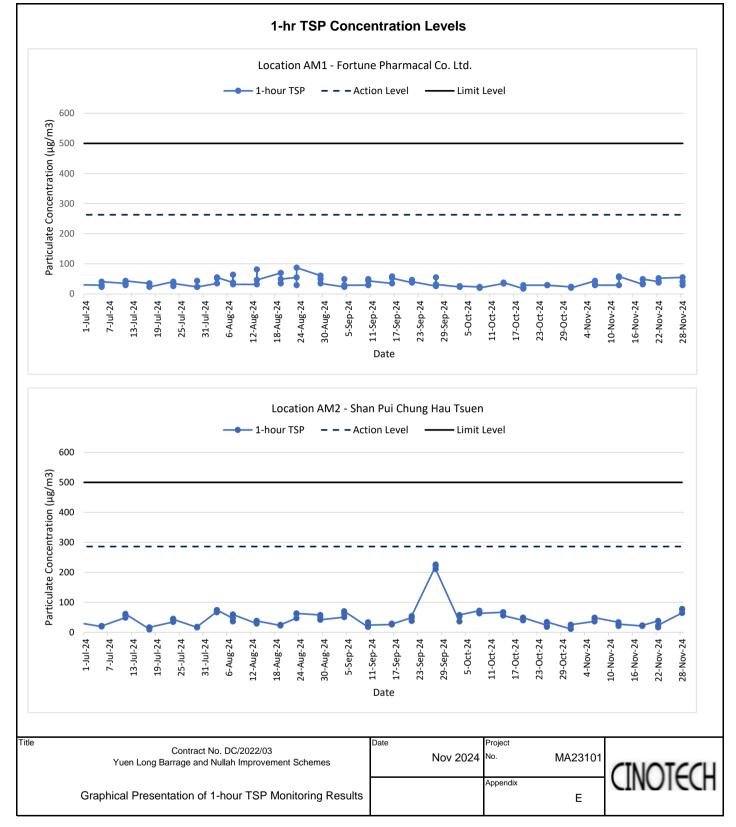
cation AM1 - F	ortune Phar	macal Co. Ltd.	
Date	Time	Weather	Particulate Concentration (µg/m ³)
6-Nov-24	14:00	Sunny	43.5
6-Nov-24	15:00	Sunny	31.9
6-Nov-24	16:00	Sunny	29.0
12-Nov-24	14:00	Sunny	29.0
12-Nov-24	15:00	Sunny	55.1
12-Nov-24	16:00	Sunny	58.0
18-Nov-24	14:00	Fine	31.9
18-Nov-24	15:00	Fine	34.8
18-Nov-24	16:00	Fine	49.3
22-Nov-24	14:00	Sunny	40.6
22-Nov-24	15:00	Sunny	37.7
22-Nov-24	16:00	Sunny	52.2
28-Nov-24	14:00	Sunny	55.1
28-Nov-24	15:00	Sunny	29.0
28-Nov-24	16:00	Sunny	40.6
		Average	41.2
		Maximum	58.0
		Minimum	29.0

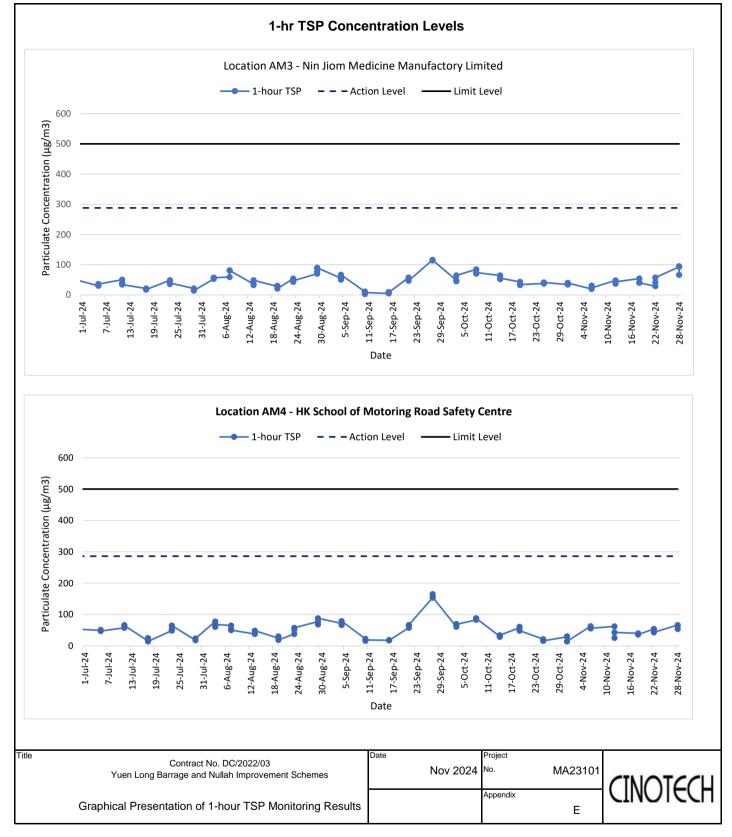
Location AM2 - Shan Pui Chung Hau Tsuen							
Date	Time	Weather	Particulate Concentration (µg/m ³)				
6-Nov-24	10:09	Sunny	36.0				
6-Nov-24	11:09	Sunny	45.0				
6-Nov-24	12:09	Sunny	48.6				
12-Nov-24	10:23	Sunny	33.6				
12-Nov-24	11:23	Sunny	20.8				
12-Nov-24	12:23	Sunny	27.2				
18-Nov-24	10:30	Fine	20.9				
18-Nov-24	11:30	Fine	22.8				
18-Nov-24	12:30	Fine	22.8				
22-Nov-24	9:00	Sunny	37.8				
22-Nov-24	10:00	Sunny	16.2				
22-Nov-24	11:00	Sunny	23.4				
28-Nov-24	9:00	Sunny	64.6				
28-Nov-24	10:00	Sunny	76.0				
28-Nov-24	11:00	Sunny	77.9				
		Average	38.2				
		Maximum	77.9				
		Minimum	16.2				

APPENDIX E - 1-HOUR TSP MONITORING RESULTS Appendix E - 1-hour TSP Monitoring Results

Date	Time	Weather	Particulate Concentration (µg/m ³)
6-Nov-24	11:54	Sunny	19.8
6-Nov-24	12:54	Sunny	30.6
6-Nov-24	13:54	Sunny	23.4
12-Nov-24	12:08	Sunny	48.0
12-Nov-24	13:08	Sunny	36.8
12-Nov-24	14:08	Sunny	43.2
18-Nov-24	12:30	Fine	54.4
18-Nov-24	13:30	Fine	41.6
18-Nov-24	14:30	Fine	40.0
22-Nov-24	10:00	Sunny	28.8
22-Nov-24	11:00	Sunny	41.4
22-Nov-24	12:00	Sunny	57.6
28-Nov-24	11:50	Sunny	93.1
28-Nov-24	12:50	Sunny	95.0
28-Nov-24	13:50	Sunny	66.5
		Average	48.0
		Maximum	95.0
		Minimum	19.8

Location AM4 - H	Location AM4 - HK School of Motoring Road Safety Centre						
Date	Time	Weather	Particulate Concentration (µg/m ³)				
6-Nov-24	13:01	Sunny	63.0				
6-Nov-24	14:01	Sunny	55.8				
6-Nov-24	15:01	Sunny	55.8				
12-Nov-24	9:07	Sunny	62.4				
12-Nov-24	10:07	Sunny	25.6				
12-Nov-24	11:07	Sunny	43.2				
18-Nov-24	14:30	Fine	39.9				
18-Nov-24	15:30	Fine	38.0				
18-Nov-24	16:30	Fine	36.1				
22-Nov-24	12:00	Sunny	54.0				
22-Nov-24	13:00	Sunny	54.0				
22-Nov-24	14:00	Sunny	43.2				
28-Nov-24	12:00	Sunny	66.6				
28-Nov-24	13:00	Sunny	54.0				
28-Nov-24	14:00	Sunny	63.0				
		Average	50.3				
		Maximum	66.6				
		Minimum	25.6				





APPENDIX F ODOUR MONITORING RESULTS AND GRAPHICAL PRESENTATIONS

Angela

Odour Patrol Record Sheet

General Information

 Patrol Locations: YLTN Project Site Boundary

 Date:
 N | | | >>>

 Weather Condition:
 Sunny / Fine / Cloudy / Rainy

 Temperature:
 N -755 °C

Tempera	ture:	NIBC	Humidity: 21%					T
Location	Time	#Odour Intensity	Odour Characteristics	Potential Odour Sources	Duration of Odour	Wind Direction***	Wind Speed (m/s)	Remark
OP1	10215	0/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (🐔)	3.5	
OP2	10:21	0/1/2/3/4		2	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (NE	4	
OP3	10:28	0/1)2/3/4	seditmant f	Trullah	Intermittent Continuous	Downwind (E)	2.5	
OP4	10:36	@/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (NW)	3	
OP5	10=42	0 /1)/ 2 / 3 / 4	car exhast	construction stle	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (NE)	1-8	
OP6	10:51	0/1)/2/3/4	water sewage	Nellahmort	Intermittent / Continuous		2-1	
OP7	10=57	0/1)2/3/4	rubbish	Nullah rubbish	Intermittent / Continuous	Pownwind / Upwind (NE)	2.1	
OP8	11206	0 1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / $\overline{(\mathcal{W})}$	2 &	
OP9	11212	0/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (N/N)	22	

Odour Patrol Record Sheet

General Information

Patrol Locations: YLTN Project Site Boundary

Date:

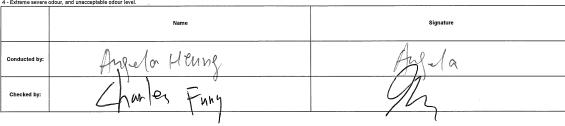
Weather Condition:	Sunny / Fine / Cloudy / Rainy
Tomporatura	Humidity

Tempera	ture:	Para and a second s	Humidity:					T
Location	Time	#Odour Intensity	Odour Characteristics	Potential Odour Sources	Duration of Odour	Wind Direction***	Wind Speed (m/s)	Remark
OP10	147	0 1 2 / 3 / 4	senage	Nullah	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (Mr)	0.8	
OP11	11:23	0/1)2/3/4	sewage	pullaly	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind ()	1,2	
OP12	11234	0/1)2/3/4	sectiment	Nullah	Intermittent / Continuous	pownwind / Upwind (MM)	1.4	
		0/1 2/3/4		Nullah	Intermittent / Continuous	$\overline{Pownwind}$ / Upwind (\mathbb{NN})	1.4	

#Note: Odour intensity is to be divided into 5 levels which are ranked in the descending order as follows

0 - Not detected. No odour perceived or an odour so weak that it can not be easily characterised or described;

Nito detected, no odour pérceveo or an odour so weak mait i can not be eas - Slight identifiable odour, and alight chance to have odour nuisance;
 Adoerate identifiable, dikey to have odour nuisance;
 Strong identifiable, likely to have odour nuisance;
 Extrame severe odour, and unacceptable odour level.



Odour Patrol Record Sheet

General Information

 Patrol Locations:
 YLTN Project Site Boundary

 Date:
 YH/(!()

 Weather Condition:
 Sunny/Fin

 Temperature:
 Y-7

 Humidity:

Sunny / Fine / Cloudy / Rainy Humidity: 2 (วิ

Location	Time	#Odour Intensity	Odour Characteristics	Potential Odour Sources	Duration of Odour	Wind Direction***	Wind Speed (m/s)	Remark
OP1	107,4	0/(1) 2/3/4	Seliment	/Vullah	Intermittent Continuous Downwind / Upwing ()		3-5	
OP2	10:21	6/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous		4, 0	
OP3	(0:27	0 /(1)/ 2 / 3 / 4	Sediment	Nullah	Intermittent / Continuous		2.5	PSD
OP4	10:36	0/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind (Upwind (Mu-)	3.0	
OP5	10:42	0/0/2/3/4	Duse	Nullah / Road Site	intermittent/ Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (1,8	
OP6	(0,37	0 /(1) 2 / 3 / 4	Seawaye	Nullar	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind (Upwind (// 1/-)	21	
OP7	10,57	0 / 1/2/3/4	Rubbark	Nullah	ntermittent / Continuous		2,1	
OP8	11:0t	()1/2/3/4		/	Intermittent / Continuous		21	
OP9	11:12	0/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous		2.2	

Contract No. DC/2022/03

Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes

Odour Patrol Record Sheet

General Information

Patrol Locations: YLTN Project Site Boundary

Date:

Weather Condition:

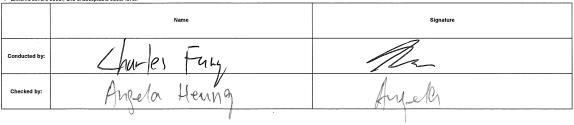
Sunny / Fine / Cloudy / Rainy Humidity:

Tempera	ture:		Humidity:				·····	
Location	Time	#Odour Intensity	Odour Characteristics	Potential Odour Sources	Duration of Odour	Wind Direction***	Wind Speed (m/s)	Remark
OP10	11:17	0/102/3/4	sebvaye	Nullah	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwing / Upwind (W/)	0,9	
OP11	(1:2)	0/(1)/2/3/4	Senare	Nullal	Intermittent Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (W)	1.3	
OP12	((:14	0 / (1) 2 / 3 / 4	(ediment	Nullch	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind W)	14	

#Note: Odour intensity is to be divided into 5 levels which are ranked in the descending order as follows:

0 - Not detected. No odour perceived or an odour so weak that it can not be easily characterised or described;

Not betected, no doour perceived or an doour so weak that it can not be east
 Slight identifiable doour, and alight chance to have doour nuisance;
 Hoderate identifiable ideour, and moderate chance to have doour nuisance;
 Strong identifiable, likely have doour nuisance;
 Extreme severe doour, and unacceptable doour level.



Odour Patrol Record Sheet

General Information

Patrol Locations: YLTN Project Site Boundary Date: 28 111 / 2010

 Date:
 Date:
 Date:

 Weather Condition:
 Sum

Temperature: U.V.

Sunny / Fine / Cloudy / Rainy Humidity: 35%

rempera			Humany. P= 10					
Location	Time	#Odour Intensity	Odour Characteristics	Potential Odour Sources	Duration of Odour	Wind Direction***	Wind Speed (m/s)	Remark
OP1	12257	0 @121314	burning smell	generater behind the	Intermittent (Continuous		1.8	
OP2	13:04	0 1 2/3/4	Sed Im en e	Nullah	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (NN)	0.9	
OP3	13=12	0 (1 2 / 3 / 4	sediment	Nullah	Intermittent / Continuous			
OP4	13220	0/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (MM)	2.0	
OP5	13:25	0/(1)/2/3/4	a burning	engine	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (N)	23	
OP6	13:33	0/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (N)	1.7	
OP7	13:38	0/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind (Upwind (M))	1-8	
OP8	13:46	0 1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (NE)	1-8	
OP9	13252	0/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (N)	1.8	

Contract No. DC/2022/03

Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes

Odour Patrol Record Sheet

General Information

Patrol Locations: YLTN Project Site Boundary

Date:

Weather Condition: Sunny / Fine / Cloudy / Rainy

Temperature:

Humidity:

Location	Time	#Odour Intensity	Odour Characteristics	Potential Odour Sources	Duration of Odour	Wind Direction***	Wind Speed (m/s)	Remark
OP10	13257	0)1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Pownwind / Upwind (MW)	2.0	
OP11	14=15	0 / (1) / 2 / 3 / 4	Sewage	Nullah	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (N)	2.4	
OP12	17249	0 (1) 2 / 3 / 4 5 levels which are ranked in the des	sewape	Nullah	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind (NW)	and the second sec	

Not detected. No odour parceived or an odour so weak that it can not be easily characterised or described;
 Sighi Identifiable odour, and sight chance to have odour nuisance;
 Moderate leafitiable odour, and moderate chance to have odour nuisance;
 Strong identifiable, likely to have odour nuisance;
 Extong identifiable, dunacceptable odour level.

	Name	Signature
Conducted by:	Angela Hening	Angela
Checked by:	Chatos Fung	An
		-

Odour Patrol Record Sheet

General Information

Patrol Locations: YLTN Project Site Boundary Date: 224 | | 1 | 27 Weather Condition: Supry / Fin Temperature: 212 Humidity: 4

Supry / Fine / Cloudy / Rainy Humidity:

Location	Time	#Odour Intensity	Odour Characteristics	Potential Odour Sources	Duration of Odour ユード Sirte	Wind Direction***	Wind Speed (m/s)	Remark	
OP1	12:57	0/1)2/3/4	thaning	· · · · · PMTC	Intermittent / Continuous	pownwind/ Upwind (NW)	1-0		
OP2	13:63	01(1)21314	Seliment	Nollah	Intermittent// Continuous		(-8		
OP3	17:12	0/1/2/3/4	Sediment	Nullah	Intermittent / Continuous		1-7	ØSP	Mate Eris
OP4	13120	0/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous		20		
OP5	13:25	0/102/3/4	Burning	PME pso Row Jster	ntermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind / /)	2.3		
OP6	17:33	0/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind Upwind (//)	1.7		
OP7	13:34	0/1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / $prind (\gamma V)$	1A		
OP8	12:46	0 1/2/3/4		/	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind ((\$		
OP9	(5:5)	6) 1/2/3/4			Intermittent / Continuous		1.3		
		U					120		

Page 1

Contract No. DC/2022/03

Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes

Odour Patrol Record Sheet

General Information

Patrol Locations: YLTN Project Site Boundary

Date:

Weather Condition: Temperature:

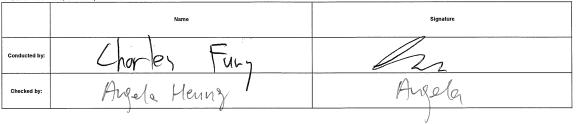
Sunny / Fine / Cloudy / Rainy Humidity:

Tempera	ture.		munnun.					and the second	
Location	Time	#Odour Intensity	Odour Characteristics	Potential Odour Sources	Duration of Odour	Wind Direction***	Wind Speed (m/s)	Remark	per a str
OP10	17:57	0/1)/2/3/4	Sewage	Nullah	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwind / Upwind () W	2.0		
OP11	14:05	0/1)/2/3/4	Eway-	Nula	Intermittent / Continuous	Downwine / Upwind (N)	2.4		
OP12	12:49	0/1/2/3/4	Selinen 1	Nullah	Intermittent / Continuous		J. J.		
#Note: Odour intens	sity is to be divided into	5 levels which are ranked in the de	scending order as follows:						

0 - Not detected. No odour perceived or an odour so weak that it can not be easily characterised or described;

Slight Identifiable odour, and slight chance to have odour nuisance;
 Moderate identifiable odour, and moderate chance to have odour nuisance;

Strong identifiable, likely to have odour nuisance
 Extreme severe odour, and unacceptable odour level.



APPENDIX G NOISE MONITORING RESULTS AND GRAPHICAL PRESENTATIONS

Appendix G - Noise Monitoring Results

(0700-1900 hrs on Normal Weekdays)

Location CM1	Location CM1 -Shan Pui Chung Hau Tsuen											
	Unit: dB (A) (30-min)											
Date Time Weather Measured Noise Level* Baseline Level Construction Noise Level							Construction Noise Level					
			L _{eq}	L ₁₀	L ₉₀	L _{eq}	L _{eq}					
6-Nov-24	10:40	Sunny	70.2	72.8	64.3	59.1	69.8					
12-Nov-24	11:10	Sunny	69.6	71.2	62.8	59.1	69.2					
18-Nov-24	14:25	Fine	61.4	61.9	58.3	59.1	57.5					
28-Nov-24	13:03	Sunny	58.6	59.4	52.4	59.1	58.6 Measured \leq Baseline					

Location CM2 - Caritas Yuen Long Chan Chun Ha Secondary School

		0							
	Time		Unit: dB (A) (30-min)						
Date		Weather	Measured Noise Level			Baseline Level	Construction Noise Level		
Dato	TIMO	Wodanoi	1	1	1	1	I		
			∟ _{eq}	L ₁₀	L 90	∟ eq	∟ eq		
6-Nov-24	15:28	Sunny	64.4	65.7	62.7	62.7	59.5		
12-Nov-24	15:37	Sunny	64.1	67.0	55.5	62.7	58.5		
18-Nov-24	11:10	Fine	64.7	67.4	61.0	62.7	60.4		
28-Nov-24	15:16	Sunny	62.2	64.4	59.4	62.7	62.2 Measured ≦ Baseline		

Location CM3	Location CM3 - Ma Tin Tsuen										
				Unit: dB (A) (30-min)							
Date	Time	Weather	Measured Noise Level*			Baseline Level	Construction Noise Level				
Date			L _{eq}	L ₁₀	L ₉₀	L _{eq}	L _{eq}				
6-Nov-24	16:09	Sunny	69.7	72.9	61.6	61.1	69.1				
12-Nov-24	15:20	Sunny	68.0	71.1	60.4	61.1	67.0				
18-Nov-24	10:30	Fine	62.3	65.2	55.9	61.1	56.1				
28-Nov-24	9:00	Sunny	58.3	59.6	52.0	61.1	58.3 Measured ≦ Baseline				

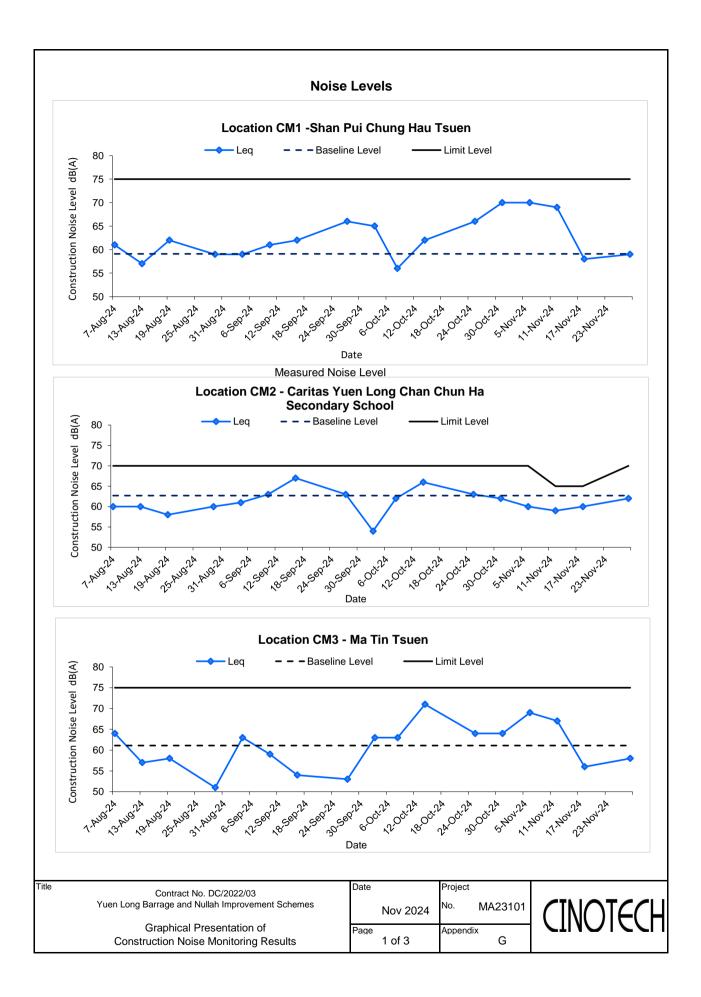
Location CM4	Location CM4 - Tung Tau Wai San Tsuen											
				Unit: dB (A) (30-min)								
Date	Time	Weather	Measured Noise Level*			Baseline Level	Construction Noise Level					
Duic		Weather	L _{eq}	L _{eq} L ₁₀ L ₉₀ L _{eq}		L _{eq}	L _{eq}					
6-Nov-24	13:00	Sunny	69.1	72.1	55.2	67.2	64.6					
12-Nov-24	12:16	Sunny	69.8	73.4	57.8	67.2	66.3					
18-Nov-24	13:45	Fine	67.0	70.1	57.1	67.2	67 Measured ≦ Baseline					
28-Nov-24	13:46	Sunny	65.3	68.4	51.8	67.2	65.3 Measured ≦ Baseline					

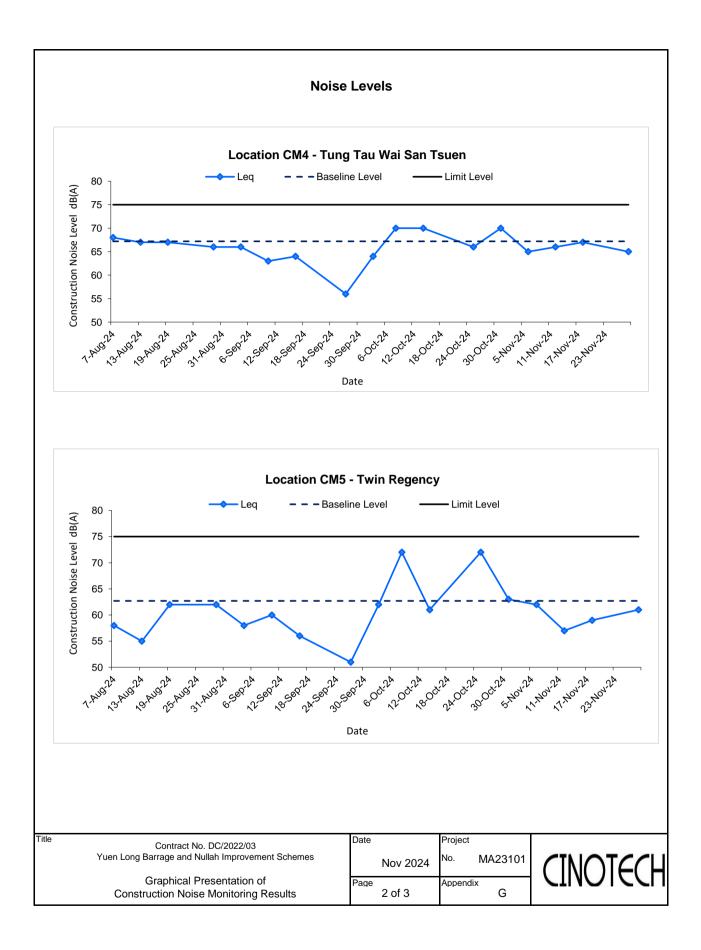
Location CM5 - Twin Regency								
	Time	Weather	Unit: dB (A) (30-min)					
Date			Measured Noise Level			Baseline Level	Construction Noise Level	
			L _{eq}	L ₁₀	L ₉₀	L _{eq}	L _{eq}	
6-Nov-24	11:26	Sunny	62.2	64.1	59.5	62.7	62.2 Measured ≦ Baseline	
12-Nov-24	16:53	Sunny	63.8	64.9	56.8	62.7	57.3	
18-Nov-24	15:15	Fine	64.2	67.5	58.3	62.7	58.9	
28-Nov-24	11:11	Sunny	60.8	63.7	55.5	62.7	60.8 Measured ≦ Baseline	

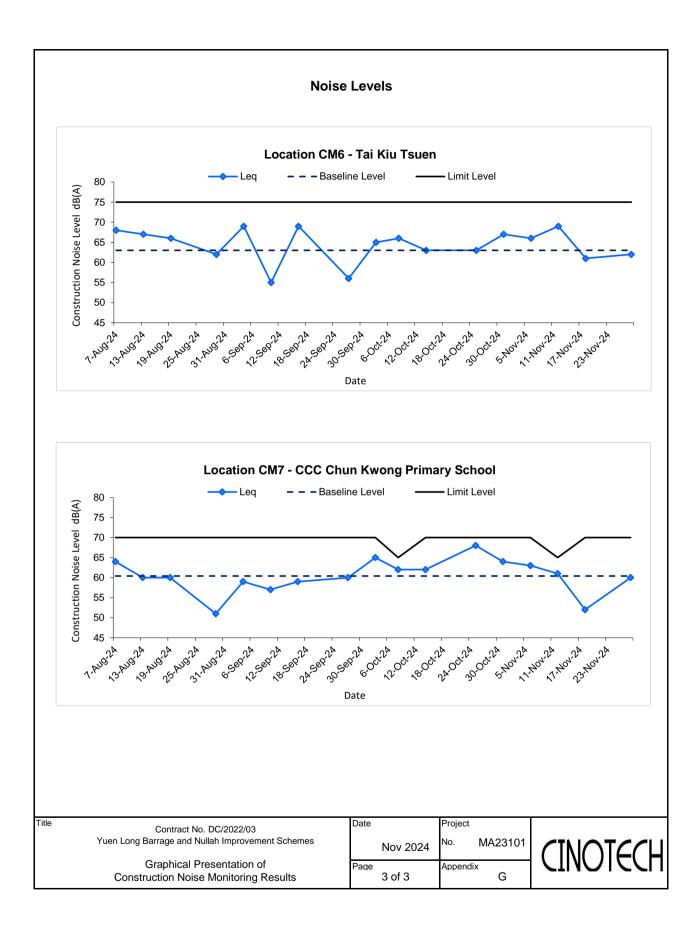
Location CM6 - Tai Kiu Tsuen								
Date	Time	Weather	Unit: dB (A) (30-min)					
			Measured Noise Level*			Baseline Level	Construction Noise Level	
			L _{eq}	L ₁₀	L ₉₀	L _{eq}	L _{eq}	
6-Nov-24	13:49	Sunny	67.5	71.2	58.8	63.0	65.6	
12-Nov-24	13:30	Sunny	70.1	72.0	61.3	63.0	69.2	
18-Nov-24	13:00	Fine	61.2	63.0	58.4	63.0	61.2 Measured ≦ Baseline	
28-Nov-24	13:18	Sunny	61.8	63.6	58.9	63.0	61.8 Measured ≦ Baseline	

Location CM7 - CCC Chun Kwong Primary School								
	Time	Weather	Unit: dB (A) (30-min)					
Date			Measured Noise Level			Baseline Level	Construction Noise Level	
			L _{eq}	L ₁₀	L ₉₀	L _{eq}	L _{eq}	
6-Nov-24	14:31	Sunny	65.2	69.1	58.4	60.4	63.5	
12-Nov-24	14:10	Sunny	63.8	65.2	59.5	60.4	61.1	
18-Nov-24	11:55	Fine	61.0	62.9	56.7	60.4	52.1	
28-Nov-24	14:30	Sunny	60.4	62.5	54.4	60.4	60.4 Measured ≦ Baseline	

*Remark: Free field noise levels were adjusted with a correlation of +3 dB(A)







APPENDIX H WATER QUALITY MONITORING RESULTS AND GRAPHICAL PRESENTATIONS

Water Quality Monitoring Results on

Date	Location	Tide	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*	Sompling Time	Water	Sampling	Tempe	erature (°C)		pН		Salinity ppt	DO S	aturation (%)	Dissolve	d Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidi	y(NTU)	Suspend	ed Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	nue	weather Condition	wind Condition	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
								26.51		7.80		7.29		63.90		4.93		20.99		43	
	W1				11:47	2.61	1.3	26.51	26.5	7.78	7.8	7.32	7.3	63.00	63.1	4.86	4.9	21.05	21.0	73.8	49.9
		Ebb	Sunny	Calm				26.51		7.67		7.34		62.30		4.81		21.03		33	
		LDD	Sunny	Callin				25.80		7.91		10.89		74.80		5.72		16.44		24.4	
	W2				11:58	3.43	1.7	25.64	25.7	7.88	7.9	10.93	10.9	73.70	73.8	5.66	5.7	16.54	16.5	47.2	36.8
								25.62		7.86		10.93		73.00		5.61		16.58	Ī	38.8	
								24.76		7.20		0.22		32.30		2.68		10.95		22.8	
1/11/2024	C1				10:07	0.34	0.2	24.77	24.8	7.19	7.2	0.22	0.2	30.10	30.5	2.49	2.5	10.65	10.7	20.2	19.3
			Sunny	Calm				24.78		7.19		0.22		29.20		2.42		10.53		14.8	
			Sunny	Callin				28.87		7.36		0.57		100.90		7.75		9.18		7.6	
	C2	-			10:29	0.29	0.1	28.85	28.9	7.37	7.4	0.57	0.6	100.90	100.9	7.76	7.8	9.16	9.2	15.6	13.4
								28.84		7.38		0.57		100.90		7.76		9.17	Ī	17	
]						26.87		7.48		1.41		31.20		2.47		65.70		83.6	
	UM		Sunny	Calm	11:03	0.29	0.1	26.86	26.9	7.48	7.5	1.41	1.4	30.20	30.2	2.39	2.4	65.10	64.9	77.2	76.9
								26.89		7.48		1.41		29.20		2.32		63.96		70	

Water Quality Monitoring Results on

Date	Location	Tide	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*		Water	Sampling	Tempe	rature (°C)		pН	1	Salinity ppt	DO S	aturation (%)	Dissolve	d Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidit	y(NTU)	Suspend	ed Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	nue	weather Condition	Wind Condition	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
								26.89		7.76		5.35		45.00		3.49		20.39		40.6	
	W1				14:32	2.22	1.1	26.88	26.9	7.77	7.8	5.34	5.3	42.00	42.6	3.26	3.3	20.34	20.4	27.4	37.2
		Ebb	Sunny	Calm				26.87		7.77		5.34		40.70		3.15		20.53		43.6	
		200	Odiniy	Gain				26.07		7.85		8.17		61.30		4.74		19.39		32.8	
	W2				14:43	2.61	1.3	26.08	26.1	7.83	7.8	8.17	8.2	59.50	59.7	4.60	4.6	19.15	19.2	19.8	29.8
								26.08		7.81		8.17		58.20		4.50		19.06		36.8	
								29.33		8.03		0.47		101.40		7.74		14.66		11.8	
	C1				12:55	0.37	0.2	29.32	29.3	8.03	8.0	0.47	0.5	101.50	101.5	7.74	7.7	14.69	14.7	8.2	13.0
			Sunny	Calm				29.31		8.03		0.47		101.50		7.75		14.73		19	
			,					27.46		7.85		1.38		37.30		2.93		20.65		2.6	
4/11/2024	C2	-			13:35	0.32	0.2	27.47	27.5	7.85	7.8	1.38	1.4	31.80	33.1	2.49	2.6	20.07	20.3	2.2	2.9
								27.48		7.84		1.38		30.30		2.37		20.05		3.8	
								27.36		8.94		0.15		61.10		4.83		9.25		26	
	UM		Sunny	Calm	12:35	0.44	0.2	27.16	27.2	8.74	8.8	0.15	0.2	56.80	55.9	4.50	4.4	9.34	9.5	21.4	22.6
								26.96		8.69		0.15		49.90		3.97		9.85		20.4	
								25.96		7.71		5.85		48.00		3.77		19.70		29.8	
	W1				11:06	2.22	1.1	25.95	26.0	7.68	7.7	5.88	5.9	43.10	42.5	3.39	3.3	19.74	19.8	20.4	23.1
		Flood	Sunny	Calm				25.95		7.64		5.89		36.40		2.86		19.97		19	
								25.49		7.78		8.14		57.20		4.47		21.03		17.2	
	W2				11:19	2.70	1.4	25.53	25.5	7.75	7.8	8.14	8.1	53.80	52.9	4.20	4.1	20.70	20.8	14.6	16.4
								25.53		7.73		8.14		47.70		3.73		20.67		17.4	

Water Quality Monitoring Results on

Date	Location	Tido	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*	Compling Time	Water	Sampling	Tempe	rature (°C)		pН	:	Salinity ppt	DOS	Saturation (%)	Dissolved	l Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidit	y(NTU)	Suspende	ed Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	nue	weather Condition	wind Condition	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
								27.32		7.51		8.85		68.10		5.14		21.61		41.8	
	W1				15:38	2.51	1.3	27.33	27.3	7.51	7.5	8.86	8.9	66.20	66.4	4.99	5.0	21.62	21.6	25.2	30.7
		Ebb	Sunny	Calm				27.34		7.51		8.85		65.00		4.90		21.58		25	
		200	Ganny	ouin				26.19		7.76		10.29		84.50		6.45		16.05		13.2	
	W2				15:50	3.00	1.5	26.35	26.3	7.75	7.8	10.24	10.3	82.60	82.8	6.29	6.3	16.27	16.3	17.6	16.4
								26.32		7.75		10.24		81.30		6.19		16.44		18.4	
								25.64		8.05		0.13		44.30		3.61		12.05		0.6	
	C1				12:08	0.41	0.2	25.66	25.7	8.02	8.0	0.13	0.1	42.30	42.5	3.45	3.5	12.40	12.2	2.4	1.4
		1	Sunny	Calm				25.69		7.99		0.13		41.00		3.34		12.21		1.2	
			-		10.00			28.83		7.69		1.30		82.40		6.31		27.02		6	
6/11/2024	C2	-			12:30	0.28	0.1	28.83	28.8	7.70	7.7	1.30	1.3	82.00	82.0	6.28	6.3	26.95	26.9	6.2	7.3
		-						28.83		7.71		1.30		81.70		6.26		26.83		9.8	
	UM		Sunny	Calm	13:40	0.44	0.2	26.94	27.0	7.76	7.8	0.75	0.8	41.00	40.1	3.25	3.2	19.54	19.4	30.2	34.1
	UIVI		Sunny	Caim	13:40	0.44	0.2	26.96	27.0	7.75	7.0	0.75	0.8	40.00	40.1	3.17	3.2	19.00	19.4	16.6	34.1
								26.98 25.76		7.74		0.75		39.20		3.11 3.59		19.64 29.42		55.4 41	
	W1				10:57	1.51	0.8	25.76	25.8	7.50	7.4	7.02	7.0	45.80 44.30	44.4	3.59	3.5	30.52	30.8	33.2	37.1
	** 1				10.57	1.51	0.0	25.78	23.0	7.38	7.4	7.02	7.0	44.30	44.4	3.39	5.5	32.38	50.0	33.2	57.1
		Flood	Sunny	Calm								_								-	
	W2				11.10	2 60	13		25.8		7.6		7.6		43.2		34		17.3		18.6
	.112					2.00			20.0						.0.2		0.1				
	W2	Flood	Sunny	Calm	11:10	2.60	1.3	25.77 25.77 25.78	25.8	7.61 7.58 7.56	7.6	7.61 7.61 7.61	7.6	46.10 42.70 40.90	43.2	3.60 3.33 3.19	3.4	17.3 17.3 17.2	0 6	0 6 17.3	0 15.8 6 17.3 21.8

Water Quality Monitoring Results on

Date	Location	Tide	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*		Water	Sampling	Tempe	rature (°C)		pН		Salinity ppt	DO S	aturation (%)	Dissolve	d Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidit	ty(NTU)	Suspende	ed Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	nue	Weather Condition	wind Condition	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
								23.67		7.84		0.11		41.20		3.49		6.70		11.8	
	C1				11:32	0.45	0.2	23.67	23.7	7.71	7.7	0.11	0.1	40.50	40.5	3.43	3.4	6.34	6.5	3.6	6.5
			Sunny	Calm				23.67		7.69		0.11		39.90		3.38		6.34		4.2	
			Cunny	Call				28.25		7.41		0.80		104.80		8.13		15.11		18.8	
	C2	-			11:55	0.40	0.2	28.24	28.2	7.41	7.4	0.80	0.8	105.10	105.1	8.15	8.2	15.15	15.1	11.8	12.7
								28.21		7.41		0.81		105.30		8.17		15.09		7.6	
								25.85		7.47		0.85		39.80		3.23		14.66		16.6	
8/11/2024	UM		Sunny	Calm	12:31	0.43	0.2	25.86	25.9	7.46	7.5	0.85	0.9	37.70	38.1	3.05	3.1	14.57	14.5	21	14.4
								25.87		7.45		0.85		36.80		2.98		14.26		5.6	
								23.84		7.12		7.72		56.20		4.54		24.18		13.6	
	W1				10:10	1.51	0.8	23.86	23.9	7.08	7.1	7.75	7.7	45.70	47.5	3.69	3.8	24.93	24.7	16	16.8
		Flood	Sunny	Calm				23.87		7.06		7.77		40.60		3.28		25.12		20.8	
			Canny	Calm				24.45		7.27		7.69		68.30		5.45		13.69		26.4	
	W2				10:22	2.23	1.1	24.46	24.5	7.25	7.3	7.69	7.7	60.20	62.3	4.81	5.0	13.70	13.7	21	25.6
								24.47		7.23		7.69		58.40		4.66		13.75		29.4	

Water Quality Monitoring Results on

Date	Location	Tido	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*		Water	Sampling	Tempe	rature (°C)		pН	:	Salinity ppt	DO	Saturation (%)	Dissolve	d Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidit	y(NTU)	Suspende	ed Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	nue	weather Condition	wind Condition	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
								25.51		7.24		7.57		23.90		1.87		18.13		10.6	
	W1				10:51	1.30	0.7	25.50	25.5	7.22	7.2	7.60	7.6	17.70	18.9	1.39	1.5	17.88	17.9	20.6	16.4
		Ebb	Sunny	Calm				25.50		7.20		7.60		15.10		1.18		17.79		17.9	
								25.55		7.65	= 0	7.97		39.40		3.08		10.92		22.1	
	W2				11:02	2.50	1.2	25.56	25.6	7.59	7.6	7.97	8.0	29.50	30.8	2.31	2.4	10.99	11.0	18	22.1
								25.56		7.41		7.98		23.40		1.83		11.05		26.3	
	C1				12:51	0.50	0.2	26.93	27.0	7.86	7.9	0.81	0.8	47.90	43.9	3.81	2.5	21.52	04.5	44.6	50.4
	CI				12:51	0.50	0.3	26.98	27.0	7.85	7.9	0.81	0.8	42.90	43.9	3.40	3.5	21.36	21.5	56.4	50.4
			Sunny	Calm				26.98 28.66		7.84		0.81		40.80		3.24 8.19		21.70 12.09		50.2 21	
11/11/2024	C2	-			12:22	0.42	0.2	28.69	28.7	7.99	8.0	0.59	0.6	106.20	106.5	8.21	8.2	12.09	12.0	28.6	28.3
11/11/2024	02	-			12.22	0.42	0.2	28.09	20.7	7.99	0.0	0.59	0.0	106.70	100.5	8.21	0.2	12.00	12.0	35.4	20.5
								25.68		8.32		0.33		43.00		3.51		26.44		23.6	
	UM		Sunny	Calm	12:03	0.46	0.2	25.75	25.7	8.26	8.3	0.20	0.2	33.20	35.7	2.70	2.9	30.78	28.5	28.8	24.4
			,				•	25.79		8.21		0.21		31.00		2.52		28.14		20.8	
								28.11		7.35		5.33		38.30		2.90		26.03		37.4	
	W1				15:27	1.22	0.6	28.04	28.0	7.29	7.3	5.61	5.5	24.70	25.8	1.87	2.0	25.12	25.1	28.2	30.7
			0	Online				27.98		7.24		5.62		14.30		1.08		24.21		26.6	
		Flood	Sunny	Calm				26.52		7.70		7.25		58.30		4.50		11.51		27.2	
	W2				15:42	1.64	0.8	26.49	26.5	7.46	7.5	7.31	7.3	44.10	47.8	3.41	3.7	11.80	11.8	32	31.0
								26.46		7.43		7.35		41.00		3.16		12.16		33.8	

Water Quality Monitoring Results on

Date	Location	Tide	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*		Water	Sampling	Tempe	rature (°C)		pН		Salinity ppt	DO S	Saturation (%)	Dissolve	d Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidit	y(NTU)	Suspende	ed Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	Tide	weather Condition	wind Condition	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
								26.51		7.08		7.22		27.10		2.09		19.83		30.2	
	W1				11:21	1.80	0.9	26.52	26.5	7.05	7.1	7.23	7.2	14.50	17.3	1.12	1.3	19.61	19.8	46.4	40.6
		Ebb	Cloudy	Calm				26.53		7.03		7.22		10.30		0.80		19.88		45.2	
		200	oloudy	ouin				26.76		7.10		12.71		23.40		1.74		24.59		51.6	
	W2				11:35	1.64	0.8	26.76	26.8	7.10	7.1	12.41	12.4	23.40	23.3	1.75	1.7	23.17	23.4	45	51.3
								26.75		7.10		12.16		23.10		1.72		22.55		57.4	
								26.93		7.80		0.30		82.30		6.55		8.26		18.4	
	C1				13:09	0.31	0.2	27.20	27.2	7.78	7.8	0.30	0.3	81.10	81.2	6.43	6.4	8.31	8.2	7	14.1
			Cloudy	Calm				27.38		7.75		0.30		80.20		6.34		8.17		17	
			-		10.15			26.14		7.89		0.76		44.70		3.60		14.58		11	
13/11/2024	C2	-			13:45	0.39	0.2	26.10	26.1	7.88	7.8	0.76	0.5	40.70	41.3	3.29	3.3	14.28	15.4	27	20.4
								26.09		7.76		0.02		38.60		3.12		17.30		23.2	
	UM		Cloudy	Calm	12:50	0.39	0.2	25.21	25.1	8.42	8.3	0.16	0.2	38.90	32.6	3.20	2.7	9.40	9.4	12	12.6
	UN		Cloudy	Caim	12:50	0.39	0.2	25.07	25.1	8.32	0.3	0.16	0.2	30.70	32.0	2.53	2.7	9.37	9.4	15.8 10	12.0
								24.96		8.28		0.16		28.30		2.34		9.40 26.31		32	
	W1				15:03	1.08	0.5	26.26 26.28	26.3	7.08	7.1	6.62	6.6	1.60 1.40	1.5	0.13	0.1	25.50	25.7	57	37.3
	** 1				13.03	1.00	0.5	26.28	20.5	7.07	7.1	6.68	0.0	1.40	1.5	0.11	0.1	25.50	20.7	22.8	57.5
		Flood	Cloudy	Calm				26.29		7.07		7.70		24.40		1.88		13.39		18.2	
	W2				15:16	1.83	0.9	26.62	26.6	7.33	7.3	7.78	7.8	15.10	17.6	1.00	1.4	13.59	13.6	31	25.1
	.112				10.10		0.0	26.63	23.0	7.29		7.86		13.30	.7.0	1.02		13.07		26.2	20.1
								20.03		1.21		1.00		13.30		1.02		13.74		20.2	

Water Quality Monitoring Results on

Date	Location	Tide	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*		Water	Sampling	Tempe	rature (°C)		pН		Salinity ppt	DO Sa	ituration (%)	Dissolved	d Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidity	(NTU)	Suspende	ed Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	nue	Weather Condition	WING CONDITION	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
								25.29		6.76		3.67		17.20		1.39		12.93		46.4	
	W1				12:26	1.69	0.8	25.26	25.3	6.75	6.8	3.77	3.8	9.10	11.3	0.73	0.9	12.49	12.4	19.6	36.7
		Ebb	Rainy	Calm				25.22		6.75		3.87		7.70		0.62		11.84		44	
								25.13		7.04		4.47		22.80		1.83		16.33	_	32.4	
	W2				12:39	1.44	0.7	25.36	25.3	7.03	7.0	4.45	4.6	18.30	19.3	1.47	1.5	16.75	17.2	31.2	27.7
								25.39		7.02		4.93		16.70		1.33		18.50		19.4	
								26.33		7.94		0.18		78.70		6.34		10.03		13	
	C1				14:12	0.38	0.2	26.32	26.3	7.91	7.9	0.18	0.2	77.30	77.5	6.23	6.2	9.70	9.8	12.2	14.7
			Rainy	Calm				26.30		7.88		0.18		76.40		6.16		9.72		18.8	
15/11/0001	00				10.51	0.54		25.15	05.0	8.31		0.12		77.40	70.0	6.37		13.96		15.6	
15/11/2024	C2	-			13:51	0.51	0.3	25.23	25.2	8.26	8.2	0.12	0.1	71.90	73.2	5.91	6.0	14.22	14.1	4.2	8.1
								25.31		8.11		0.12		70.40		5.78		14.22			
	UM		Rainy	Calm	15:00	0.73	0.4	25.94 25.93	25.9	7.83	7.8	0.24	0.2	70.90 63.60	65.5	5.75 5.16	5.3	17.73 17.60	17.6	17.6 11.8	15.7
	UM		Rainy	Calli	15.00	0.75	0.4	25.93	25.9	7.82	7.0	0.24	0.2	61.90	05.5	5.02	5.5	17.60	17.0	17.8	15.7
								25.94		7.82		1.65		49.10		3.96		22.24		17.8	
	W1				15:40	1.17	0.6	25.87	25.9	7.25	7.2	1.65	1.7	49.10	46.8	3.96	3.8	22.24	22.0	28.6	23.4
	** 1				13.40	1.17	0.0	25.85	23.5	7.23	1.2	1.79	1.7	40.40	40.0	3.61	5.0	22.00	22.0	25.8	23.4
		Flood	Rainy	Calm				25.85		7.06		1.03		18.00		1.47		20.86		25.8	
	W2				15:52	1.43	0.7	25.34	25.3	7.06	7.1	1.03	1.0	17.40	17.3	1.42	1.4	20.50	20.6	17.4	17.5
					10.02		0.1		20.0										20.0	17.4	
								25.34		7.06		1.05		16.50		1.35		20.31		14	

Water Quality Monitoring Results on

Date	Location	Tide	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*		Water	Sampling	Tempe	rature (°C)		pН		Salinity ppt	DO Sa	ituration (%)	Dissolved	d Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidity	(NTU)	Suspende	ed Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	nue	weather Condition	Wind Condition	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
								25.71		7.25		5.94		26.30		2.07		21.22		23	
	W1				10:48	1.66	0.8	25.69	25.7	7.22	7.2	5.95	5.9	24.30	24.5	1.92	1.9	21.44	21.3	37	28.5
		Ebb	Cloudy	Calm				25.69		7.20		5.95		23.00		1.81		21.24		25.4	
			,					25.53		7.44		8.80		34.60		2.70		15.53		49.4	
	W2				11:02	2.45	1.2	25.51	25.5	7.41	7.4	8.83	8.8	28.70	29.7	2.23	2.3	15.45	15.5	31.8	42.3
								25.48		7.39		8.87		25.90		2.01		15.43		45.6	
								25.55		7.29		0.74		25.60		2.08		15.59		3.2	
	C1				12:55	0.41	0.2	25.57	25.6	7.29	7.3	0.74	0.7	21.20	22.5	1.72	1.8	15.96	15.9	7.4	6.6
			Cloudy	Calm				25.59		7.28		0.74		20.60		1.68		16.29		9.2	
			-		10.00			26.43		7.16		0.28		76.50		6.15		7.16		4.2	
18/11/2024	C2	-			12:26	0.30	0.2	26.43	26.4	7.14	7.1	0.28	0.3	75.60	75.7	6.08	6.1	6.98	6.9	2.6	2.9
								26.43		1.15		0.28		75.00		6.03		6.69		1.8	
	UM		Claudu	Calm	12:09	0.07	0.0	25.48	25.5	7.69	7.6	0.13	0.1	55.40	51.2	4.53	4.2	11.16	44.4	12.4	10.8
	UM		Cloudy	Calm	12:09	0.37	0.2	25.49	25.5	7.55	7.0	0.13	0.1	50.10	51.2	4.10	4.2	11.13	11.1	14.6	10.6
								25.49		7.50		0.13		48.10		3.93		10.90		5.4	
	W1				14:14	2.19	1.1	26.11 26.05	26.1	7.07	7.1	7.91	7.9	34.70 32.40	32.7	2.69	2.5	29.20 29.46	29.4	12.8 17.6	17.5
	VV I				14.14	2.19	1.1		20.1	7.07	7.1	7.94	7.9		32.1		2.5		29.4	-	17.5
		Flood	Cloudy	Calm				26.02 26.02		7.06		7.99		31.00 50.00		2.41 3.89		29.56 31.76		22.2 15.6	
	W2				14:26	2.50	1.2	26.02	26.0	7.60	7.5	7.38	7.4	49.00	49.1	3.89	3.8	36.15	31.5	15.6	19.1
	vv2				14.20	2.00	1.2	26.02	20.0	7.45	1.5	7.38	7.4	49.00	43.1	3.81	5.0	26.49	51.5	17.6	13.1
L								20.02		1.45		1.30		40.40		3.76		20.49		24	

Water Quality Monitoring Results on

Date	Location	Tide	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*	Sompling Time	Water	Sampling	Tempe	rature (°C)		pН		Salinity ppt	DO S	aturation (%)	Dissolved	d Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidit	y(NTU)	Suspend	ed Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	nue	Weather Condition	Wind Condition	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
								20.29		7.97		0.21		81.10		7.33		70.38		22.9	
	W1				15:44	2.43	1.2	20.30	20.3	7.97	8.0	0.21	0.2	78.90	79.3	7.12	7.2	69.20	70.0	33.3	30.6
		Ebb	Rainv	Calm				20.30		7.96		0.21		77.90		7.03		70.33		35.6	
		200	rtainty	ouin				20.63		7.27		1.37		39.80		3.54		42.47		27.5	
	W2				15:58	2.78	1.4	20.64	20.6	7.27	7.3	1.37	1.4	37.80	37.0	3.37	3.3	42.53	42.5	30.5	28.1
								20.65		7.26		1.37		33.30		2.97		42.51		26.2	
								20.47		8.00		0.14		87.70		7.89		33.67		9.2	
	C1				13:15	0.40	0.2	20.48	20.5	8.00	8.0	0.14	0.1	87.00	86.9	7.83	7.8	33.90	33.9	17.4	15.7
			Rainy	Calm				20.48		8.00		0.14		86.00		7.74		33.99		20.4	
			,					22.07		7.67		0.16		86.10		7.51		7.50	-	1.4	
20/11/2024	C2	-			12:33	0.30	0.2	22.03	22.0	7.66	7.7	0.16	0.2	85.50	85.3	7.46	7.4	7.49	7.5	1.2	1.3
								21.99		7.64		0.16		84.30		7.37		7.45		1.2	
								20.66		8.08		0.02		89.50		8.03		24.67		14.8	
	UM		Rainy	Calm	12:10	0.37	0.2	20.64	20.6	8.06	8.1	0.02	0.0	88.50	88.6	7.94	8.0	25.03	24.8	15.8	17.7
								20.62		8.04		0.02		87.80		7.89		24.80		22.6	
								21.01		6.87		3.45		70.80		6.19		33.47		33.4	
	W1				10:20	0.85	0.4	21.02	21.0	6.88	6.9	3.46	3.5	69.50	69.6	6.07	6.1	33.21	33.3	26.4	30.4
		Flood	Rainy	Calm				21.01		6.88		3.47		68.50		5.98		33.09		31.4	
					10.00	4.05		21.04		6.88		1.76		28.20		2.49		41.75		38.4	
	W2				10:32	1.25	0.6	21.05	21.1	6.88	6.9	1.76	1.8	25.20	25.7	2.22	2.3	42.09	42.0	41.8	39.3
								21.06		6.88		1.76		23.70		2.09		42.04		37.6	

Water Quality Monitoring Results on

Date	Location	Tido	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*		Water	Sampling	Tempe	erature (°C)		pН		Salinity ppt	DO S	aturation (%)	Dissolve	d Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidit	y(NTU)	Suspend	ed Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	nue	weather Condition	wind Condition	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
								24.53		7.54		0.64		75.50		6.27		6.67		17.4	
	C1				12:37	0.45	0.2	24.49	24.5	7.39	7.4	0.64	0.6	74.20	74.4	6.17	6.2	6.63	6.7	18.2	13.7
			Fine	Calm				24.48		7.36		0.64		73.60		6.12		6.65		5.6	
			T IIIC	Call				22.03		7.97		0.10		71.50		6.24		7.83		4.4	
	C2	-			12:59	0.29	0.1	22.00	22.0	7.79	7.8	0.10	0.1	69.90	70.0	6.11	6.1	8.00	7.9	13	6.8
								21.97		7.75		0.10		68.60		6.00		7.96		3	
								22.96		7.61		0.68		58.20		4.98		20.89		27	
22/11/2024	UM		Fine	Calm	11:56	0.51	0.3	22.96	23.0	7.59	7.6	0.68	0.7	53.50	54.4	4.57	4.7	20.35	20.8	22.2	21.7
								22.96		7.57		0.68		51.50		4.40		21.16		15.8	
								21.60		7.14		2.10		46.60		4.06		39.27		43.2	
	W1				10:51	2.07	1.0	21.61	21.6	7.13	7.1	2.10	2.1	38.30	40.3	3.33	3.5	39.43	39.4	44.8	40.5
		Flood	Fine	Calm				21.62		7.12		2.10		35.90		3.13		39.47		33.6	
		11000	T IIIC	Cam				21.46		7.74		0.84		40.40		3.56		28.98		26.8	
	W2				11:05	1.84	0.9	21.45	21.5	7.56	7.6	0.93	1.0	33.10	33.2	2.91	2.9	28.14	28.3	29.2	26.3
								21.45		7.47		1.17		26.20		2.30		27.73		22.8	

Water Quality Monitoring Results on

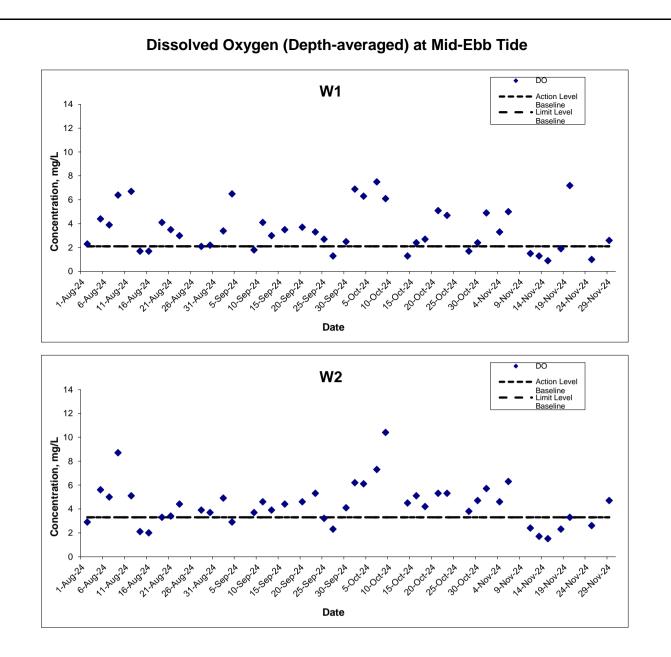
Date	Location	Tide	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*		Water	Sampling	Tempe	rature (°C)		pН		Salinity ppt	DO Sa	aturation (%)	Dissolved	d Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidity	(NTU)	Suspende	ed Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	nue	Weather Condition	Wind Condition	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
								22.08		7.22		4.39		15.60		1.32		10.65		14.8	
	W1				10:31	1.28	0.6	22.07	22.1	7.20	7.2	4.38	4.4	12.60	11.7	1.07	1.0	10.50	10.5	16.8	16.1
		Ebb	Cloudy	Calm				22.05		7.18		4.40		6.80		0.58		10.44		16.8	
		200	ciculy	ouin				22.19		7.54		4.07		39.30		3.34		14.64		26.4	
	W2				10:42	2.51	1.3	22.20	22.2	7.38	7.4	4.09	4.1	29.60	30.2	2.52	2.6	14.63	14.6	52.6	34.9
								22.20		7.34		4.09		21.60		1.84		14.66		25.6	
								24.71		7.54		0.54		77.50		6.42		11.31		6.8	
	C1				13:09	0.33	0.2	24.68	24.7	7.51	7.5	0.54	0.5	75.40	75.8	6.25	6.3	11.29	11.4	5.2	6.7
		1	Cloudy	Calm				24.65		7.49		0.54		74.60		6.19		11.51		8	
								23.31		7.78		0.64		38.20		3.25		71.79		14.6	
25/11/2024	C2	-			13:43	0.46	0.2	23.25	23.3	7.76	7.8	0.64	0.6	33.70	34.5	2.87	2.9	75.90	75.1	8.2	9.5
		-						23.21		7.74		0.64		31.70		2.70		77.50		5.8	
	UM		Claudu	Calm	11:47	0.47	0.2	22.47	22.5	8.46	8.1	0.15	0.2	64.20	54.8	5.56 4.38	4.7	6.31	5.0	116.4	117.1
	UM		Cloudy	Caim	11:47	0.47	0.2	22.46	22.5	8.01	0.1	0.15	0.2	50.60	54.6		4.7	5.47	5.8	114.8	117.1
								22.46		7.87		0.15		49.70		4.30		5.55		120	
	W1				15:42	1.10	0.6	22.95 22.86	22.8	7.24	7.2	3.94 3.98	4.0	8.80	4.4	0.74	0.4	19.06	18.6	13.2 17.4	13.9
	VV I				13.42	1.10	0.0	22.86	22.0	7.22	1.2	4.05	4.0	3.00	4.4	0.25	0.4	18.63 18.06	10.0	17.4	13.9
		Flood	Cloudy	Calm				22.70		7.20		4.05		1.50 31.30		2.63		18.06		20.2	
	W2				15:57	1.82	0.9	22.57	22.6	7.59	7.4	4.98	5.2	23.10	22.0	1.94	1.8	15.29	15.3	20.2	21.9
	**2				15.57	1.02	0.5	22.56	22.0	7.40	7.4	5.48	5.2	11.60	22.0	0.97	1.0	15.22	13.5	29.8	21.5
								22.53		7.31		5.46		11.60		0.97		15.27		10.0	

Water Quality Monitoring Results on

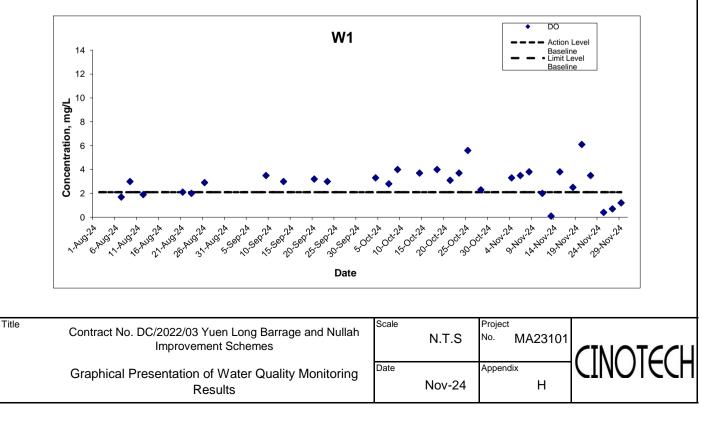
Date	Location	Tido	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*		Water	Sampling	Temp	erature (°C)		pН		Salinity ppt	DO S	aturation (%)	Dissolved	l Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidit	y(NTU)	Suspende	d Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	nue	weather Condition	wind Condition	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
								19.70		7.46		0.30		52.10		4.76		49.82		113.6	
	C1				9:49	0.41	0.2	19.74	19.7	7.33	7.4	0.30	0.3	49.60	48.7	4.52	4.4	49.04	49.8	110	118.1
			Fine	Calm				19.77		7.32		0.30		44.40		4.05		50.52		130.8	
			Tine	Cam				22.98		7.07		0.34		87.30		7.48		7.72		8	
	C2	-			10:12	0.31	0.2	23.01	23.0	7.06	7.1	0.34	0.3	87.20	87.2	7.47	7.5	7.53	7.6	13.2	9.2
								23.01		7.06		0.34		87.20		7.46		7.58		6.4	
								21.90		7.36		0.74		35.70		3.11		29.33		60.6	
27/11/2024	UM		Fine	Calm	10:50	0.48	0.2	21.89	21.9	7.37	7.4	0.31	0.6	30.40	31.5	2.66	2.8	30.26	30.3	57	57.9
								21.87		7.38		0.75		28.50		2.49		31.28		56.2	
								21.77		7.32		2.84		10.80		0.93		14.53		13	
	W1				11:32	1.30	0.7	21.78	21.8	7.20	7.2	2.84	2.8	7.90	8.3	0.68	0.7	14.53	14.5	21.4	16.7
		Flood	Fine	Calm				21.79		7.18		2.85		6.20		0.54		14.55		15.8	
		500		Califi				21.91		7.68		5.31		41.90		3.56		17.29		16	
	W2				11:43	1.03	0.5	21.92	21.9	7.63	7.6	5.31	5.3	32.70	34.9	2.78	3.0	17.33	17.4	15.4	13.2
								21.92		7.50		5.32		30.10		2.55		17.43		8.2	

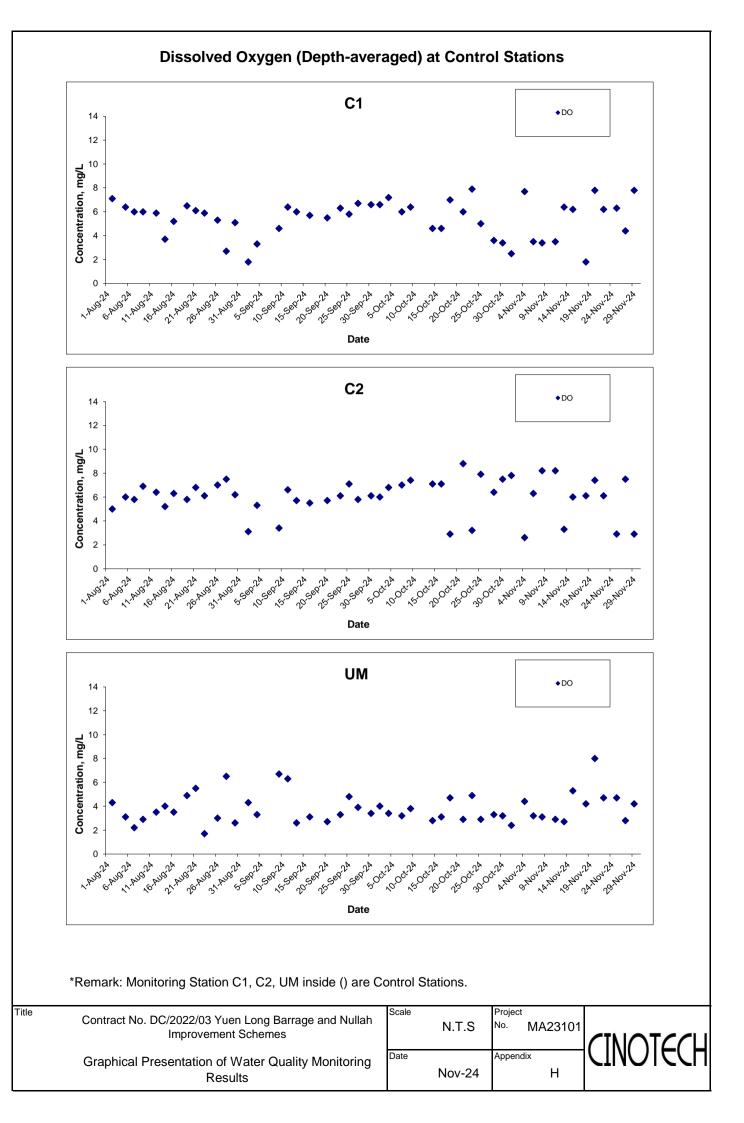
Water Quality Monitoring Results on

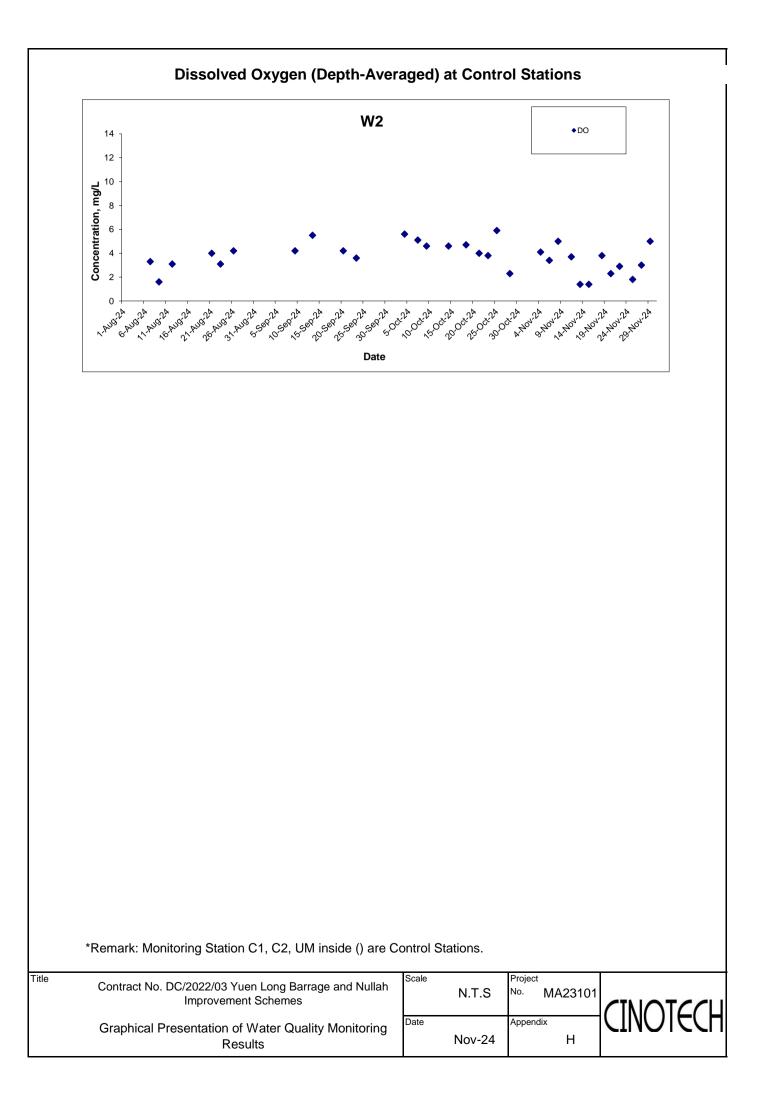
Date	Location	Tide	Weather Condition	Wind Condition*		Water	Sampling	Tempe	rature (°C)		pН		Salinity ppt	DO	Saturation (%)	Dissolve	d Oxygen (mg/L	Turbidi	y(NTU)	Suspende	ed Solids (mg/L)
Date	Location	Tide	weather Condition	wind Condition"	Sampling Time	Depth(M)	Depth(M)	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average	Value	Average
	W1	Ebb	Cloudy	Calm	11:34	1.99	1.0	19.83		7.28		3.91		36.10		3.21		16.30		27.4	
								19.84	19.8	7.26	7.3	3.92	3.9	27.80	29.5	2.48	2.6	16.22	16.3	46	37.3
								19.85		7.24		3.92		24.50		2.18		16.27		38.4	
	W2	200			11:46	2.21	1.1	19.96		7.74		6.93		57.70		5.04		24.97		36.2	
								19.96	20.0	7.67	7.7	6.93	6.9	54.70	53.4	4.78	4.7	25.12	25.2	37	39.1
								19.95		7.62		6.92		47.90	 	4.19	-	25.40		44.2	
	C1		Cloudy	Calm	13:00	0.30	0.1	25.00		7.29		0.42		94.70		7.81		7.07		15.2	
								25.01	25.0	7.27	7.3	0.42	0.4	94.40	94.4	7.78	7.8	7.09	7.0	9.6	11.9
								25.03		7.25		0.42		94.00		7.75		6.96		10.8	
	C2	-			14:20	0.43	0.2	22.19		7.23		0.89		34.20		2.97		18.04		6.6	
29/11/2024								22.19	22.2	7.23	7.2	0.89	0.9	32.80	32.9	2.84	2.9	18.39	18.1	5.8	5.5
								22.19		7.22		0.89		31.80		2.76		17.99		4.2	
	UM		Cloudy	Calm	12:39	0.41	0.2	21.09	21.1	7.63	7.6	0.12	0.4	48.50	47.2	4.32	4.2	7.05	74	18.8	23.5
								21.14	21.1	7.60		0.12	0.1	47.20		4.19	4.2	7.24	7.1	20.2	23.5
								21.19		7.57		0.12		46.00		4.09		7.02		31.6	
	W1 W2	Flood	d Cloudy	Calm -	16:07 1.04	1.09	0.5	21.72 21.74	21.7	7.27	7.3	1.82	1.8	20.80	14.1	1.81	1.2	25.73 25.54	25.6	28.6	27.2
						1.06			21.7		7.3		1.0		14.1		1.2		25.6	29.4	21.2
					16:19	1.22	0.6	21.75 20.66		7.23		1.82 3.88		8.70 58.60		0.76		25.52 18.69		23.6 24.2	
								20.66	20.7	7.64	7.6	3.88	3.9	56.30	56.6	4.94	5.0	18.63	18.7	24.2	22.3
								20.67	20.7	7.64	7.0	3.88	5.9	56.30	50.0	4.94	5.0	18.63	10.7	15.6	22.3
								20.68		1.62		3.88		54.90		4.82		18.64		15.6	

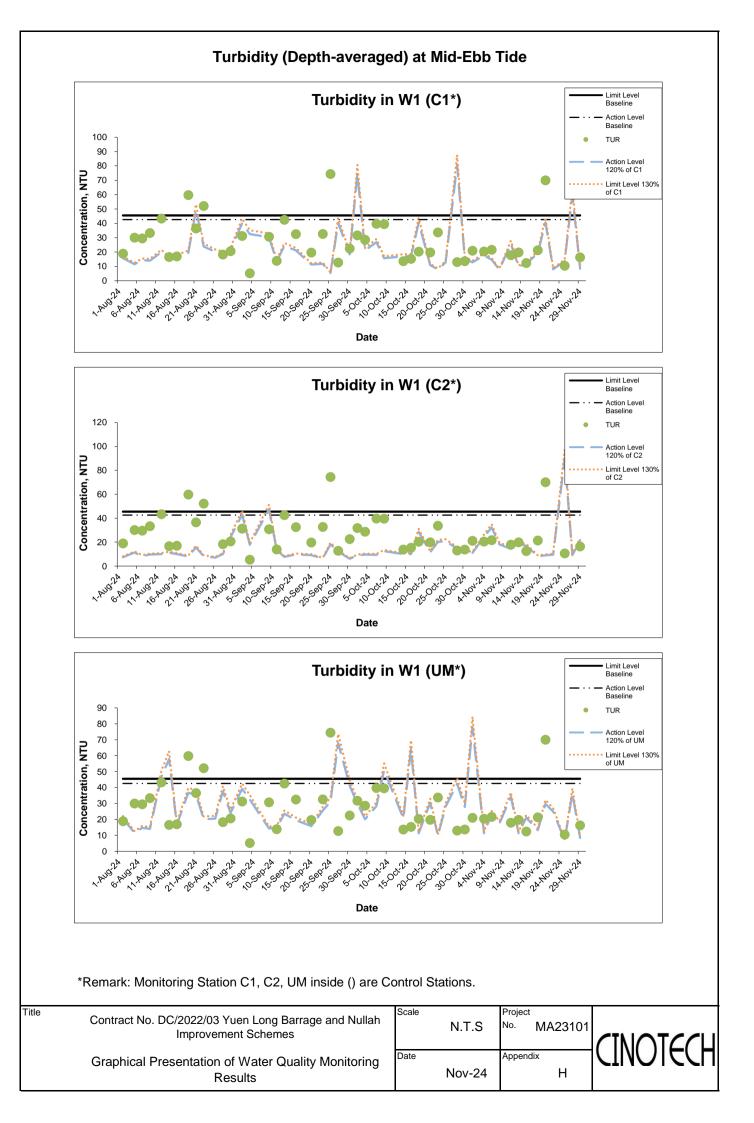


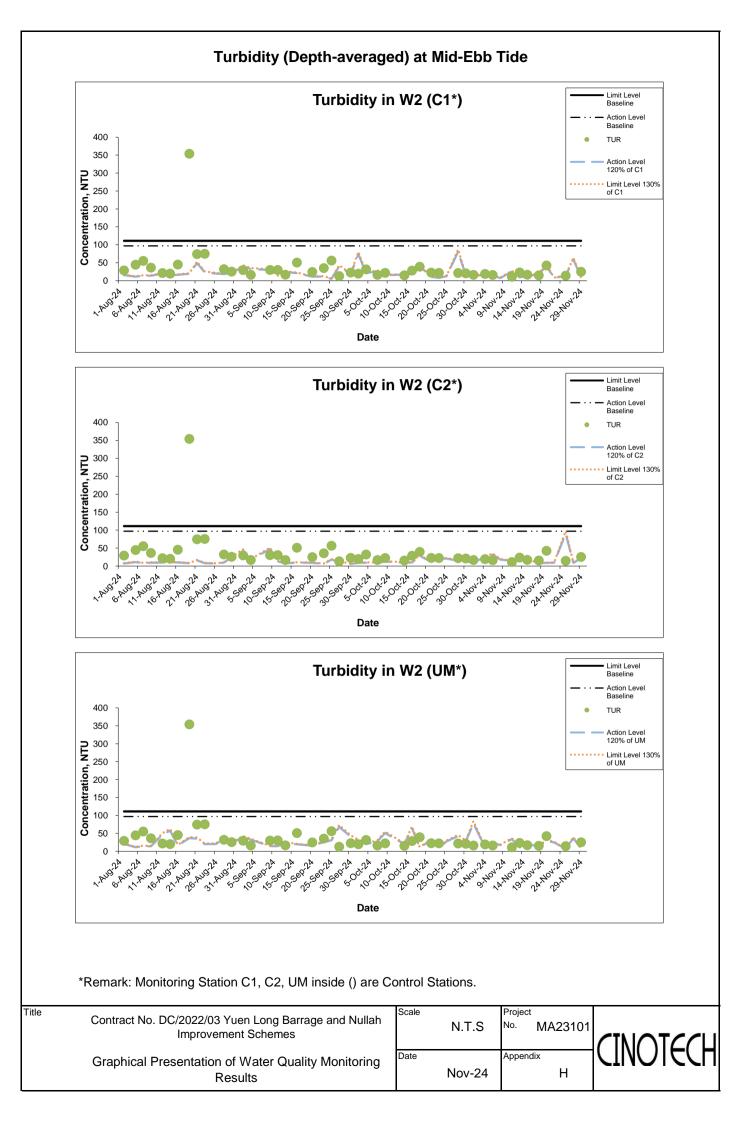
Dissolved Oxygen (Depth-Averaged) at Mid-Flood Tide

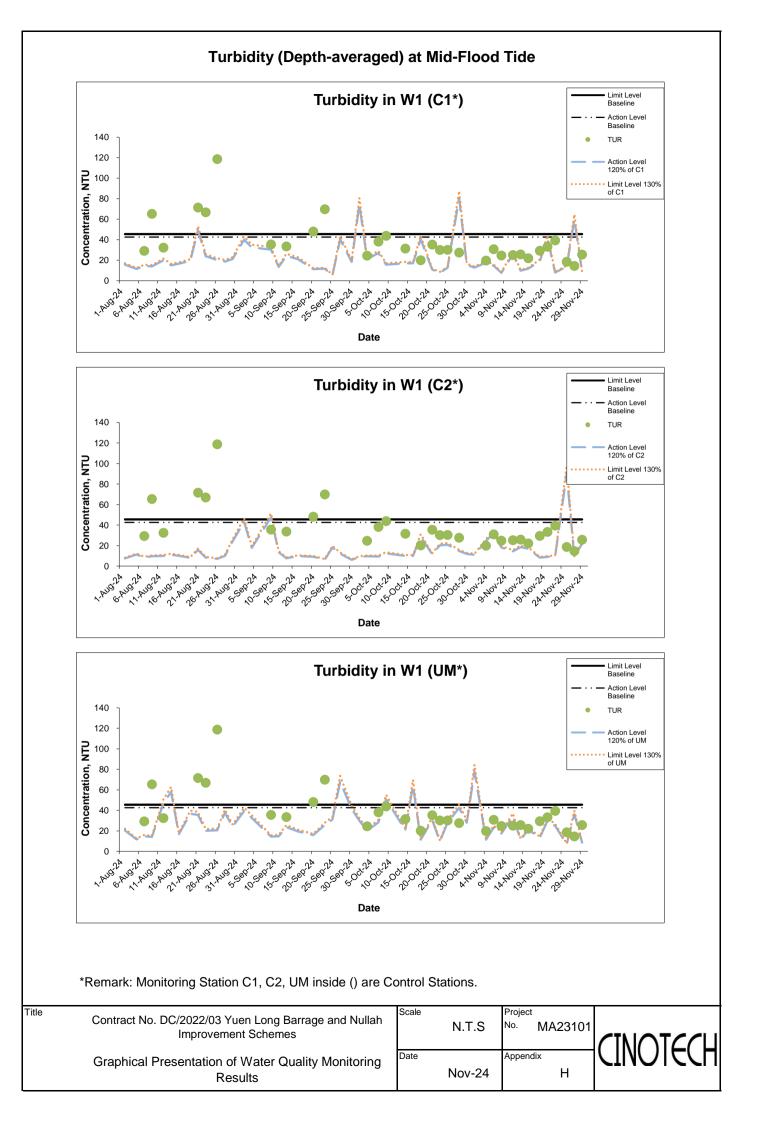


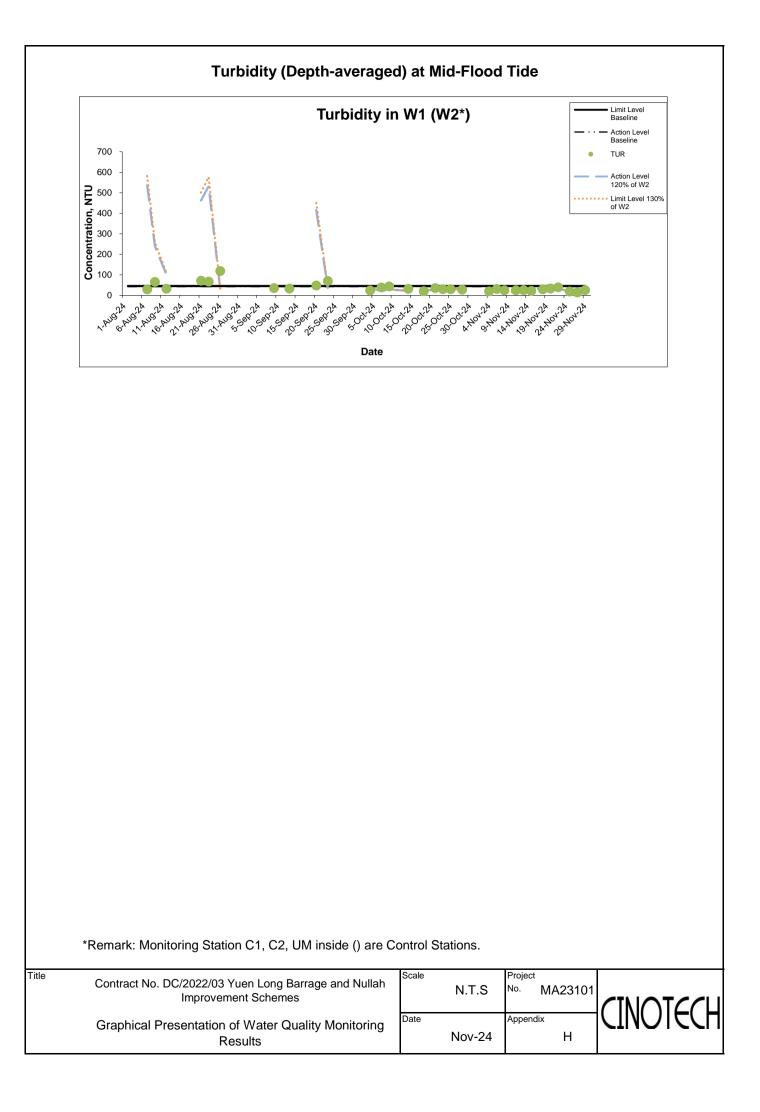


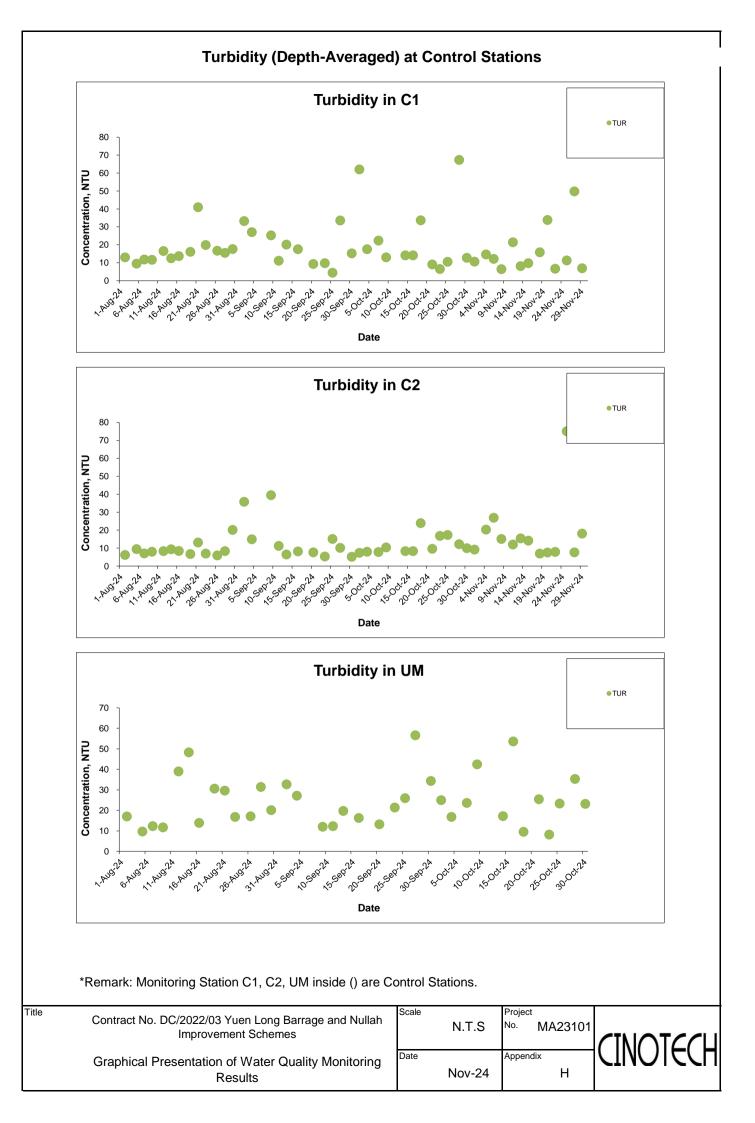


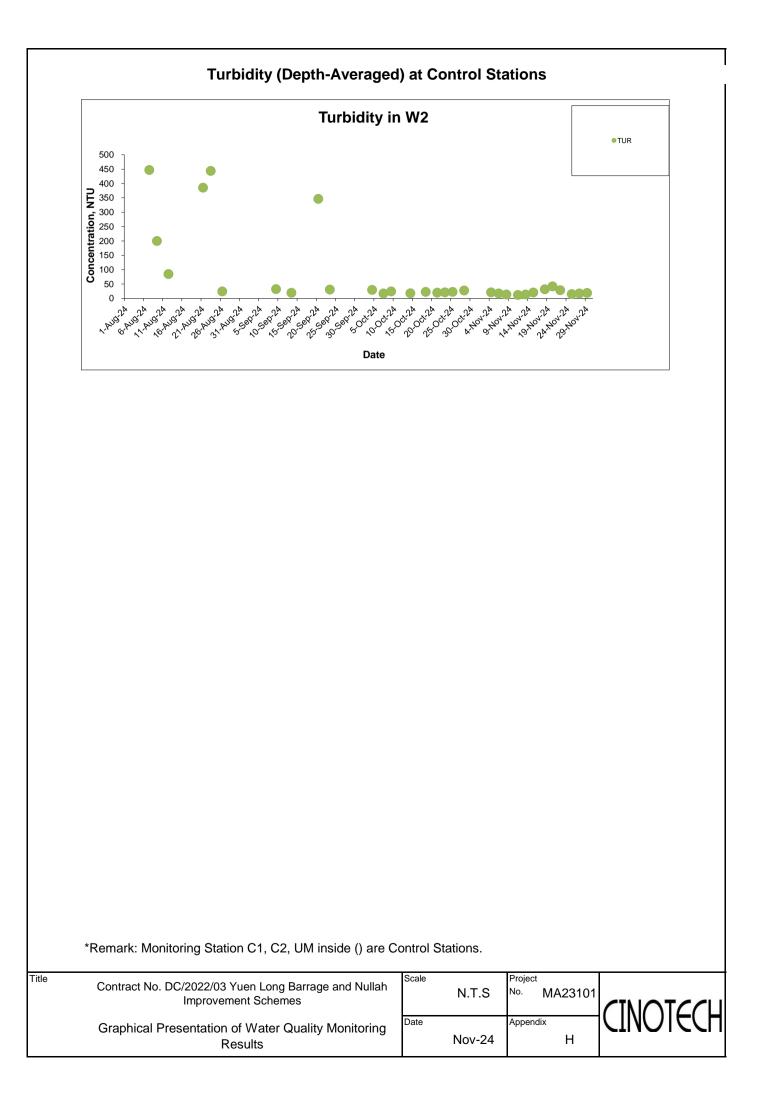


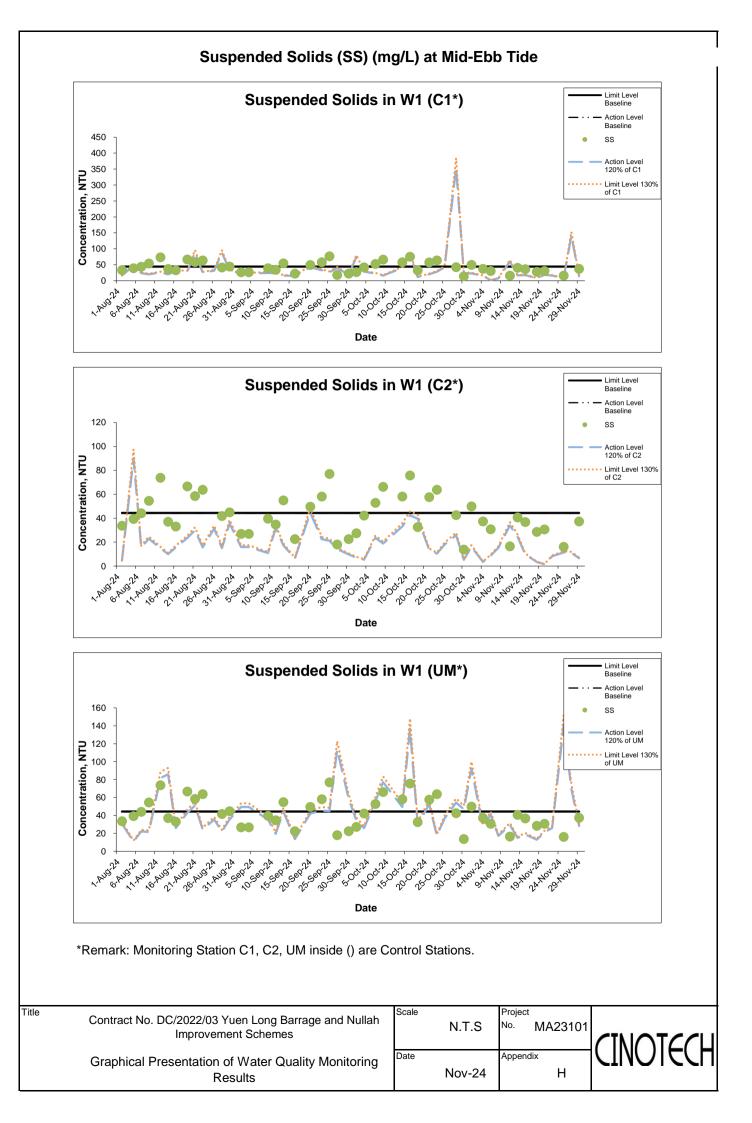


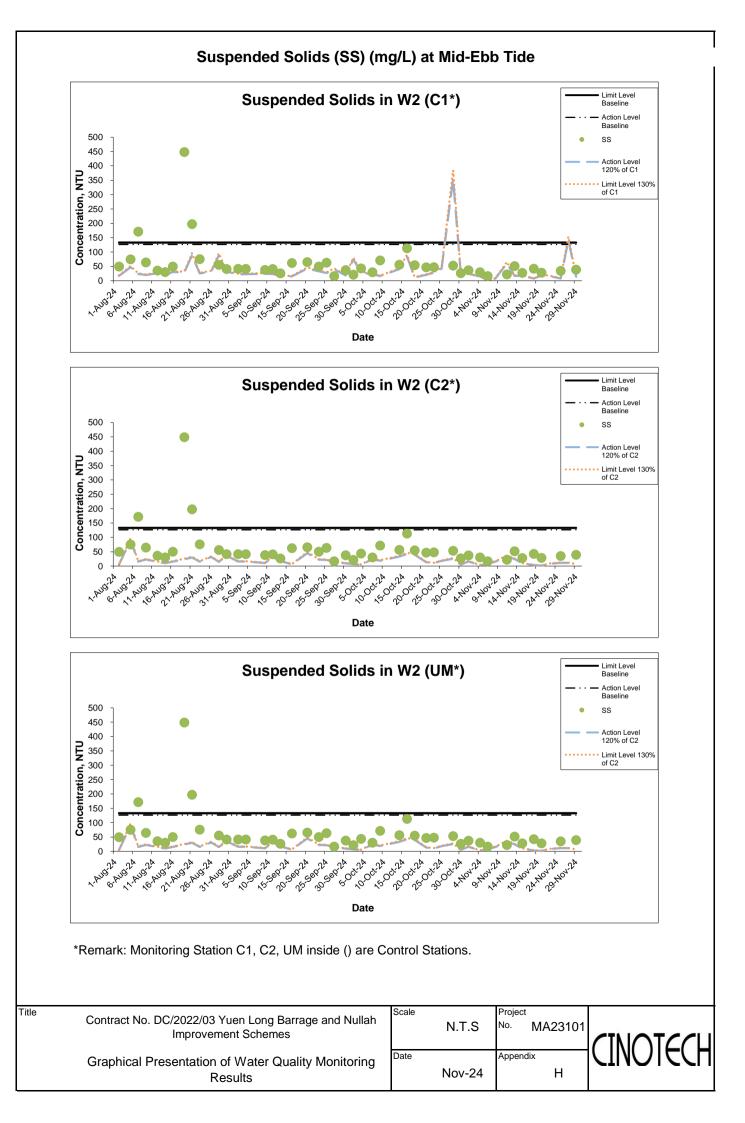


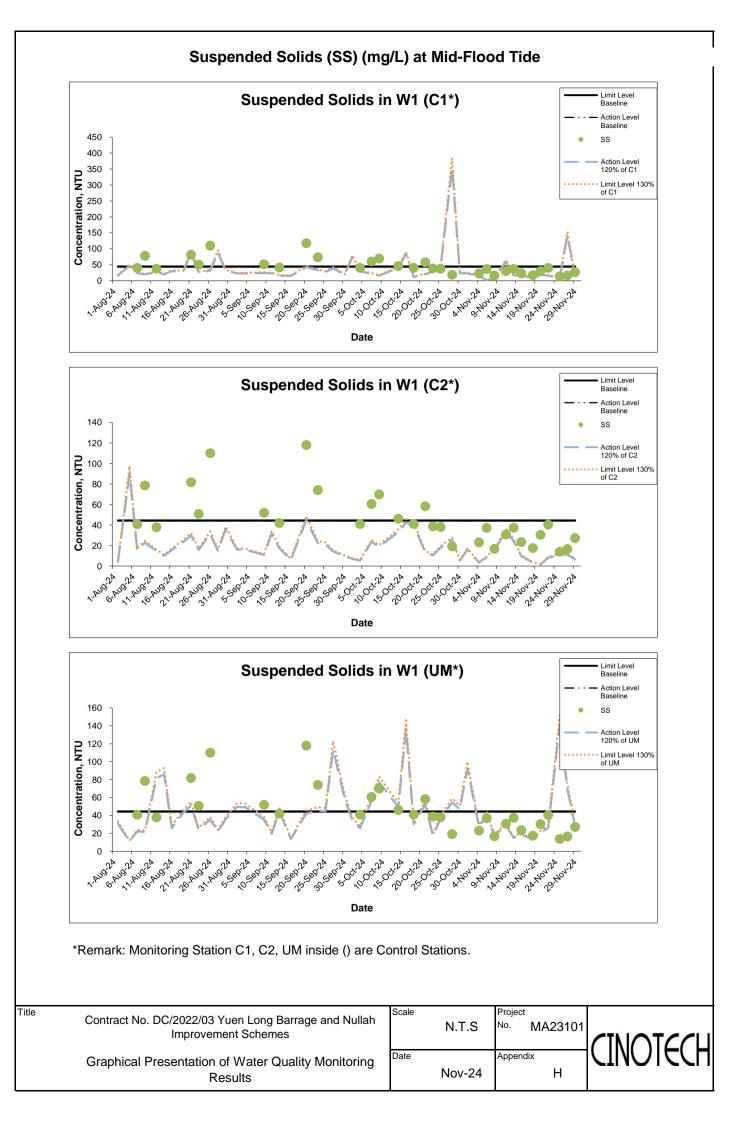


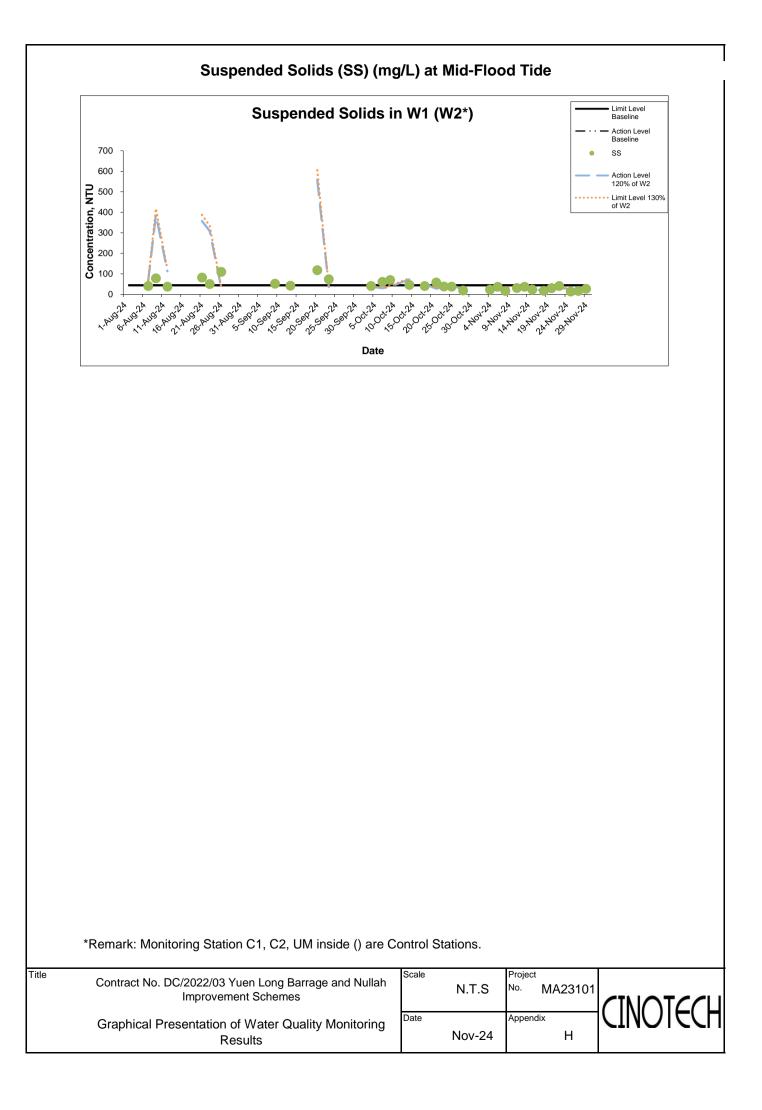


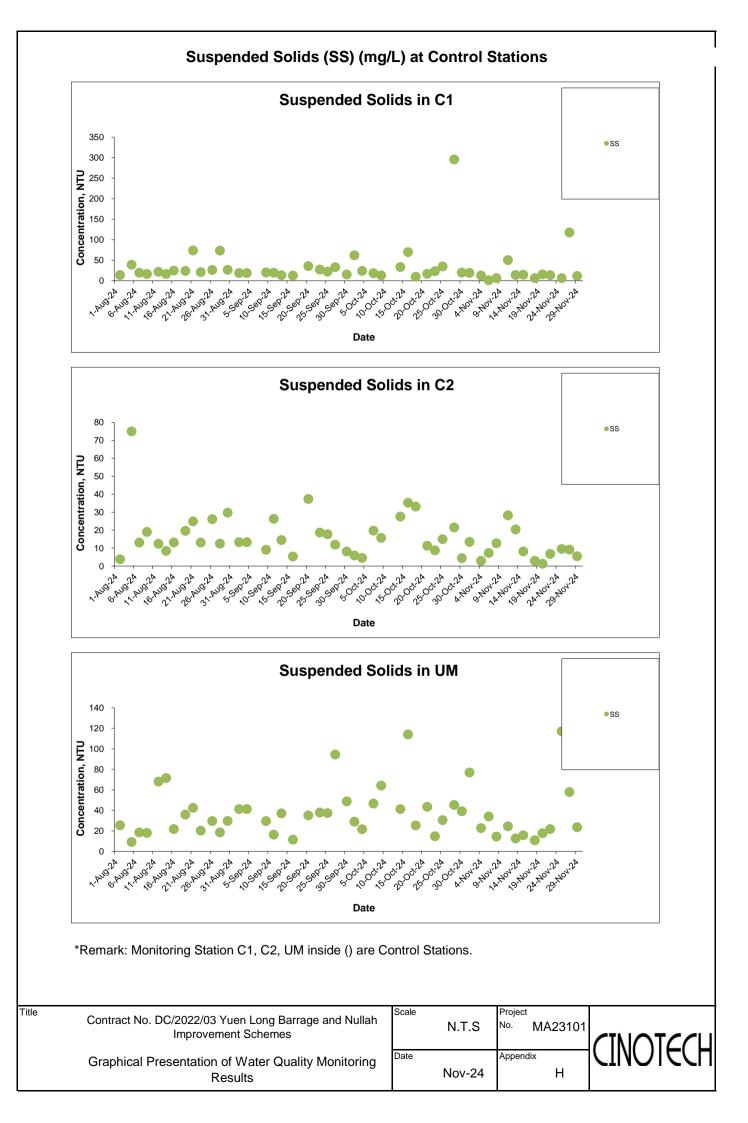


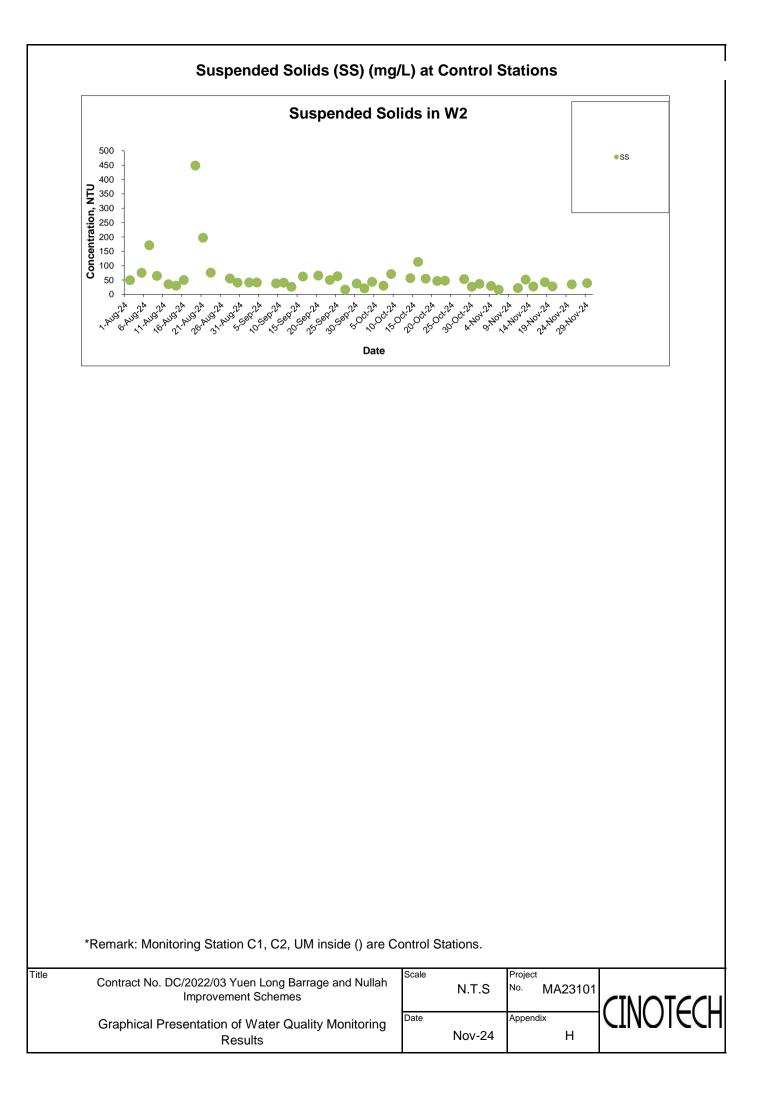












APPENDIX I ECOLOGICAL MONITORING OF BIRD SURVEY REPORT

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 1.2	BACKGROUND PURPOSE AND THE SCOPE OF THE PROJECT	1 1
2	REVIEW OF MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	2
2.1	REQUIREMENTS IN EM&A MANUAL	2
3	METHODOLOGY	3
3.1 3.2 3.3	Monitoring Area Survey Methodology Data analysis	3
4	RESULTS AND ANALYSIS	5
4.1 4.2	Monitoring Results Result and Analysis of the Yuen Long Area	
5	CONCLUSION	12
5.1	Exceedance	

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1 Abundance of All Waterbirds	5
Table 2 Abundance of All Bird Species of Conservation Importance	7
Table 3 Shannon Diversity Index Value of All Waterbirds.	
Table 4 Shannon Diversity Index Value of All Bird Species of Conservation Importance	
Table 5 Noise Monitoring Results (For Ecological Monitoring of Birds)	11

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix A	Map of the Project Area
Appendix B	Habitat Map of Yuen Long
Appendix C	Avifauna record in Yuen Long
Appendix D	Photographic Record of Verification Survey

Appendix E Proposed Action and Limit Levels and Action Plan

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

- 1.1.1 The Drainage Services Department (DSD) proposes Yuen Long Barrage Scheme at the mouth of Yuen Long Nullah (YLN) near the Shan Pui River. The objective is this project is to enhance the flood protection level of the existing Yuen Long Nullah and Kam Tin River to the required standard. Also, resolve odour problem and enhance the local environment of the town centre section of Yuen Long Nullah, and revitalise Yuen Long Nullah.
- 1.1.2 The barrage scheme in Yuen Long would conduct a construction of an automatic flood barrier of about 60 meters (m), a stormwater pumping station, a master control center and the associated electrical and mechanical facilities in the Yuen Long Nullah. Besides, flood walls along the Kam Tin River and the Yuen Long Nullah would also be improved in this scheme. The site location is shown in **Appendix A**.
- 1.1.3 The proposed works for Barrage Scheme is a designated project under the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (EIAO) (Cap. 499), for which Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Report and Environmental Monitoring and Audit (EM&A) Manual were approved by the Environmental Protection Department (EPD) (Register No.: AEIAR-228/2021) on 24 May 2021. The Environmental Permit (EP) (EP No. EP-604/2022) was issued by EPD on 21 January 2022.
- 1.1.4 Cinotech Consultants Limited has been appointed by the Contractor China State Alchmex JV as the Environmental Team (ET) to prepare a baseline bird survey report for the monthly EM&A works, focusing on avifauna species along Shan Pui River and Kam Tin River within 500m from the Project boundary during construction phase.

1.2 Purpose and the scope of the project

- 1.2.1 To conduct ecological monitoring of birds during the construction phase of the project, this Ecological Monitoring of Birds Survey Report for the project of Yuen Long Barrage Scheme is prepared in compliance with the requirements of Section 7.3.6 7.3.9 of the EM&A Manual.
- 1.2.2 This report presents the requirements, methodology and results of the construction phase ecological monitoring of birds survey in accordance with the requirements of the approved EM&A Manual.

2 **REVIEW OF MONITORING REQUIREMENTS**

2.1 Requirements in EM&A Manual

- 2.1.1 Monitoring requirements of birds in the EM&A Manual include:
 - Baseline Ecological Monitoring of Birds
 - Section 7.3.3: The result of the ecological field surveys conducted for the EIA study, which were conducted monthly over a 12-month period between July 2019 and July 2020, will be adopted as the baseline for the evaluation of utilization of the wetland habitats by birds nearby the Project Site and effectiveness of the proposed mitigation measures during the ecological monitoring. The ET should review the applicability of the results of baseline surveys conducted for the EIA and conduct verification surveys as necessary.
 - Ecological Monitoring of Birds
 - Section 7.3.6: Monthly ecological monitoring, focusing on avifauna species of conservation importance, and overwintering waterbirds utilising wetland habitats along Shan Pui River and Kam Tin River within 500m from the Project boundary should be conducted during construction phase. For the surveys overlooking the tidal mudflats and mangroves in the Shan Pui River and Kam Tin River, the tidal level at the time of the survey should be taken into consideration and the surveys should be taken when the tidal level is generally 1.5m or below.
 - Section 7.3.7: Avifaunal communities should be surveyed quantitatively along transects and at selected point count locations. All birds heard or seen along the transects should be identified to species level and counted. Noise level should also be recorded. Any changes in site condition or disturbances detected or observed at the monitoring locations, including both construction and non-construction related activities, during each impact monitoring visit should also be recorded.
 - Section 7.3.8: The monitoring results should be compared to pre-construction baseline condition during the dry and wet seasons as summarized in the Baseline Bird Survey Report.
 - Section 7.3.9: The ecological monitoring should be undertaken by experienced ecologist(s) with relevant working experience. Should any unpredicted indirect ecological impacts arising from the proposed Project be detected, remedial measures should be developed and implemented by the Contractor. The monitoring results with comparison to pre-construction baseline condition should be reported in the monthly EM&A Reports.
- 2.1.2 The assessment area for avifauna survey includes areas within a 500 m distance from the boundary of the Project site at the Yuen Long Nullah. The locations of the transect routes adopted in the EIA are illustrated in **Appendix A** respectively.

3 METHODOLOGY

3.1 Monitoring Area

- 3.1.1 The monitoring area included wetland habitats along the Shan Pui River and Kam Tin River within 500m from the Project boundary with reference to Section 7.3.6 of the EM&A Manual. The location of point count sites and transect routes is shown in **Appendix A**.
- 3.1.2 As the construction phase of the project at the Kam Tin River has not begun yet, no ecological monitoring was required for that project area. This report will only present results of the ecological monitoring of birds conducted along the Yuen Long Nullah.

3.2 Survey Methodology

- 3.2.1 Avifauna surveys on the different wetland habitats using the transect count and point count methods were conducted on 27 November 2024 which started at around 10:30. For the surveys overlooking the tidal mudflats and mangroves in the Shan Pui River, the surveys were conducted when the tidal level was 1.5m or below.
- 3.2.2 The presence and abundance of avifauna species at various wetland habitats were recorded for the transect count and point count methods. In addition to recording the bird count, any disturbances that may affect bird behaviour were recorded, both coming from the project construction activity or other sources.
- 3.2.3 Avifauna species were detected either by direct sighting or by their call. Species recorded were identified and quantified, with special reference to behaviours such as feeding, roosting and breeding.
- 3.2.4 For evaluation of waterbird, wetland dependent species defined in the Monthly Waterbird Monitoring Biannual Report prepared by the Hong Kong Bird Watching Society are considered.
- 3.2.5 Avifauna species of conservation importance refers to the species that is listed in Threatened categories of IUCN Red List (vulnerable, endangered and critically endangered) or those of the South China region (e.g. China Red Data Book), have conservation concern rated by Fellowes et al (2002) and protected under the legislation of Hong Kong. This report will screen out species with important conservation significance from the original data of the EIA study for analysis.
- 3.2.6 As the impact monitoring should focus on wetland habitats similar to the baseline monitoring, data collected from terrestrial habitats far away from wetland habitats are excluded just like the baseline monitoring. Transects within and near wetland habitats where the data are analysed are shown in **Appendix A** for Yuen Long Area which will adopted for data analysis.
- 3.2.7 Noise levels were recorded concurrently with the ecological monitoring of birds at the proposed noise monitoring stations **Table 5**.
 - The monitoring station was set at a position 1.2m above the ground.
 - For free field measurement, the meter was positioned away from any nearby reflective surfaces.
 - Parameters such as frequency weighting, the time weighting and the measurement time was set as follows:
 - frequency weighting: A

- time weighting: Fast
- measurement time: 5 minutes
- Prior to and after each noise measurement, the meter was calibrated using a Calibrator for 94.0 dB at 1000 Hz. If the difference in the calibration level before and after measurement will be more than 1.0 dB, the measurement would be considered invalid and repeat of noise measurement would be required after re-calibration or repair of the equipment.
- At the end of the monitoring period, the Leq, L90 and L10 was recorded. In addition, noise sources were recorded on a standard record sheet.

Noise monitoring will be cancelled in the presence of fog, rain, and wind with a steady speed exceeding 5 m/s, or wind with gusts exceeding 10 m/s.

3.3 Data analysis

- 3.3.1 The monitoring results of the construction phase were compared to the pre-construction baseline condition, which focus on avifauna species of conservation importance and wetland dependent (waterbird) species. The bird data collected monthly during the construction phase were compared to the results of the corresponding month of the baseline data.
- 3.3.2 The data for point count method and transect walk method were presented separately to account for the lack of point count method in the baseline data. For each method, abundance and species diversity of the avifauna communities during the monitoring month were summarized.
- 3.3.3 To evaluate the variation in bird abundance between baseline and monitoring data, two-tailed t-test would be adopted to compare the bird abundance. If a p-value reported from a t-test is less than 0.05, the result should be statistically significant. If a p-value is greater than 0.05, the result is insignificant.
- 3.3.4 To evaluate the variation in bird species diversity between baseline and monitoring data, the two-sided Hutcheson t-test will be used for data comparison. The two-sided Hutcheson t-test was developed as a method to compare the diversity of two community samples using the Shannon diversity index. Shannon diversity index will be computed using the formula,

$$H^{-} = -\sum_{i=1}^{s} p_i ln p_i$$

where, H' = Shannon Diversity Index; Pi = proportion of the population of species; i = number of species in sample; In = natural logarithm. Shannon diversity index is used as it accounts the proportion (relative abundance) of each species; thus, it gives a better description of diversity than a plain number of species (species richness).

3.3.5 The Action and Limit Levels for ecological monitoring of birds have been set and are presented in **Appendix E**.

4 RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

4.1 Monitoring Results

- 4.1.1 The avifauna survey was conducted last 27 November 2024 and started around 10:30. The survey was conducted using the transect count and point count methods in the different habitats within the monitoring area. Results are presented in **Sections 4.2** and the data analysed are shown in **Appendix C.**
- 4.1.2 In the current monitoring period, the following activities were observed (see **Appendix D** for photo record):

Project-related activities

• Sheet piling cofferdam construction at Section 4 of Yuen Long Nullah

Non-project-related activities

• Construction works along and near Section 1 of Yuen Long Nullah (south of Yuen Long Highway)

4.2 Result and Analysis of the Yuen Long Area

Abundance

Waterbirds

- 4.2.1 A total of 439 waterbird individuals (ind.) was recorded during the current monitoring period using point count (39 ind.) and transect walk (400 ind.) methods. Relative to the November 2019 baseline data (transect walk = 160), an increase in abundance was observed. Current result in transect walk method showed no significant difference (p-value =0.19; α = 0.05) in comparison to the baseline data.
- 4.2.2 Details of these findings are summarized in **Table 1**.

Abundance of Waterbirds Recorded in Yuen Long Nullah								
Locations	November-19 November-24 Re							
Transect Walk Method								
Minor-channelised Watercourse	21	9	-					
NSW	7	167	+					
Old KTR	2	40	+					
SCR	3	4	+					
SPR	91	167	+					
YLBF - Upper	5	0	-					
STST	0	0	=					

Table 1 Abundance of All Waterbirds

Abundance of Waterbirds Recorded in Yuen Long Nullah						
Locations	November-19	November-24	Remarks			
YLTN - S1	1	0	-			
YLTN - S2	0	3	+			
YLTN - S3	6	6	=			
YLTN - S4	24	4	-			
Total	160	400	+			
Mean	14.55	36.36	+			
Point Count Method	I					
Locations			Remarks			
P1	-	39				
P2	-	0				
Р3	-	0				
P4	-	0				
Р5	-	0				
Total	-	39				
Mean	-	7.80				

4.2.3 No Action / Limit exceedance was recorded for the abundance of waterbird species for the transect walk method.

Species of Conservation Importance

- 4.2.4 A total of 429 ind. of species of conservation importance was recorded during the current monitoring period using point count (39 ind.) and transect walk (390 ind.) methods. With reference to the November 2019 data (transect walk = 145), an increase in abundance was noted in this period for the transect walk method. Current result in transect walk method showed no significant difference (p-value =0.17; α = 0.05) in comparison to the baseline data.
- 4.2.5 Details of these findings are summarized in **Table 2**.

Table 2 Abundance of All Bird Species of Conservation Importance

Abundance of Avifauna Species of Conservation Importance Recorded in Yuen Long Nullah						
Locations	November-19	November-24	Remarks			
Transect Walk Method		· · · · · ·				
Minor-channelised Watercourse	7	4	-			
NSW	9	166	+			
Old KTR	3	37	+			
SCR	2	4	+			
SPR	90	163	+			
YLBF - Upper	3	0	-			
STST	0	0	=			
YLTN - S1	1	0	-			
YLTN - S2	0	3	+			
YLTN - S3	6	8	+			
YLTN - S4	24	5	-			
Total	145	390	+			
Mean	13.18	35.45	+			
Point Count Method	1					
Locations						
P1	-	39				
P2	-	0				
P3	-	0				
P4	-	0				
P5	-	0				
Total		39				
Mean		7.80				

4.2.6 No Action / Limit exceedance was recorded for the abundance of avifauna species with conservation importance only for the transect walk method.

Diversity

Waterbirds

- 4.2.7 A total of 22 waterbird species (species richness) was noted during the current monitoring period in the different wetland habitats using the point count (5 species) and transect walk (22 species) methods. Relative to the baseline data (transect walk method = 19 species), an increase in total species richness for the transect walk method was noted. In terms of Shannon diversity index (H') values, current result in transect walk method showed no significant difference (t-value = 0.77; t-crit = 1.97; p-value = 0.44; $\alpha = 0.05$) relative to the baseline reference value.
- 4.2.8 Details of these findings are summarized in **Table 3**.

	Table 3 Shannon	Diversitv	Index	Value of	All	Waterbirds
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Shannon Diversity Index Value of Waterbirds Recorded in Yuen Long Nullah						
Locations	November-19	November-24	Remarks			
Transect Walk Method		•				
Minor-channelised Watercourse	0.86	0.69	-			
NSW	1.75	0.50	-			
Old KTR	0.00	2.02	+			
SCR	1.10	1.04	-			
SPR	1.55	2.21	+			
YLBF - Upper	1.33	0.00	-			
STST	0.00	0.00	=			
YLTN - S1	0.00	0.00	=			
YLTN - S2	0.00	0.64	+			
YLTN - S3	1.24	1.01	-			
YLTN - S4	1.94	0.56	-			
Overall H'	2.16	2.25	+			
Species Richness	19	22	+			
Point Count Method						
Locations						
P1	-	1.42				
P2	-	0.00				

Shannon Diversity Index Value of Waterbirds Recorded in Yuen Long Nullah							
Locations	November-24	Remarks					
Р3	-	0.00					
P4	-	0.00					
Р5	-	0.00					
Overall H'	-	1.42					
Species Richness	-	5					

4.2.9 No Action / Limit exceedance was recorded for the species diversity of waterbird species in the transect walk method.

Species of Conservation Importance

4.2.10 A total of 20 species of conservation importance (species richness) was noted during the current monitoring period in the different wetland habitats using the point count (5 species) and transect walk (20 species) methods. Relative to the baseline data (transect walk method = 18 species), a decrease in total species richness for the transect walk method was noted. In terms of Shannon diversity index (H') values, current result in transect walk method showed no significant difference (t-value = 0.97; t-crit = 1.97; p-value = 0.33; α = 0.05) relative to the baseline reference value.

Details of these findings are summarized in Table 4.

Table 4 Shannon Diversity Index Value of All Bird Species of Conservation Importance

Shannon Diversity Index Value of Bird Species of Conservation Importance Recorded in Yuen Long Nullah							
Locations	November-19	November-24	Remarks				
Transect Walk Method							
Minor-channelised Watercourse	0.68	0.00					
NSW	1.89	0.47					
Old KTR	0.64	1.90					
SCR	0.69	1.04					
SPR	1.51	2.12					
YLBF - Upper	1.10	0.00					
STST	0.00	0.00					
YLTN - S1	0.00	0.00					
YLTN - S2	0.00	0.64					
YLTN - S3	1.24	1.32					

Shannon Diversity Index Value of Bird Species of Conservation Importance Recorded in Yuen Long Nullah						
Locations	November-19	November-24	Remarks			
YLTN - S4	1.94	0.95				
Overall H'	2.06	2.17				
Species Richness	18	20				
Point Count Method						
Locations						
P1	-	1.42				
P2	-	0.00				
Р3	-	0.00				
P4	-	0.00				
Р5	-	0.00				
Overall H'	-	1.42				
Species Richness	-	5				

4.2.11 No Action / Limit exceedance was recorded for the species diversity of avifauna species with conservation importance in the transect walk method.

Noise Levels

4.2.12 Noise levels LAeq (5 min) recorded on 27 November 2024 from each of the locations during the ecological bird monitoring are shown in **Table 5**.

Table 5 Noise Monitoring Results (For Ecological Monitoring of Birds)

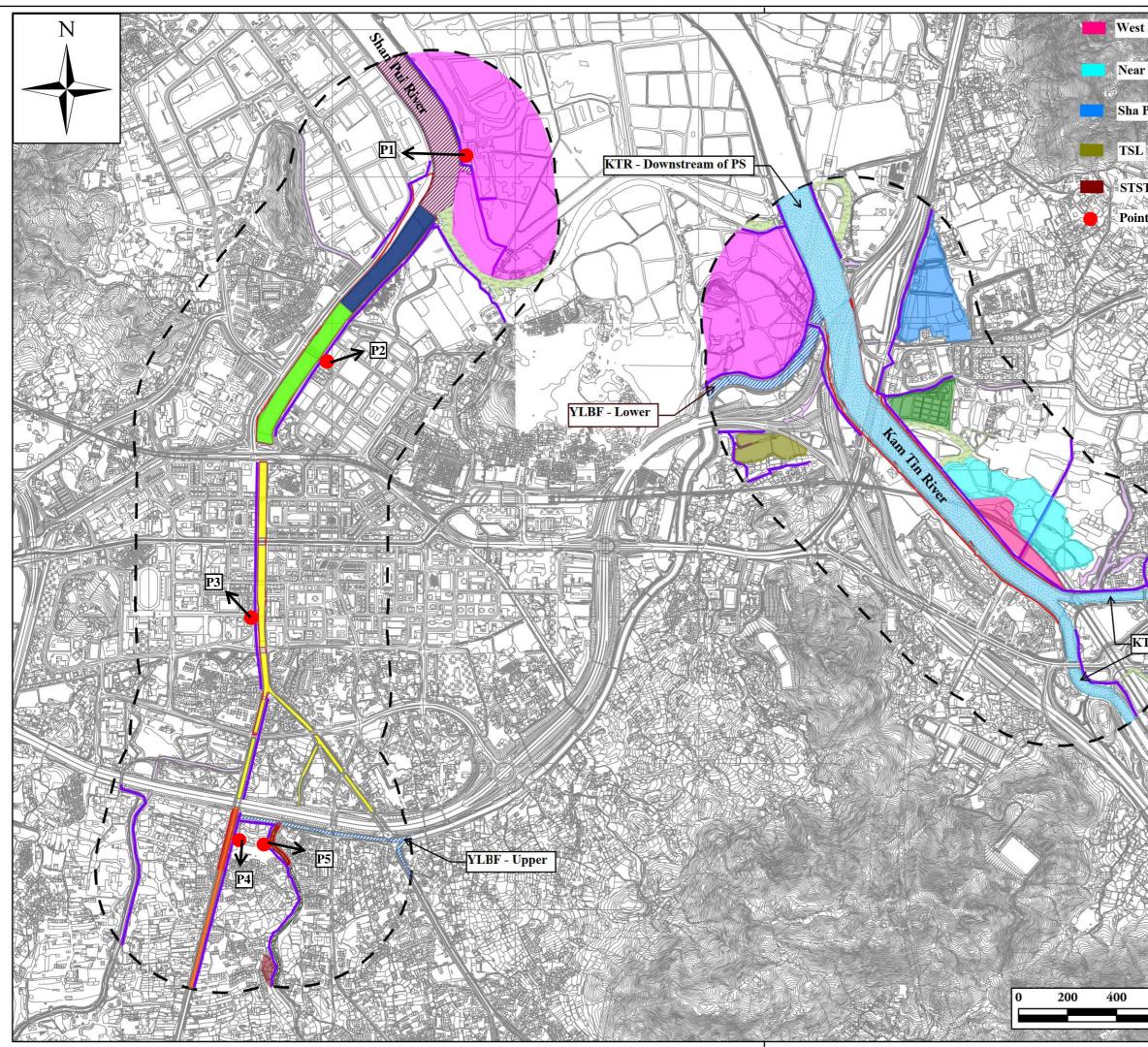
Frequency and Period	Location	Start Time	LAeq (5 min) dB(A)
	P1	15:18	58.3
Monthly in concurrence with	P2	14:22	76.2
Monthly in concurrence with the ecological monitoring of	Р3	10:43	71.2
birds	P4	11:22	67.8
	P5	11:27	69.5

5 CONCLUSION

5.1 Exceedance

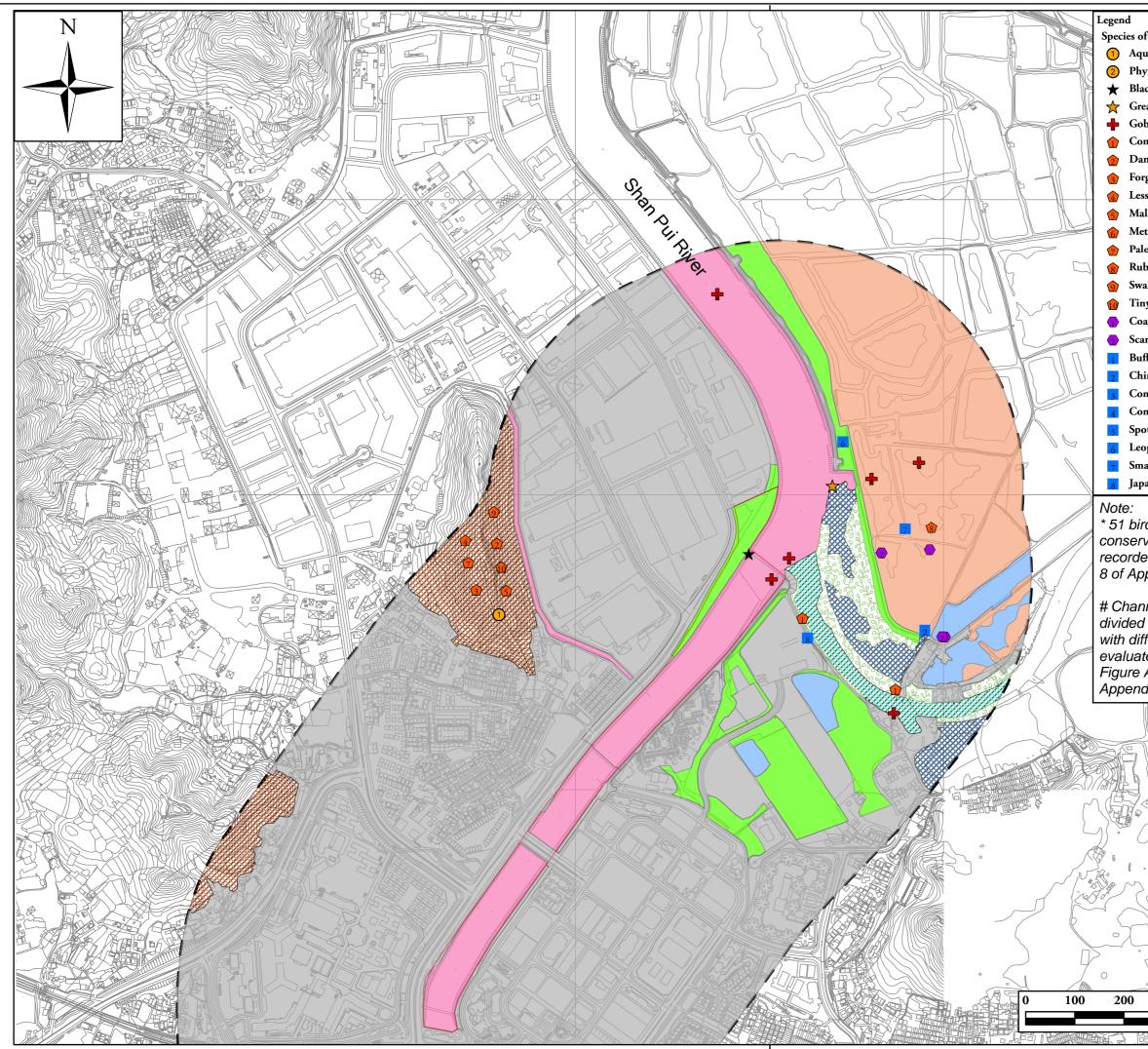
- 5.1.1 No Action / Limit exceedance was recorded for the abundance of waterbird species for the transect walk method.
- 5.1.2 No Action / Limit exceedance was recorded for the abundance of avifauna species with conservation importance only for the transect walk method.
- 5.1.3 No Action / Limit exceedance was recorded for the species diversity of waterbird species in the transect walk method.
- 5.1.4 No Action / Limit exceedance was recorded for the species diversity of avifauna species with conservation importance in the transect walk method.

APPENDIX A MAP OF THE PROJECT AREA

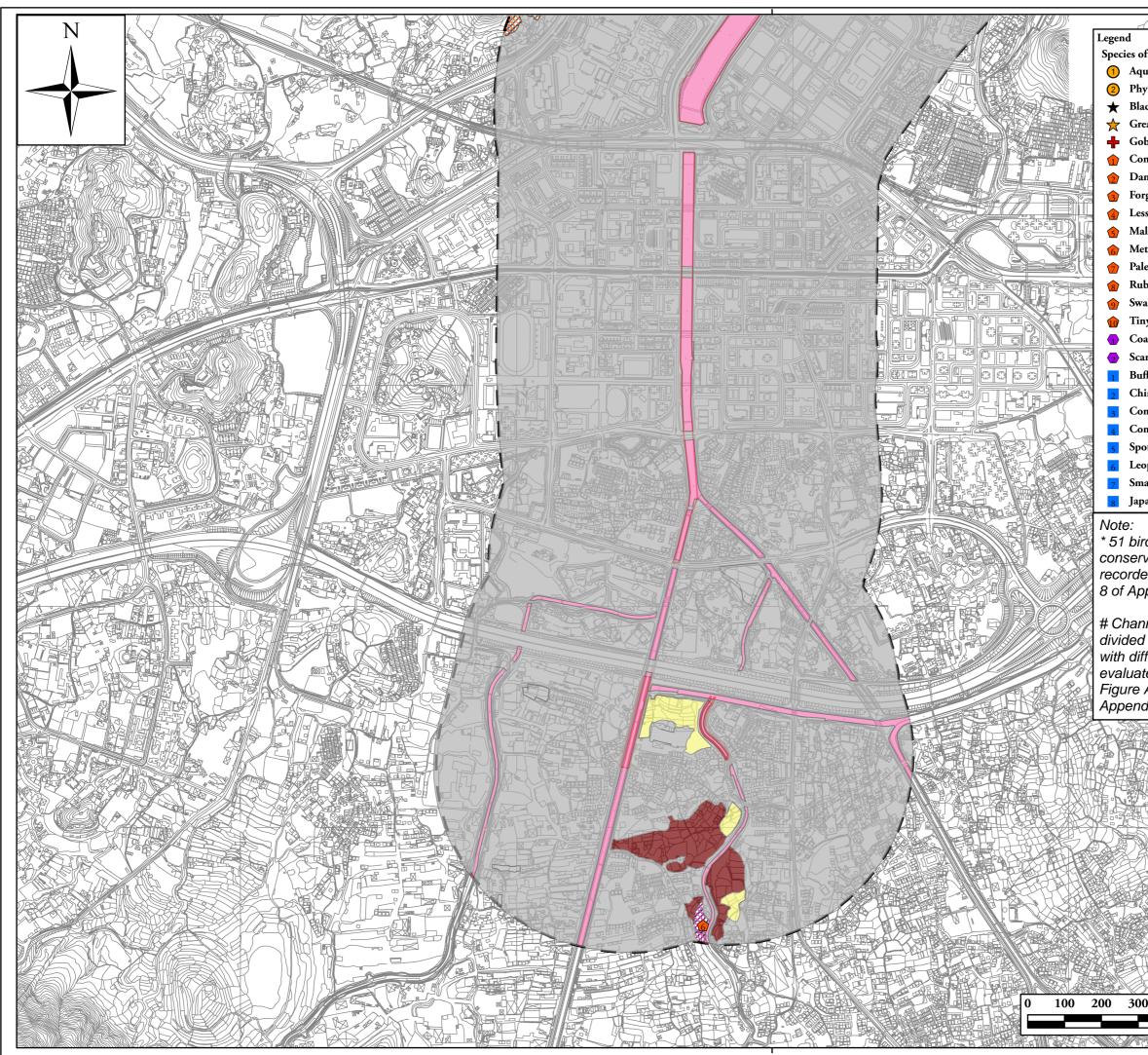


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APPENDIX B HABITAT MAP OF YUEN LONG



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of Conservation Importance *	Lege	ene	d			
quilaria sinensis		_		ect Site	•	
hymatodes longissima)		-	
lack-winged Stilt (High-tide Roost)	ר.		500	m Asse	ssment	Area
Freat Cormorant (Day Roost)						
obiopterus macrolepis	Ha	D11				
common Awl			U		al Land	
anaid Egg-fly				nnelise		
orget-me-not			Wat	ercours	se #	
esser Band Dart			Dev	eloped	Area	
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APPENDIX C1 AVIFAUNA RECORD IN YUEN LONG

Date	Area	Habitat	Location	Point Count /	Common Name	Scientific Name	Abundance	Species of Conservation	Winter Visitor	Waterbird
				Transect				Importance	Thinton Thomas	Tatorbird
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	MCW	Transect	Eurasian Tree Sparrow Passer montanus		2			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	MCW	Transect	White Wagtail Motacilla alba		9		Y	'
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	MCW	Transect	Green Sandpiper	Tringa ochropus	5		Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	MCW	Transect	Wood Sandpiper	Tringa glareola	4	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Reed bed	NSW	Transect	Chinese Bulbul	Pycnonotus sinensis	1			
Nov-24	YL	Reed bed	NSW		Oriental Magpie-Robin	Copsychus saularis	1			
Nov-24	YL	Reed bed	NSW	Transect	Chinese Pond Heron	Ardeola bacchus	5	Y		Y
Nov-24	YL	Reed bed	NSW	Transect	Great Cormorant	Phalacrocorax carbo	150	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Reed bed	NSW	Transect	Great Egret	Ardea alba	3	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Reed bed	NSW	Transect	Greater Coucal	Centropus sinensis	1	Y		
Nov-24	YL	Reed bed	NSW	Transect	Grey Heron	Ardea cinerea	4	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Reed bed	NSW	Transect	Little Egret	Egretta garzetta	2	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Reed bed	NSW	Transect	Striated Heron	Butorides striata	1	Y		Y
Nov-24	YL	Reed bed	NSW	Transect	White-breasted Waterhen	Amaurornis phoenicurus	2			Y
Nov-24	YL	Semi natural watercourse	Old KTR	Transect	Black-winged Stilt	Himantopus himantopus	8	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Semi natural watercourse	Old KTR	Transect	Chinese Pond Heron	Ardeola bacchus	4	Y		Y
Nov-24	YL	Semi natural watercourse	Old KTR	Transect	Chinese Bulbul	Pycnonotus sinensis	1			
Nov-24	YL	Semi natural watercourse	Old KTR	Transect	Common Greenshank	Tringa nebularia	2	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Semi natural watercourse	Old KTR	Transect	Oriental Magpie-Robin	Copsychus saularis	1			
Nov-24	YL	Semi natural watercourse	Old KTR	Transect	Eurasian Teal	Anas crecca	3	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Semi natural watercourse	Old KTR	Transect	Great Egret	Ardea alba	4	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Semi natural watercourse	Old KTR	Transect	Grey Heron	Ardea cinerea	5	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Semi natural watercourse	Old KTR	Transect	Little Egret	Egretta garzetta	10	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Semi natural watercourse	Old KTR	Transect	Spotted Redshank	Tringa erythropus	1	Y		Y
Nov-24	YL	Semi natural watercourse	Old KTR	Transect	White-breasted Waterhen	Amaurornis phoenicurus	3			Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S1	Transect	White Wagtail	Motacilla alba	2		Y	
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S2	Transect	Black Kite	Milvus migrans	1	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S2	Transect	Crested Myna	Acridotheres cristatellus	3			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S2	Transect	Eastern Yellow Wagtail	Motacilla tschutschensis	1		Y	
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S2	Transect	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	Passer montanus	8			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S2	Transect	Grey Wagtail	Motacilla cinerea	3		Y	
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S2	Transect	Oriental Magpie-Robin	Copsychus saularis	1			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S2	Transect	Rock Dove	Columba livia	331			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S2	Transect	White Wagtail	Motacilla alba	14		Y	
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S2	Transect	Little Egret	Egretta garzetta	2	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S3	Transect	Chinese Pond Heron	Ardeola bacchus	1	Y		Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S3	Transect	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	Passer montanus	20			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S3	Transect	White Wagtail	Motacilla alba	3		Y	
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S3	Transect	Grey Heron	Ardea cinerea	2	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S3	Transect	Little Egret	Egretta garzetta	3	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S3	Transect	White-shouldered Starling	Sturnia sinensis	2	Y	Y	
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S4	Transect	Chinese Pond Heron	Ardeola bacchus	1	Y		Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S4	Transect	Crested Myna	Acridotheres cristatellus	2			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S4	Transect	Spotted Dove	Zosterops simplex	2			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S4	Transect	Swinhoe's White-eye	Zosterops simplex	1			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S4	Transect	Little Egret	Egretta garzetta	3	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	S4	Transect	White-shouldered Starling	Sturnia sinensis	1	Y	Y	

Date	Area	Habitat	Location	Point Count / Transect	Common Name	Scientific Name	Abundance	Species of Conservation Importance	Winter Visitor	Waterbird
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SCR	Transect	Chinese Pond Heron	Ardeola bacchus	1	Y		Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SCR	Transect	Black-collared Starling	Gracupica nigricollis	1			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SCR	Transect	Crested Myna	Acridotheres cristatellus	1			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SCR	Transect	Eurasian Tree Sparrow	Passer montanus	3			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SCR	Transect	Oriental Magpie-Robin	Copsychus saularis	1			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SCR	Transect	Scaly-breasted Munia	Lonchura punctulata	6			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SCR	Transect	Spotted Dove	Spilopelia chinensis	2			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SCR	Transect	Little Egret	Ardea alba	2	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SCR	Transect	White-throated Kingfisher	Halcyon smyrnensis	1	Y		Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Black-faced Spoonbill	Platalea minor	1	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Black-winged Stilt	Himantopus himantopus	32	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Chinese Pond Heron	Ardeola bacchus	4	Y		Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Common Greenshank	Tringa nebularia	16	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Common Kingfisher	Alcedo atthis	1		Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Common Moorhen	Gallinula chloropus	2		Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Common Redshank	Tringa totanus	28	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Eurasian Teal	Anas crecca	23	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Great Cormorant	Phalacrocorax carbo	3	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Great Egret	Ardea alba	3	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Grey Heron	Ardea cinerea	1	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Little Egret	Egretta garzetta	2	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Northern Shoveler	Spatula clypeata	21	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Pied Avocet	Recurvirostra avosetta	26	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Pied Kingfisher	Ceryle rudis	1	Y		Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	Oriental Magpie-Robin	Copsychus saularis	1			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	White-breasted Waterhen	Amaurornis phoenicurus	1			Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	SPR	Transect	White-throated Kingfisher	Halcyon smyrnensis	2	Y		Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	P1	Point Count	Black-winged Stilt	Himantopus himantopus	16	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	P1	Point Count	Common Greenshank	Tringa nebularia	5	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	P1	Point Count	Common Redshank	Tringa totanus	10	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	P1	Point Count	Grey Heron	Ardea cinerea	2	-		Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	P1	Point Count	Pied Avocet	Recurvirostra avosetta	6	Y	Y	Y
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	P1	Point Count	Spotted Dove	Spilopelia chinensis	5			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	P2	Point Count	Spotted Dove	Spilopelia chinensis	1			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	P3	Point Count	Rock Dove	Columba livia	30			
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	P3	Point Count	White Wagtail	Motacilla alba	14		Y	
Nov-24	YL	Channelised Watercourse	P5	Point Count	White Wagtail	Motacilla alba	2		Y	

APPENDIX C2-3 AVIFAUNA DATA ANALYSIS

Common Name	Count	Р	Ln(P)	P*Ln(P)	$P*Ln(P)^2$
Black Kite	1	0.0025	-5.9914645	-0.0149787	0.08974412
Black-faced Spoonbill	1	0.0025	-5.9914645	-0.0149787	0.08974412
Black-winged Stilt	40	0.1	-2.3025851	-0.2302585	0.53018981
Chinese Pond Heron	16	0.04	-3.2188758	-0.128755	0.41444646
Common Greenshank	18	0.045	-3.1010928	-0.1395492	0.43275494
Common Kingfisher	1	0.0025	-5.9914645	-0.0149787	0.08974412
Common Moorhen	2	0.005	-5.2983174	-0.0264916	0.14036083
Common Redshank	28	0.07	-2.65926	-0.1861482	0.49501648
Eurasian Teal	26	0.065	-2.733368	-0.1776689	0.48563454
Great Cormorant	153	0.3825	-0.9610266	-0.3675927	0.35326636
Great Egret	10	0.025	-3.6888795	-0.092222	0.34019579
Green Sandpiper	5	0.0125	-4.3820266	-0.0547753	0.24002697
Grey Heron	12	0.03	-3.5065579	-0.1051967	0.36887845
Little Egret	24	0.06	-2.8134107	-0.1688046	0.47491679
Northern Shoveler	21	0.0525	-2.9469421	-0.1547145	0.45593456
Pied Avocet	26	0.065	-2.733368	-0.1776689	0.48563454
Pied Kingfisher	1	0.0025	-5.9914645	-0.0149787	0.08974412
Spotted Redshank	1	0.0025	-5.9914645	-0.0149787	0.08974412
Striated Heron	1	0.0025	-5.9914645	-0.0149787	0.08974412
White-breasted Waterhen	6	0.015	-4.1997051	-0.0629956	0.26456284
White-throated Kingfisher	3	0.0075	-4.8928523	-0.0366964	0.17955002
Wood Sandpiper	4	0.01	-4.6051702	-0.0460517	0.21207592
Total	400	1	-89.9922	-2.24546	6.41191
Richness	22				
SS	6.41191				
SQ	5.042099				
Н	2.245462				
S^{2}_{H}	0.00349				

Appendix C.2.1 Ecological Monitoring of Birds Diversity (Waterbird Species in Transect Walk Method) (November 2024)

Common Name	Count	Р	Ln(P)	P*Ln(P)	$P*Ln(P)^2$
Black-winged Stilt	16	0.410256	-0.89097	-0.36553	0.325675
Common Greenshank	5	0.128205	-2.05412	-0.26335	0.540952
Common Redshank	10	0.25641	-1.36098	-0.34897	0.474938
Grey Heron	2	0.051282	-2.97041	-0.15233	0.45248
Pied Avocet	6	0.153846	-1.8718	-0.28797	0.539022
Total	39	1	-9.14829	-1.41814	2.333067
Richness	5				
SS	2.333067				
SQ	2.011131				
Н	1.418143				
S^{2}_{H}	0.00957				

Appendix C.2.2 Ecological Monitoring of Birds Diversity (Waterbird Species in Point Count Method) (November 2024)

Appendix C.2.3 Ecological Monitoring of Birds Diversity (Species of Conservation Importance in Transect Walk Method) (November 2024)

Common Name	Count	Р	Ln(P)	P*Ln(P)	P*Ln(P)2
Black Kite	1	0.002564	-5.96615	-0.0153	0.091269
Black-faced Spoonbill	1	0.002564	-5.96615	-0.0153	0.091269
Black-winged Stilt	40	0.102564	-2.27727	-0.23357	0.531892
Chinese Pond Heron	16	0.041026	-3.19356	-0.13102	0.418413
Common Greenshank	18	0.046154	-3.07577	-0.14196	0.436633
Common Redshank	28	0.071795	-2.63394	-0.1891	0.498088
Eurasian Teal	26	0.066667	-2.70805	-0.18054	0.488902
Great Cormorant	153	0.392308	-0.93571	-0.36709	0.343485
Great Egret	10	0.025641	-3.66356	-0.09394	0.344146
Grey Heron	12	0.030769	-3.48124	-0.10712	0.372893
Little Egret	24	0.061538	-2.78809	-0.17157	0.478367
Northern Shoveler	21	0.053846	-2.92162	-0.15732	0.459625
Pied Avocet	26	0.066667	-2.70805	-0.18054	0.488902
Pied Kingfisher	1	0.002564	-5.96615	-0.0153	0.091269
Spotted Redshank	1	0.002564	-5.96615	-0.0153	0.091269
Striated Heron	1	0.002564	-5.96615	-0.0153	0.091269
White-throated Kingfisher	3	0.007692	-4.86753	-0.03744	0.182253
Wood Sandpiper	4	0.010256	-4.57985	-0.04697	0.215129
Greater Coucal	1	0.002564	-5.96615	-0.0153	0.091269
White-shouldered Starling	3	0.007692	-4.86753	-0.03744	0.182253
Total	390	1	-80.4987	-2.1674	5.988596
Richness	20				
SS	5.988596				
SQ	4.697604				
Н	2.167396				
S ² _H	0.003373				

Appendix C.2.4 Ecological Monitoring of Birds Diversity (Species of Conservation Importance in Point Count Method) (November 2024)

Common Name	Count	Р	Ln(P)	P*Ln(P)	P*Ln(P)2
Black-winged Stilt	16	0.410256	-0.89097	-0.36553	0.325675
Common Greenshank	5	0.128205	-2.05412	-0.26335	0.540952
Common Redshank	10	0.25641	-1.36098	-0.34897	0.474938
Grey Heron	2	0.051282	-2.97041	-0.15233	0.45248
Pied Avocet	6	0.153846	-1.8718	-0.28797	0.539022
Total	39	1	-9.14829	-1.41814	2.333067
Richness	5				
SS	2.333067				
SQ	2.011131				
Н	1.418143				
S ² _H	0.00957				

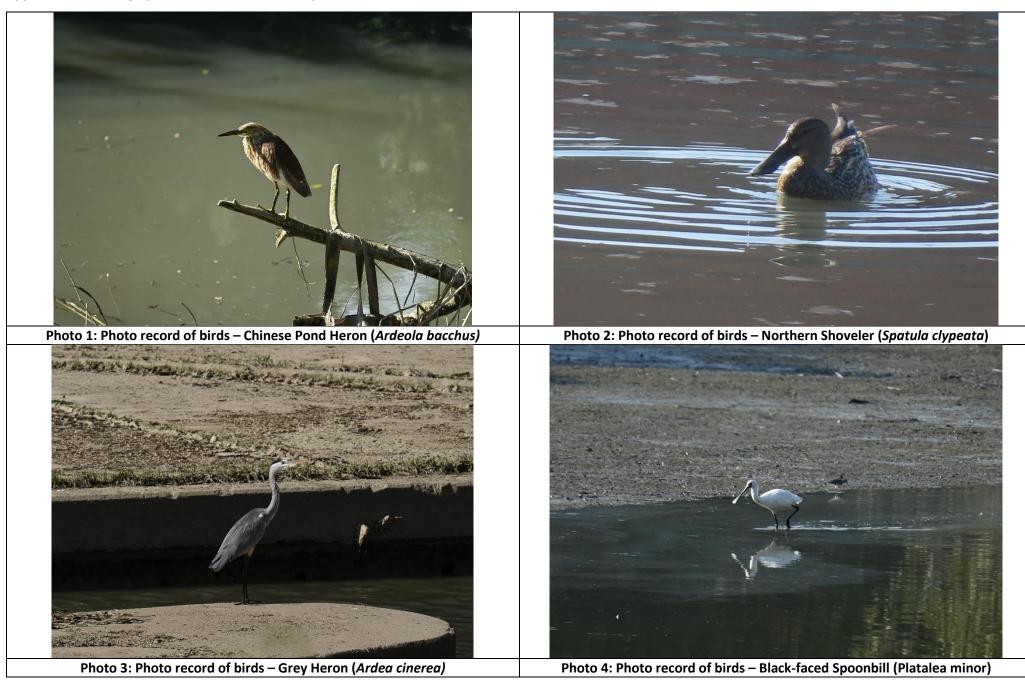
Months	November 2019	November 2024
Total	160	400
Richness	19	22
Н	2.163587	2.245462
S ² _H	0.007814	0.00349
t	0.770088	
df	310	
Crit	1.967646	
р	0.441834	
CI	0.176788	0.118155

Appendix C.3.2 Species Diversity of Bird Species of Conservation importance - Transect Walk Method

Months	November 2019	November 2024
Total	145	390
Richness	18	20
Н	2.05672	2.167396
S^{2}_{H}	0.009476	0.003373
t	0.976406	
df	255	
Crit	1.969348	
р	0.329792	
CI	0.194685	0.11615

APPENDIX D PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

Appendix D – Photographical Record of Bird Survey



Appendix D – Photographical Record of Bird Survey



APPENDIX E PROPOSED ACTION AND LIMIT LEVELS AND ACTION PLAN Proposed Action and Limit Levels

Event	Action Level	Limit Level
Abundance of Waterbirds in	Significant decrease when	Significant decrease when
the Concerned River	compared to the baseline	compared to the baseline
Species Diversity of	data in the same month for	data in the same month
Waterbirds in the Concerned	one time	three times in a row
River		
Abundance of Avifauna		
Species of Conservation		
Importance in the		
Concerned River		
Species Diversity of		
Avifauna Species of		
Conservation Importance in		
the Concerned River		

T (Action	ction				
Event	ЕТ	IEC	ER Contractor				
When Action Level is triggered	 Notify IEC, DSD, EPD, AFCD, ER and Contractor; Check monitoring data; Identify source and carry out investigation; Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures 	analysed results submitted by the ET;Di an an an2. Review the proposed remedialmin ag 2. M ag ag the Contractor and advise the ERmin ag	Issuess with SD, IEC, ET d Contractor1. Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance 				
When Limit Level is triggered	 Notify IEC, DSD, EPD, AFCD, ER and Contractor; Check monitoring data; Identify source and carry out investigation; Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures 	analysed results submitted by the ET; 0 2. Review the proposed remedial 2. Review the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; 3. Supervise the implementation of remedial measures the implementation implem	Iscuss with SD, IEC, ET d Contractor the proposed itigation easures; equest ontractor to itically view the ethods; ake emitigation emitigation entitically1. Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; 2. Review construction method; 3. Rectify unacceptable practice; 4. Check all plant and equipment; 5. Consider changes of working methods; 6. Submit mitigation easures.emitigation easures.6. Submit mitigation proposals to ER, ET and IEC working days; 7. Implement mitigation proposals				

Proposed Action and Limit Levels Event and Action Plan

APPENDIX J SUMMARY OF EXCEEDANCE

Appendix J – Summary of Exceedance

Reporting Period: November 2024

(A) Exceedance Report for Air Quality

Construction Dust

No Action/Limit Level exceedance was recorded for 1-hour TSP monitoring in the reporting month.

<u>Odour</u>

Three (3) Action Level of exceedance and Four (4) Limit Level of exceedance were recorded during the reporting month.

(B) Exceedance Report for Construction Noise

Action Level for Construction Noise

No exceedance was recorded due to the documented complaint received in this reporting month.

Limit Level for Construction Noise

No limit level exceedance for daytime construction noise monitoring was recorded in the reporting month.

(C) Exceedance Report for Water Quality

Five (5) Action Level and Fifty-seven (57) Limit Level exceedances were recorded in the reporting month.

(D) Exceedance Report for Ecology

No exceedance was recorded for ecological monitoring in the reporting month.

(E) Exceedance Report for Fisheries

(NIL in the reporting month)

(F) Exceedance Report for Cultural Heritage

No exceedance for cultural heritage monitoring was recorded in the reporting month.

(G)Exceedance Report for Landscape and Visual

No non-conformity for landscape and visual was recorded during site inspection.

- Notification of Exceedances

NOE No. 241128_Odour

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

Table I: Parameter(s) – Odour intensity

Station	Location	Time	Odour Intensity	Baseline Odour Intensity	Odour Characteristics	Potential Odour Sources	Duration of Odour	Wind Direction	Wind Speed (m/s)	Level exceeded
OP1	The Spectra	10:15/12:57	0.5/1	0.3	Sediment/Burning	Nullah/PME	Continuous/ Intermittent	Upwind/Downwind	3.5/1.8	Limit
OP2	Wang Fu Court	13:04	1	0.6	Sediment	Nullah	Continuous/ Intermittent	Downwind	0.9	Action
OP5	Yuen Long Long Ping Estate Wai Chow School	10:42/13:25	1/1	0.2	Car exhaust/dust/burning	PME/road site	Intermittent	Upwind/Downwind	1.8/2.3	Limit
OP6	Sol City	10:51	1	0.1	Sewage	Nullah	Continuous	Upwind	2.1	Action
OP7	Healey Building	10:57	1	0.4	Rubbish	Rubbish from nullah	Continuous/ Intermittent	Downwind	2.1	Action
OP10	Caritas Yuen Long Chan Chun Ha Secondary School	11:17/13:57	1/0.5	0.3	Sewage	Nullah	Intermittent	Downwind	0.8/2.0	Limit
OP11	CCC Chun Kwong Primary School	11:23/14:05	1/1	0.6	Sewage	Nullah	Continuous/ Intermittent	Downwind	1.2/2.4	Limit

Field Observation(s) and Conclusion

(a) Statement of exceedance(s)

Odour patrol carried out at location OP2, OP6 and OP7 has exceeded the action level, while the odour patrol carried out at location OP1, OP5, OP10 and OP11 has exceeded the limit level.

- (b) Cause of exceedance(s) / Remarks
 - It is notes that the nullah water between OP5 gather the effluent from the whole Yuen Long Town center, these may be the potential odour sources.
 - OP1, OP6, OP7, OP10 and OP11 is already far away from the site area, the potential odour source should be the nullah water gathered from the Yuen Long Town Centre.
 - Considering the odour intensity level was keeps at a consistent level before the nullah works started, it is likely that the potential odour source is from the sediment in the nullah (photo 1).
 - Site inspection was conducted by ET on 26 November 2024, no odour problem was found during the inspection. Besides, sheet piling and socket h-pile were conducting inside the nullah, none of these activities will cause odour nuisance.

1

- Notification of Exceedances



Part B – Conclusion: As the construction works during the reporting period did not causing odour nuisance, the exceedance is considered as non-project related.

- Notification of Exceedances

Part C – Recommendation: The Contractor shall continue good site practices such as cover any potential odour sources to minimize the odour nuisance.

ETL Signature:

Date: 2 December 2024

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

01 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table I:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	120% of Control Station Action Level (mg/L)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	76.9	W1	11:47	44.2	44.4	92.3	100.0	<u>49.9</u>

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**) <u>Bold with underline</u> means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**) *DA: Depth-Averaged

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

04 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table I:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)		Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	120% of Control Station Action Level (mg/L)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	22.6	W1	14:32	44.2	44.4	27.1	29.4	<u>37.2</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	22.6	W2	14:43	126.3	132.9	27.1	29.4	<u>29.8</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	16.4	W1	11:06	44.2	44.4	19.7	21.3	<u>23.1</u>

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

04 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

Table II: Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (NTU)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (NTU)	Baseline Limit Level (NTU)	120% of Control Station Action Level (NTU)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (NTU)	Measured Value (NTU)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	9.5	W1	14:32	42.6	45.5	11.4	12.3	<u>20.4</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	9.5	W2	14:43	97.2	111.3	11.4	12.3	<u>19.2</u>
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	9.5	W1	11:06	42.6	45.5	11.4	12.3	<u>19.8</u>

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

06 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table I:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)		Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	120% of Control Station Action Level (mg/L)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	18.6	W1	10:57	44.2	44.4	22.3	24.2	<u>37.1</u>

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**) <u>Bold with underline</u> means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**) *DA: Depth-Averaged

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

<u>06 November 2024</u>

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

Table II: Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (NTU)		Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (NTU)	Baseline Limit Level (NTU)	120% of Control Station Action Level (NTU)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (NTU)	Measured Value (NTU)
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	19.4	W1	10:57	42.6	45.5	23.3	25.2	<u>30.8</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	17.3	W1	10:57	42.6	45.5	20.8	22.5	<u>30.8</u>

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underlinemeans Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

08 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table II:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (NTU)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (NTU)	Baseline Limit Level (NTU)	120% of Control Station Action Level (NTU)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (NTU)	Measured Value (NTU)
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	14.5	W1	10:10	42.6	45.5	17.4	18.8	<u>24.7</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	13.7	W1	10:10	42.6	45.5	16.5	17.8	<u>24.7</u>

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underlinemeans Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

<u>11 November 2024</u>

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table I:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)		Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	120% of Control Station Action Level (mg/L)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	24.4	W1	15:27	44.2	44.4	29.3	31.7	30.7

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**) <u>Bold with underline</u> means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**) *DA: Depth-Averaged

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

<u>11 November 2024</u>

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

Table II: Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (NTU)		Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (NTU)	Baseline Limit Level (NTU)	120% of Control Station Action Level (NTU)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (NTU)	Measured Value (NTU)
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	11.8	W1	15:27	42.6	45.5	14.2	15.4	<u>25.1</u>

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underlinemeans Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)*DA: Depth-Averaged

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

11 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table III:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	2.9	W1	10:51	2.1	2.1	<u>1.5</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	2.9	W2	11:02	3.3	3.3	<u>2.4</u>
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	2.9	W1	15:27	2.1	2.1	2.0
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	3.7	W1	15:27	2.1	2.1	2.0

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

*DA: Depth-Averaged (Surface, Middle)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

13 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table I:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)		Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	120% of Control Station Action Level (mg/L)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	12.6	W1	11:21	44.2	44.4	15.1	16.4	<u>40.6</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	12.6	W2	11:35	126.3	132.9	15.1	16.4	<u>51.3</u>
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	12.6	W1	15:03	44.2	44.4	15.1	16.4	<u>37.3</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	25.1	W1	15:03	44.2	44.4	30.2	32.7	<u>37.3</u>

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

13 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

Table II: Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (NTU)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (NTU)	Baseline Limit Level (NTU)	120% of Control Station Action Level (NTU)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (NTU)	Measured Value (NTU)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	9.4	W1	11:21	42.6	45.5	11.3	12.2	<u>19.8</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	9.4	W2	11:35	97.2	111.3	11.3	12.2	<u>23.4</u>
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	9.4	W1	15:03	42.6	45.5	11.3	12.2	<u>25.7</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	13.6	W1	15:03	42.6	45.5	16.3	17.7	<u>25.7</u>

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**) **Bold with underline** means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

13 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table III:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	2.7	W1	11:21	2.1	2.1	<u>1.3</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	2.7	W2	11:35	3.3	3.3	<u>1.7</u>
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	2.7	W1	15:03	2.1	2.1	<u>0.1</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	1.4	W1	15:03	2.1	2.1	<u>0.1</u>

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

*DA: Depth-Averaged (Surface, Middle)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

15 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table I:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)		Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	120% of Control Station Action Level (mg/L)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	15.7	W1	12:26	44.2	44.4	18.9	20.5	<u>36.7</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	15.7	W2	12:39	126.3	132.9	18.9	20.5	<u>27.7</u>
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	15.7	W1	15:40	44.2	44.4	18.9	20.5	<u>23.4</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	17.5	W1	15:40	44.2	44.4	21.0	22.8	<u>23.4</u>

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

15 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table II:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (NTU)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (NTU)	Baseline Limit Level (NTU)	120% of Control Station Action Level (NTU)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (NTU)	Measured Value (NTU)
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	17.6	W1	15:40	42.6	45.5	21.1	22.9	22.0

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underlinemeans Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)*DA: Depth-Averaged

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

15 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table III:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	5.3	W1	12:26	2.1	2.1	<u>0.9</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	5.3	W2	12:39	3.3	3.3	<u>1.5</u>

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underlinemeans Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)*DA: Depth-Averaged (Surface, Middle)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

18 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table I:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)		Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	120% of Control Station Action Level (mg/L)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	10.8	W1	10:48	44.2	44.4	13.0	14.0	<u>28.5</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	10.8	W2	11:02	126.3	132.9	13.0	14.0	<u>42.3</u>
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	10.8	W1	14:14	44.2	44.4	13.0	14.0	<u>17.5</u>

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

18 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

Table II: Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (NTU)		Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (NTU)	Baseline Limit Level (NTU)	120% of Control Station Action Level (NTU)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (NTU)	Measured Value (NTU)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	11.1	W1	10:48	42.6	45.5	13.3	14.4	<u>21.3</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	11.1	W2	11:02	97.2	111.3	13.3	14.4	<u>15.5</u>
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	11.1	W1	14:14	42.6	45.5	13.3	14.4	<u>29.4</u>

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

18 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table III:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	4.2	W1	10:48	2.1	2.1	<u>1.9</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	4.2	W2	11:02	3.3	3.3	<u>2.3</u>

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underlinemeans Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)*DA: Depth-Averaged (Surface, Middle)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

20 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table I:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)		Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	120% of Control Station Action Level (mg/L)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	17.7	W1	15:44	44.2	44.4	21.3	23.1	<u>30.6</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	17.7	W2	15:58	126.3	132.9	21.3	23.1	<u>28.1</u>
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	17.7	W1	10:20	44.2	44.4	21.3	23.1	<u>30.4</u>

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

20 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

Table II: Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (NTU)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (NTU)	Baseline Limit Level (NTU)	120% of Control Station Action Level (NTU)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (NTU)	Measured Value (NTU)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	24.8	W1	15:44	42.6	45.5	29.8	32.3	<u>70.0</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	24.8	W2	15:58	97.2	111.3	29.8	32.3	42.5
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	24.8	W1	10:20	42.6	45.5	29.8	32.3	<u>33.3</u>

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

22 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS) Table I:

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	120% of Control Station Action Level (mg/L)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	21.7	W1	10:51	44.2	44.4	26.0	28.2	<u>40.5</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	26.3	W1	10:51	44.2	44.4	31.5	34.1	<u>40.5</u>

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**) **Bold with underline** means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

22 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table II:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (NTU)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (NTU)	Baseline Limit Level (NTU)	120% of Control Station Action Level (NTU)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (NTU)	Measured Value (NTU)
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	20.8	W1	10:51	42.6	45.5	25.0	27.0	<u>39.4</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	28.3	W1	10:51	42.6	45.5	33.9	36.8	<u>39.4</u>

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underlinemeans Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

25 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table II:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (NTU)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (NTU)	Baseline Limit Level (NTU)	120% of Control Station Action Level (NTU)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (NTU)	Measured Value (NTU)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	5.8	W1	10:31	42.6	45.5	6.9	7.5	<u>10.5</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	5.8	W2	10:42	97.2	111.3	6.9	7.5	<u>14.6</u>
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	5.8	W1	15:42	42.6	45.5	6.9	7.5	<u>18.6</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	15.3	W1	15:42	42.6	45.5	18.3	19.8	18.6

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

25 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table III:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	4.7	W1	10:31	2.1	2.1	<u>1.0</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	4.7	W2	10:42	3.3	3.3	<u>2.6</u>
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	4.7	W1	15:42	2.1	2.1	<u>0.4</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	1.8	W1	15:42	2.1	2.1	<u>0.4</u>

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

*DA: Depth-Averaged (Surface, Middle)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

27 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table I:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)		Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	120% of Control Station Action Level (mg/L)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	13.2	W1	11:32	44.2	44.4	15.8	17.2	16.7

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**) <u>Bold with underline</u> means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**) *DA: Depth-Averaged

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

27 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table III:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	2.8	W1	11:32	2.1	2.1	<u>0.7</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	3.0	W1	11:32	2.1	2.1	<u>0.7</u>

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underlinemeans Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)*DA: Depth-Averaged (Surface, Middle)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

29 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table I:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)		Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	120% of Control Station Action Level (mg/L)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	23.5	W1	11:34	44.2	44.4	28.2	30.6	<u>37.3</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	23.5	W2	11:46	126.3	132.9	28.2	30.6	<u>39.1</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	22.3	W1	16:07	44.2	44.4	26.7	28.9	27.2

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underline means Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

29 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

Table II: Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (NTU)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (NTU)	Baseline Limit Level (NTU)	120% of Control Station Action Level (NTU)	130% of Control Station Limit Level (NTU)	Measured Value (NTU)
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	7.1	W1	11:34	42.6	45.5	8.5	9.2	<u>16.3</u>
Mid-Ebb	UM	DA	7.1	W2	11:46	97.2	111.3	8.5	9.2	25.2
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	7.1	W1	16:07	42.6	45.5	8.5	9.2	<u>25.6</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	18.7	W1	16:07	42.6	45.5	22.4	24.2	<u>25.6</u>

Note: **Bold** means Action Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**) **Bold with underline** means Limit Level exceedance of Control (**Regular**) & Baseline (**Italic**)

- Notification of Exceedance

Date of Water Quality Monitoring:

29 November 2024

Part A – Exceedance Summary Tables

 Table III:
 Parameter(s) – Dissolved Oxygen (DO) / Turbidity (TURB) / Suspended Solids (SS)

Tide	Control Station(s)	Depth	Measured Value at Control Station (mg/L)	Station(s)	Time (hrs)	Baseline Action Level (mg/L)	Baseline Limit Level (mg/L)	Measured Value (mg/L)
Mid-Flood	UM	DA	4.2	W1	16:07	2.1	2.1	<u>1.2</u>
Mid-Flood	W2	DA	5.0	W1	16:07	2.1	2.1	<u>1.2</u>

Note:Bold means Action Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)Bold with underlinemeans Limit Level exceedance of Control (Regular) & Baseline (Italic)*DA: Depth-Averaged (Surface, Middle)

APPENDIX K EMIS AND SITE AUDIT SUMMARY

Yuen Long Barrage Scheme

Appendix K2 - Implementation Schedule and Recommended Mitigation Measures

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /		Imple	mentat	ion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
3. Air Qua	lity Measures							
S3.8	 Relevant dust control measures stipulated in the <i>Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation</i>, and good site practices will be incorporated as the Contract Specifications for implementation throughout the construction period. These include: The works area for site clearance and excavation should be sprayed with water before, during and after the operation so as to maintain the entire surface wet. Restricting heights from which materials are to be dropped, as far as practicable to reduce the fugitive dust arising from unloading/ loading. Immediately before leaving a construction site, all vehicles should be washed to remove any dusty materials from the bodies and wheels. However, all spraying of materials and surfaces should avoid excessive water usage. Where a vehicle leaving a construction site is carrying a load of dusty materials, the load should be covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting to ensure that the dusty materials will not leak from the vehicle. Erection of hoarding along the site boundary, where appropriate. All dusty materials should be sprayed with water immediately prior to any loading, unloading or transfer operation so as to maintain the dusty materials wet. Reduce the traffic induced dust dispersion and re-suspension, the travelling speed of vehicles within the site should be controlled. 	Construction	Contractor(s)					Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation

(¹) Unless otherwise stated, the reference refers to the relevant section of the EIA Report.

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	•	Implei	menta	tion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	- & Guidelines
	• Regular maintenance of construction equipment deployed on-site will be conducted to prevent black smoke emission.							
S3.8	Excavated river bed materials that are placed on trucks for disposal should be properly covered with tarpaulin sheets during transportation to minimise the release of any potential odour. The odorous excavated material should be placed as far away from the sensitive receivers as possible. Odorous river bed material excavated during construction phase should be removed off-site as soon as practicable within 24 hours to avoid any odour nuisance.	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		•			-
S3.8	 During operation phase, mitigation measures are considered necessary when materials generated from the maintenance works are found to be odorous, and the following measures should be implemented by the Contractor. Temporarily stockpile odorous material as far away from ASRs as possible; Temporary stockpiles of odorous material will be properly covered with tarpaulin and should be removed off-site as soon as practically possible within 24 hours to avoid any odour nuisance arising; and Regular inspection at inlet chamber of existing pumping facilities to prevent accumulation of debris/materials at the inlet screens causing odour nuisance. 	Whole Site / Operation Phase	Project Proponent				*	-
4. Noise								
S4.8	<u>Good Construction Site Practice</u> Good construction site practice and noise management can considerably reduce the potential noise impact of the construction activities on nearby NSRs. The noise benefits of these practices can vary according to specific site conditions and operations. Since the effect of the good construction site practices could not be quantified, the mitigated noise levels calculated in the subsequent sections have not taken account of this effect. The following site practices should be followed during	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		•			EIAO-TM

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Implen	nentati	ion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	 the construction of the Project: Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction phase; Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be utilised and should be properly maintained during the construction phase; Mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far away from NSRs as possible; Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum; Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs; and Material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilised, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on-site construction activities. 							
S4.8	<u>Use of Quiet PME</u> The use of quiet PME is considered to be a practicable means to mitigate the construction noise impact. Quiet PME is defined as a PME having actual SWL lower than the value specified in the GW-TM. The total SWL of all plant items to be used on-site at each works area will be specified so that flexibility is allowed for the Contractor to select plant items to suit the construction needs.	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		*			EIAO-TM GW-TM
S4.8	<u>Adoption of Movable Noise Barriers</u> The use of noise barriers will be an effective means to mitigate the noise impact arising from the construction works, particularly for low-rise NSRs. With reference to EIAO Guidance Note No. 9/2010 Preparation of Construction Noise Assessment Under the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (EIAO GN No. 9/2010), the use of movable barrier for certain PME could generally provide a 5 dB(A) reduction for movable PME and 10 dB(A) for stationary PME.		Contractor(s)		•			EIAO-TM EIAO Guidance Note No. 9/2010

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Imple	menta	tion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
S4.8	Use of Noise Insulation Sheet Noise insulating sheet would be adopted for PME such as drill rig. The noise insulating sheet should be deployed such that there would be no opening or gaps on the joints. With reference to the approved EIA Report for West Island Line (WIL) (Register No.: AEIAR-126/2008 approved on 23 Dec 2008) and MTRC Contract C4420 Tsim Sha Tsui Modification Noise Assessment Report for VEP (July 2003), a reduction of over 10 dB(A) could be achieved with the use of the noise insulating sheet. For a conservative assessment, a noise reduction of 10 dB(A) for the PME with deployment of noise insulating sheet was assumed in this assessment.	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		•			EIAO-TM
S4.8	<u>Adoption of Fixed Temporary Noise Barriers</u> In view of the close proximity between NSRs and the works areas for revitalisation works inside nullah, fixed temporary noise barriers will be deployed at the working section as far as practicable. Fixed temporary noise barriers of 3m in height with skid footing should be used and located within a few metres of stationary plant and mobile plant such that the line of sight to the NSR is blocked by the barriers. The length of the barrier should be at least five times greater than its height. The noise barrier material should have a sufficient surface density of at least 7 kg/m2 and have no openings or gaps. Reference has been made to EIAO GN No. 9/2010; it is anticipated that the major noise source of movable PMEs, such as breaker, water pump, concrete lorry mixer and excavator, will be located within the nullah at a level lower than the top of the proposed fixed temporary noise barrier, and therefore these barriers could produce at least a 5 dB(A) noise reduction.	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		~			EIAO-TM
S4.8	Scheduling of PME / Construction Activities The maximum predicted construction noise level at the nearest secondary school is 69 dB(A). This comply with the noise criteria of 70dB(A) during normal school days	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		•			EIAO-TM

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	· ·	Implen	nentat	ion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	 but exceed the criteria of 65 dB(A) during examination period. However, this potential exceedance can be avoided with following arrangement: The contractor could liaise with the school management about the arrangements during examination weeks; and PMEs shall not be used at the closest works areas (i.e. near CCHS1) during the examination period; 							
S4.8	<u>Quieter Methods</u> Handheld or excavator mounted concrete breaker is a traditional mechanical equipment for concrete breaking and removal. Using such equipment will generate loud noise, with sound power levels generally range from 108 dB(A) to 122 dB(A). The adoption of quieter equipment or methods for concrete breaking or removal could be less noisy or could reduce the noise propagation when necessary. These include high pressure water jet system, handheld concrete crusher, medium duty breaker, blade saw, wire saw and noise enclosure. These measures shall be adopted if the use of quiet PME is not sufficient in reducing the construction noise level.	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		*			EIAO-TM
S4.8	 While no unacceptable noise impact is expected due to the operation of fixed plant items, it is still recommended that the following measures be implemented as far as practicable to minimise the potential impact: Quieter plant should be chosen as far as practical; Include noise levels specification when ordering new plant items; All openings, including louvres for ventilation and machine room doors should be oriented away from the NSRs as far as practicable; Silencers, acoustic louvres or acoustic doors should be used where necessary; and Develop and implement a regularly scheduled plant maintenance programme so that plant items are properly operated and serviced. The programme should be implemented by properly trained personnel 	YLBS / Detailed Design Phase and Operation Phase	Detailed Design Engineer / Project Proponent	×			•	EIAO-TM Noise Control Ordinance (NCO)

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Imple	menta	tion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation	
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines	
S4.8	Testing and commissioning of the proposed pumping stations would be carried out prior to operation. Noise monitoring would be carried out by the Contractor to ensure fixed noise sources impact would comply with the relevant noise standards.		Contractor(s)				•	EIAO-TM NCO	
5. Water Q	Juality								
S5.8	General Construction Site Practice The Contractor should observe and comply with the Water Pollution Control Ordinance and its subsidiary regulations and obtain a discharge license under the Ordinance. The Contractor should carry out the Project works in such a manner as to minimize adverse impacts on the water quality during execution of the works. In particular, the Contractor should arrange the working method to minimize the effects on the water quality within and outside the Project Site and on the transport routes. In addition, the management of construction site drainage from the Project will follow guidelines provided <i>in ProPECC PN 1/94</i> .		Contractor(s)					Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO) EIAO-TM ProPECC PN 1/94	
S5.8	Concreting Works Runoff should be carefully channelled to prevent concrete-contaminated water from entering watercourses. Adjustment of pH can be achieved by adding a suitable neutralising reagent to wastewater prior to discharge. Re-use of the supernatant from the sediment pits for washing out of concrete lorries should be practised. Any exceedance of acceptable range of pH levels in the nearby water bodies caused by inadvertent release of site runoff containing concrete should be monitored and rectified under the EM&A programme for this Project.		Contractor(s)					WPCO EIAO-TM ProPECC PN 1/94	
S5.8	<u>Construction Site Runoff and Drainage</u> Proper site management measures should be implemented to control site runoff and drainage, and thereby prevent high sediment loadings from reaching downstream	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		•			WPCO EIAO-TM ProPECC PN 1/94	

EIA &		Location /	1 1	Implen	lementation Stage*			Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	 sections of the river/stream. The Contractor should follow the practices, and be responsible for the design, construction, operation and maintenance of all the mitigation measures. The design of the mitigation measures should be submitted by the Contractor to the Engineer for approval. These mitigation measures shall include the following practices to minimize site surface runoff and the chance of erosion, and also to retain and reduce any suspended solids prior to discharge: Before commencing any work, all sewer and drainage connections should be sealed to prevent debris, soil, sand etc. from entering public sewers/drains. Provision of perimeter channels to intercept storm-runoff from outside the site. These should be constructed in advance of the construction works. Temporary ditches such as channels, earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be included to facilitate runoff discharge into the stormwater drain, via a sand/silt basin/trap. Works programme should be designed to minimize works areas at any one time, thus minimizing exposed soil areas and reducing the potential for increased siltation and runoff. Sand/silt removal facilities such as sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins should be provided to remove the sand/silt particles from run-off where necessary. These facilities should be craefully planned to ensure that they would be installed at appropriate locations to capture all surface water generated on site. Careful programming of the works to avoid excavation works during the rainy season. Temporary access roads (if any) should be protected by crushed gravel and exposed slope surfaces shall be protected when rainstorms are likely; and Open stockpiles of construction materials on-site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms to prevent erosion. 							
S5.8	Use of Containment Structures and Diversion Channels The use of containment structures and diversion channels is recommended wherever	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		1			WPCO EIAO-TM

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Implen	nentat	ion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	practicable to facilitate a dry or at least confined excavation within the nullah. For example, nullah water should be contained within the works area before the commencement of excavation by the use of concrete blocks or sand bag barriers. Water within the contained area should be discharged to the nullah before excavation commences to create the dry conditions. Dredging/sediment removal works shall not be carried out in open waters. Nullah water should also be diverted from the works area through the use of diversion channel constructed by materials such as concrete blocks. Indicative details of the containment structures and diversion channels are provided in <i>Drawing No. 400171/B&V/EIA/503</i> and would be provided by the Contractor to the Engineer for approval before commencement of construction works for the Project. By limiting or confining the works areas the extent of disturbance to the surrounding water bodies will be significantly reduced, and thus resulting impacts on water quality from sediment re-suspension will be reduced. These measures will be implemented to ensure compliance with the Water Pollution Control Ordinance and its subsidiary regulations.							
S5.8	Sewage and Wastewater Discharge All discharges during the construction phase of the Project are required to comply with the Technical Memorandum for Effluents Discharged into Drainage and Sewerage Systems, Inland and Coastal Waters (TM-ICW) issued under Section 21 of the WPCO. Domestic sewage/wastewater generated by workforce on-site should be collected in a suitable storage facility such as portable chemical toilets. An adequate number of portable toilets will be provided during the construction phase. These toilets should be maintained in a state that will not deter the workers from using them. The collected sewage/wastewater will be discharged into the foul sewer or transferred to the Government sewage treatment works by a licensed collector.		Contractor(s)		•			WPCO EIAO-TM Technical Memorandum for Effluents Discharged into Drainage and Sewerage Systems, Inland and Coastal Waters (TM-ICW)
S5.8	 <u>Storage and Handling of Oil, Other Petroleum Products and Chemicals</u> The following mitigation measures should be implemented for the storage and handling of oil, other petroleum products and chemicals: Waste streams classifiable as chemical wastes should be properly stored, 	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		•			Waste Disposal Ordinance (WDO) Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste)

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Implen	nentat	ion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	 collected and treated for compliance with Waste Disposal Ordinance or Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation requirements. All fuel tanks and chemical storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on paved areas. The storage areas should be surrounded by bunds with a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank to prevent spilled oil, fuel and chemicals from reaching the receiving waters. Waste oil should be collected and stored for recycling or disposal, in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. Vehicle and plant servicing areas, vehicle wash bays and lubrication bays should, as far as possible, be located within roofed areas. The drainage in these covered areas should be connected to foul sewers via a petrol interceptor. 							(General) Regulation
S5.8	 Handling of Spillage / Leakage In the event that accidental spillage or leakage of hazardous substances / chemical wastes occur, the response procedures as listed below should be followed. It should be noted that the procedures below are not exhaustive and the contractor should propose other response procedures in the emergency contingency plan based on the particular types and quantities of chemicals or hazardous substances used, handled and stored on-site. Oil leakage or spillage should be contained and cleaned up immediately. Waste oil should be collected and stored for recycling or disposal in accordance with the <i>Waste Disposal Ordinance</i>. Instruct untrained personnel to keep at a safe distance well away from the spillage area. If the spillage / leakage involves highly toxic, volatile or hazardous waste, initiate emergency evacuation and call the emergency service. Only trained persons equipped with suitable protective clothing and equipment should be allowed to enter and clean up the waste spillage / leakage area. Where the spillage/ leakage is contained in the enclosed storage area, the waste can be transferred back into suitable containers by suitable handheld 		Contractor(s)		•			WDO

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	1 -	Implem	nentati	ion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	 equipment, such as hand operated pumps, scoops or shovels. If the spillage / leakage quantity is small, it can be covered and mixed with suitable absorbing materials such as tissue paper, dry soft sand or vermiculite. The resultant slurry should be treated as chemical waste and transferred to suitable containers for disposal. For spillage / leakage in other areas, immediate action is required to contain the spillage / leakage. Suitable liquid absorbing materials such as tissue paper, dry soft sand or vermiculite should be used to cover the spill. The resultant slurry should be treated as chemical waste and transferred to suitable containers for disposal. Areas that have been contaminated by chemical waste spillage / leakage should be cleaned. While water is a soluble solvent for aqueous chemical wastes and water soluble organic waste, kerosene or turpentine should be used for organic chemical wastes that are not soluble in water. The waste from the cleanup operation should be treated and disposed of as chemical waste. In incidents where the spillage/ leakage may result in significant contamination of an area or risk of pollution, the EPD should be informed immediately. 							
S5.8	 <u>Maintenance Works</u> Maintenance may be necessary for the revitalised YLTN at regular intervals to remove excessive silts, vegetation, debris and obstruction. The following considerations should be included in planning for the maintenance works during operation: (a) Maintenance of the channels should be restricted to annual silt removal when the accumulated silt will adversely affect the hydraulic capacity of the channel, except during emergency situations where flooding risk is imminent. Desilting should be carried out by hand or light machinery during the dry season (October to March) when water flow is low. (b) Phasing of the works should be considered to better control and reduce any impacts caused. Where possible, works should be carried out along half 		Project Proponent				~	-

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Implem	nentat	ion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	width of the drainage channel in short sections. A free passage along the drainage channel is necessary to avoid forming stagnant water in any phase of the works.							
	(c) Containment structures (such as sand bags barrier) should be provided for the desilting works area to facilitate a dry or at least confined working area within the drainage channel.							
	(d) The locations for the disposal of the removed materials should be identified and agreement sought with the relevant departments before commencement of the maintenance works. Temporary stockpile of waste materials should be located away from the channel and properly covered. These waste materials should be disposed of in a timely and appropriate manner.							
	(e) Effective temporary flow diversion scheme should be implemented and the generated wastes should be collected and disposed off-site properly to avoid adversely affecting the water quality of the drainage system.							
S5.8	Practicable designs including energy dissipators or orientation of the pump outlets will be optimised in the detail design stage to dissipate excess energy of flowing water downstream such that the hydraulic performance of the downstream will be similar to the existing condition.		Contractor(s)	1				
S5.11 of EIA and S5.2 of EM&A Manual	Baseline monitoring should be undertaken for three times per week for a period of four weeks before commencement of the construction works to establish baseline water quality conditions of the area. Impact monitoring should be undertaken for three times per week during the construction period to obtain water quality data of the area throughout the construction period for comparison with the baseline water quality data and hence determine any water quality impacts from the construction activities. Post Project monitoring should also be undertaken three times per week for four weeks after the completion of construction works.		ET and IEC	•	V	•		EIAO-TM
<u> </u>	The following parameters will be monitored under the water quality monitoring							

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implem	Implementation Stage*		*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	 programme: pH (in situ measurement); Water temperature (°C) (in situ measurement); Salinity (ppt) (in situ measurement); Dissolved Oxygen (DO) (% saturation and mg/L) (in situ measurement); Turbidity (NTU) (in situ measurement); and Suspended Solids (SS) (mg/L) (laboratory analysis). 							
\$5.11	Weekly site inspections and audits will be conducted to ensure that the recommended mitigation measures are properly implemented during the construction stage.		ET and IEC		•			EIAO-TM
6. Waste M	lanagement	1	1	1	<u>.</u>	1	<u> </u>	
S6.6	GeneralThe HKSAR Government's construction and demolition waste management policy follows the same hierarchy as for other wastes i.e. in order of desirability: avoidance, minimisation, recycling, treatment and safe disposal of waste.Training of construction staff should be undertaken by the contractor about the concept of site cleanliness and appropriate waste management procedures. The contractor should develop and provide toolbox talk for on-site sorting of C&D materials to enhance worker's awareness in handling, sorting, reuse and recycling of C&D materials. Requirements for staff training should be included in the 		Detailed Design Engineer / Contractor(s)	•	~			WDO DEVB TC(W) No 6/2010 ETWB TC(W) No. 19/2005

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	1 -	Implem	nentati	ion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	EMP should be followed. A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed (including the disposal sites) should be implemented. In order to monitor the disposal of C&D material and solid wastes at public filling facilities and landfills and to control fly-tipping, a trip-ticket system should be included. One may make reference to $DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010$ for details.							
	Regular cleaning and maintenance of the waste storage area should be provided.							
	Control measures for temporary stockpiles on-site should be taken in order to minimize the noise, generation of dust, pollution of water and visual impact. These measures include:							
	 Surface of stockpiled soil should be regularly wetted with water especially during dry season; Disturbance of stockpiled soil should be minimized; Stockpiled soil should be properly covered with tarpaulin especially when heavy rain storms are predicted; Stockpiling areas should be enclosed where space is available; Stockpiling areas should be located away from the water bodies; and An independent surface water drainage system equipped with silt traps should be installed at the stockpiling area. 							
	The identification of final disposal sites for C&D materials generated by the construction works will be considered during the detailed design stage of the Project when the volume and types of C&D materials can be more accurately estimated. The Public Fill Committee of CEDD should be consulted on designated outlets (e.g. public filling area) for public fill, whilst EPD should be consulted on landfills for C&D waste. Disposal of C&D waste to landfill must not have more than 50% (by weight) inert material. The C&D waste delivered for landfill disposal should contain no free water and the liquid content should not exceed 70% by weight.							
	In order to avoid dust or odour impacts, any vehicle leaving a works area carrying C&D waste or public fill should have their load covered up before leaving the							

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Implem	nentat	ion Stage [*]	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	construction site. C&D materials should be disposed of at designated public fill reception facilities or landfills. Disposal of these materials for the use at other construction projects is subject to the approval of the Engineer and/or other relevant reception authorities. Furthermore, unauthorized disposal of C&D materials in particular on private agricultural land is prohibited and may be subject to relevant enforcement and regulating actions. The disposal of public fill and C&D waste will be controlled through trip-ticket system in accordance with DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010.							
S6.6	 On-site Sorting, Reuse and Recycling All waste materials should be segregated into categories covering: Inert C&D materials suitable for reuse on-site; Inert C&D materials suitable for public fill reception facilities; Recyclable C&D waste for recycling; Remaining C&D waste for landfill; Chemical waste; and General refuse for landfill. Proper segregation and disposal of construction waste should be implemented. Separate containers should be provided for inert and non-inert wastes. Sorting is important to recover materials for reuse and recycling. Specific area should be allocated for on-site sorting of C&D materials and to provide a temporary storage area for those sorted materials. If area is limited, all C&D materials should at least be sorted on-site into inert and non-inert components. Non-inert materials (C&D waste) such as bamboo, timber, vegetation, packaging waste and other organic materials should be reused and recycled wherever possible and disposed of to designated landfill only as a last resort. Inert materials (public fill) such as concrete, stone, clay, brick, soil, asphalt and the like should be separated and reused in this or other projects (subject to approval by the relevant parties in accordance with the DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010) before disposed of at a public filling facility 		Contractor(s)		~			WDO WBTC Nos. 6/2002 and 6/2002A DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010 ETWB TC(W) No. 19/2005

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	1 -	Impler			Relevant Legislation	
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	operated by CEDD. Steel and other metals should be recovered from demolition waste stream and recycled. The reuse of inert materials such as soil, rock and broken concrete should be maximised. Waste should be separated into fine, soft and hard materials. With the use of a crusher coarse material can be crushed to make it suitable for use as fill material where fill is required in the works. This minimises the use of imported material and maximises use of the C&D material produced.							
S6.6	 Excavated Sediments The sediment should be excavated, handled, transported and disposed of in a manner that would minimize adverse environmental impacts. Requirements of the Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation, where relevant, shall be adhered to during excavation, transportation and disposal of the sediment. In order to minimize the exposure to contaminated materials, workers shall, if necessary, wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE) when handling contaminated sediments. Adequate washing and cleaning facilities shall also be provided on site. For off-site disposal, the basic requirements and procedures specified under ETWB TC(W) No. 34/2002 shall be followed. Marine Fill Committee (MFC) of CEDD is managing the disposal facilities in Hong Kong for the excavated sediment, while EPD is the authority of issuing marine dumping permit under the Dumping at Sea Ordinance (DASO). To ensure disposal space is allocated for the Project, the Project Proponent should be responsible for obtaining agreement from MFC on the rationale for sediment removal and the allocation of the disposal site. The contractor(s), on the other hand, should be responsible for the application of the marine dumping permit under DASO 	Phase	Contractor(s)		*			Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation ETWB TC(W) No. 34/2002 Dumping at Sea Ordinance (DASO) WPCO WDO

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Implem	entati	ion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
Kel. ⁽⁷⁾	from EPD for the sediment disposal. The excavated sediments are expected to be loaded onto the barge at public barging point of which the exact location will be determined by the contractor(s) and agreed by EPD/CEDD and transported to the designated disposal sites allocated by MFC. The excavated sediment would be disposed of according to its determined disposal options and ETWB TC(W) No. 34/2002. Stockpiling of contaminated sediments should be avoided as far as possible. If temporary stockpiling of contaminated sediments is necessary, the excavated sediment should be covered by tarpaulin and the area should be placed within earth bunds or sand bags to prevent leachate from entering the ground, nearby drains and surrounding water bodies. The stockpiling areas for contaminated sediments should be paved with impermeable linings to avoid contamination to underlying soil or groundwater. Separate and clearly defined areas should be provided for stockpiling of contaminated and uncontaminated materials. Leachate, if any, should be collected and discharged according to the Water Pollution Control Ordinance (WPCO). In order to minimize the potential odour / dust emissions during excavation and transportation of the sediment, the excavated sediments shall be wetted during excavation / material handling and shall be properly covered when placed on trucks or barges. Loading of the excavated sediment to the barge shall be controlled to avoid splashing and overflowing of the sediment slurry to the surrounding water. The barge transporting the sediments to the designated disposal sites shall be equipped with tight fitting seals to prevent leakage and shall not be filled to a level that would cause overflow of materials or laden water during loading or transportation. In addition, monitoring of the barge loading shall be conducted to ensure that loss of material does not take place during transportation. Transport barges or vessels shall be equipped with automatic self-monitoring devices as specified by the DEP.							

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Implen	nentat	ion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
S6.6	 <u>Chemical Waste</u> Where the construction processes produce chemical waste, the contractor must register with EPD as a chemical waste producer. Wastes classified as chemical wastes are listed in the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation. These wastes are subject to stringent disposal routes. EPD requires information on the particulars of the waste generation processes including the types of waste produced, their location, quantities and generation rates. A nominated contact person must be registered with EPD. An updated list of licensed chemical waste collector can be obtained from EPD. Storage, handling, transport and disposal of chemical waste should be arranged in accordance with the Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes published by EPD, and should be collected by a licensed chemical waste collector. Chemical waste should be stored away from channels or water bodies. Suitable containers should be used for specific types of chemical wastes. The containers should be properly labelled (in English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the Regulations), resistance to corrosion, stored safely and closely secured. Stored volume should not be kept more than 450 liters unless the specification has been approved by the EPD. Storage area should be enclosed by three sides by a wall, partition of fence that is at least 2 m height or height of tallest container with adequate ventilation and space. Hard standing, impermeable surfaces draining via oil interceptors should be provided in works area compounds. Interceptors should be regularly emptied to prevent release of oils and grease into the surface water drainage system after accidental spillages. The interceptor should have a bypass to prevent flushing during periods of heavy rain. Oil and fuel bunkers should be bunded and/or encloseed on three sides to prevent discharge due to accidental spillages or breaches of tanks. Bunding shou	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)					Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	-							*	Relevant Legislation	
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines			
	volume of the largest container or 20% of the total volume of waste, whichever is largest. Waste collected from any grease traps should be collected and disposed of by a licensed contractor.										
	Lubricants, waste oils and other chemical wastes are likely to be generated during construction. Used lubricants should be collected and stored in individual containers which are fully labelled in English and Chinese and stored in a designated secure place. If possible, such waste should be sent to oil recycling companies, and the empty oil drums collected by appropriate companies for reuse or refill.										
	The registered chemical waste producer (i.e. the contractor) has to arrange for the chemical waste to be collected by licensed collectors. The licensed collector should regularly take chemical waste to a licensed chemical waste treatment facility (such as the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre in Tsing Yi). A trip ticket system operates to control the movement of chemical wastes.										
	No lubricants, oils, solvents or paint products should be allowed to discharge into water courses, either by direct discharge, or as contaminants carried in surface water runoff from the construction site.										
S6.6	<u>General Works Waste</u> Concrete Waste	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		~			WDO WBTC No. 19/2001			
	Dry concrete waste (considered as public fill) should be sorted out from the other wastes and recycled for reuse or sorted out for disposal at designated public filling facilities.							WD101001			
	Wooden Materials										
	All wooden materials used on-site should be kept separate from other wastes to avoid damage and to facilitate reuse. Timber which cannot be reused should be sorted out from other waste and stored separately from all inert waste before being										

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Implem	entati	ion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	disposed of to landfill. Reusable steel or concrete panel shutters, fencing and hoarding and signboard should be used as a preferred alternative to items made of wood, to minimise wastage of wood. Attention should be paid to WBTC No. 19/2001 - Metallic Site Hoardings and Signboards to reduce the amount of timber used on construction sites. Metallic alternatives to timber are readily available and should be used rather than new timber. Precast concrete units should be adopted wherever feasible to minimize the use of timber formwork. Only waste material need be taken to a landfill. It should be separated from recyclable wood and steel materials. As for all waste types these materials should be reused on-site or other approved sites before disposal is considered as an option. Disposal to landfill should only be considered as a final option. Contractors are responsible for storage of re-useable materials on-site. General Refuse General refuse generated on-site should be stored in enclosed bins or skips and collected separately from other construction and chemical wastes and disposed of at designated landfill. A temporary refuse collection point should be set up by the contractor to facilitate the collection of refuse by licensed contractors. The removal of waste from the site should be arranged on a daily or at least on every second day by the contractor to minimise any potential odour impacts, minimise the presence of pests, vermin and other scavengers and prevent unsightly accumulation of waste. The recyclable component of the general waste generated by the workforce, such as aluminium cans, paper and cleansed plastic containers should be separated from other waste. Provision and collection of recycling bins for different types of recyclable waste should be set up by the contractor. The contractor should also be responsible for arranging recycling companies to collect these materials. Floating Refuse							

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /		Implei	nentat	ion Stage	*	Relevant Legislation	
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines	
	Any floating refuse trapped within the Project Area shall be collected by contractor and disposed to landfill.								
S6.6	The screenings, silt materials and debris collected during operation and maintenance should be properly packed and transported to the designated landfill for disposal as soon as possible. All chemical waste should be properly stored, labelled and removed by licensed waste collectors in accordance with Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	Operation	Project Proponent				~	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation	
S6.9	 To facilitate monitoring and control over the contractors' performance on waste management, a waste monitoring and audit programme will be implemented throughout the construction phase and a Waste Management Plan (WMP) will be prepared and implemented by the contractor in accordance with ETWB TC(W) No. 19/2005. The aims of the monitoring and audit programme are: To review the WMP, which will form part of the EMP in accordance with ETWB TC(W) No. 19/2005, including the quantities and types of C&D materials generated, reused and disposed of off-site; the amount of fill materials exported from/imported to the site and the quantity of timber used in temporary works construction for each process/activity; To monitor the implementation and achievement of the WMP on site to assess its effectiveness; and To monitor the follow-up actions on deficiencies identified. Site inspections will be undertaken each week. Particular attention will be given to the contractor's provision of sufficient spaces, adequacy of resources and facilities for on-site sorting and temporary storage of C&D materials. The C&D materials to be disposed of from the site will be visually inspected to ensure the absence of non-inert materials (e.g. general refuse, timber, etc.). The waste to be disposed of at landfills will as practicable contain no observable inert or reusable/recyclable C&D materials (e.g. soil, broken rock, metal, and paper/cardboard packaging, etc.). Any 	Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		×			WDO ETWB TC(W) No. 19/2005	

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Impler	Implementation Stage*		Relevant Legislation	
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	contractor for rectification. The findings of the waste inspections will be reported in the monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report.							
7. Ecologic	al							
	Avoidance							
S7.8	While the Project Site is situated within the WBA, the site and construction works are designed to be confined to the Yuen Long Town Nullah that direct impacts on all other recognized sites of conservation importance including Ramsar Site, Priority Site, WCA, WBA (outside the Project Site), SSSI and CA would be avoided.	Whole Site / Detailed Design Phase	Detailed Design Engineer	•				EIAO-TM
S7.8	According to the ecological survey data from present study, Shan Pui River recorded a relatively higher abundance of waterbirds in dry season. In order to minimize the construction noise disturbance on the nearby wetland habitats and the associated disturbance-sensitive overwintering/migratory waterbirds, which are most abundant during the dry season months, the comparatively disturbing construction works i.e. percussive piling works and demolition using breakers mounted on excavators, would therefore be scheduled outside the dry season (i.e. November to March, which is the peak overwintering period of waterbirds).		Contractor(s)		*			EIAO-TM
	Minimisation							
S7.8	<u>Consideration of alternative construction methods</u> – Concrete crusher would be used for demolition works to be undertaken during dry season months and demolition using breakers mounted on excavators should only be undertaken during wet season when the wetland habitats nearby the Project Site are less sensitive outside the peak overwintering.	YLBS / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		*			EIAO-TM
S7.8	Due to ground conditions and programme constraints, percussive piling works would likely be unavoidable. In considering the construction noise, ecological impact and other environmental constraints, the quieter foundation methods,	YLBS / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		•			EIAO-TM

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /		Implei	Implementation Stage*		*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	including bored piling by reverse circulation drill, raft foundation and shallow foundation, would be adopted as far as possible.							
S7.8	<u>Careful phasing of construction activities</u> – The programme and phasing of the construction activities have been carefully planned to localise the construction disturbance within and to reduce the duration of high level of disturbances on sensitive wetland habitats and associated waterbirds. The proposed works will be conducted in 3 primary phases stated in Chapter 2 of EIA report. For example, excavation works within watercourse will be conducted in dry season to minimize the impacts to water quality and release of contaminants to aquatic habitats. Besides, the pumping stations and tidal barriers will not be constructed simultaneously, but will be constructed by 2 sections (one pumping station and half of tidal barriers at a time), to maintain the ecological connectivity.		Contractor(s)		•			EIAO-TM
S7.8	<u>Use of noise barriers/acoustic screens</u> – In order to further minimise the overall impacts on the nearby wetland habitats and associated waterbirds, particularly to the wetland habitats adjacent to the Project Site, noise barriers with absorptive materials of about 2-3m high will be erected along the sensitive sides of the Project Site, throughout the construction phase. The purpose is to screen the construction noise and human disturbance from the waterbirds during construction phase.		Contractor(s)		*			EIAO-TM
S7.8	Adequate noise barriers should also be provided for the demolition using breakers mounted on excavators and percussive piling works, to further minimise the construction noise disturbance from these construction activities. Movable noise barriers should be provided to breakers mounted on excavator used for demolition works and acoustic mat should be provided to the piling plants around the rig. The contractor should provide enclosure for construction equipment, especially static plants (e.g. generator), as appropriate to minimise the noise disturbance as far as practicable.	Construction	Contractor(s)		•			EIAO-TM
S7.8	As ardeid night roost was recorded beside the Project Site of Kam Tin River, noise barriers with absorptive materials of about 2-3m high should be erected along the side close to the night roost location, that would screen human disturbance and noise		Contractor(s) – ecologists		~			EIAO-TM

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures		-	Implem	Implementation Stage*		Relevant Legislation	
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	0		С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	disturbance to the night roost. As night roost may change from time to time, a pre- construction survey is recommended for areas within 100m from the Project boundary to confirm the location and status of the night roost. No construction works should be undertaken within 100m from any night roost confirmed by the pre- construction survey after 17:00 from February to September and 16:30 from October to January to avoid disturbance to avoid disturbance.	ardeid night roost / Construction						
S7.8	<u>Use of quality powered mechanical equipment</u> – The Quality Powered Mechanical Equipment (QPME) system was developed by EPD to benchmark construction equipment items that are new, notably quieter, more environmentally friendly and efficient by QPME Labels. The contractor should source QPMEs for construction as far as practicable to further minimise the overall construction noise and other disturbance to the nearby wetland habitats and associated waterbirds to the maximum practical extent.	Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		1			EIAO-TM
S7.8	<u>Operation of tidal barrier to allow brackish waters flushing in</u> – In order to mitigate the impacts of fragmentation in particular the water connectivity between the YLTN Section 4 and Shan Pui River, as well as the loss of brackish water habitat at YLTN Section 4, measures are being explored to retain the habitat between the existing inflatable dam and the proposed barrage as far as practicable. The operation of tidal barrier will be closed during high tide above 0.5mPD and will be opened below 0.5mPD (Appendix 2.4 of EIA report). The situation now is the waters from Deep Bay start flushing in above ~0.2mPD during high tide. Hence, the waters with sediment from Deep Bay can still be flushed into YLTN Section 4 from ~0.2- 0.5mPD during high tide before closure of tidal barriers. The operation would facilitate an exchange of water, similar to the existing conditions, according to tidal fluctuations and enhance ecological connectivity through periodic opening of the tidal barriers. Additionally, the feasibility of a proposed 300mm x 300mm ecological trench underneath the soffit of the tidal barriers is being investigated to serve a similar purpose when the barriers are closed. The necessary operation modes would be further explored in the Detailed Design Stage.	Detailed Design Phase and Operation Phase	Detailed Design Engineer / Project Proponent	•			~	EIAO-TM

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Implen	Implementation Stage*		Implementation Stage*		Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines	
S7.8	<u>Discharge design to minimize the scouring effect to tidal mudflat</u> – The performance of the discharge system would be assessed against the YLBS' maximum discharge (i.e. under 200-year rainstorm event) and the configuration of the pumping stations is being optimised. Apart from under design weather events, no significant increase in discharge is anticipated as a result of the barrage. The orientation of the outlet and angle of discharge will be designed to prevent localized turbulent flows which could lead to scouring of the river bed and bank, thereby minimising significant changes to the existing sedimentation pattern / mudflats in Shan Pui River and Old Kam Tin River. Energy dissipators could be designed at the outlet to protect the downstream Shan Pui River from erosion by further reducing the flow velocity.		Detailed Design Engineer / Project Proponent	~			•	EIAO-TM	
S7.8	<u>Reducing glare/lighting</u> – No night-time construction works would be required under this Project (construction hours: 07:00 – 19:00) while the operations of the pumping stations and E&M room will be unmanned, only safety light will be turned on. In light of the presence of light sensitive mammal species of conservation importance, Great Cormorants that roost on trees at Nam Sang Wai and Bent-winged Firefly, the overall reduction of glare during both construction and operation phases should also be considered. A balance between lighting for safety, and avoiding excessive lighting can be achieved through the use of directional lighting to avoid light spill into sensitive areas, and control/timing of lighting periods of some facilities. Major construction site lighting should point inward and downward to minimize glare disturbance to wildlife at night. The intensity of light should also be controlled to the lowest possible level. To avoid the potential disturbance impact on the Bent-winged Firefly, any outdoor lighting associated with the construction works of the barrage after 1800 should be avoided during May to September.		Detailed Design Engineer / Contractor(s) / Project Proponent	*	*		~	EIAO-TM	
	Mitigation								
S7.8	<u>Translocation of Gobiopterus macrolepis</u> – Within YLTN Section 4 of the Project Site, fish species of conservation importance i.e. Gobiopterus macrolepis was recorded. Direct impact to this species is likely in the works area of the tidal barrier during construction phase, and translocation of this species is recommended. Capture-and-translocation of this fish species will be implemented in the works area	Section 4 /	Contractor(s) – ecologists		•			EIAO-TM	

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures			A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		Implementa		ion Stage*		Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines		
	of the tidal barrier and pumping station prior to construction works to minimize the impacts on this species of conservation importance.									
S7.8	The capture-and-translocation exercise should be undertaken by ecologists with relevant experience. Besides the primary target of <i>Gobiopterus macrolepis</i> , other aquatic species of conservation importance should also be translocated if encountered during the capture exercise. Captured individuals will be released to suitable habitats with records of the species during the exercises. As the works area of the tidal barrier subjects to tidal influence, it is recommended the capture exercise should be conducted during low tide, to allow the fish or other aquatic fauna in the works area should be formulated.		Contractor(s) – ecologists		*			EIAO-TM		
S7.8	<i>Gobiopterus macrolepis</i> were recorded along the Shan Pui River, Kam Tin River, the confluence of Shan Pui River and Kam Tin River, and the reedbed in Nam Sang Wai, all these locations can be considered as potential receptor sites for fish translocation. As the abundance of this species was higher in the reedbed of Nam Snag Wai, it is considered a more favourable habitat for this species and hence the priority of the receptor site would be there.		Contractor(s) – ecologists		•			EIAO-TM		
S7.8	The detailed fish translocation plan and ecologists involved in the translocation should be submitted to relevant authorities including AFCD for approval prior to commencement of the fish translocation. The plan should include brief description on pre-translocation fish survey, translocation methodology, identification of fish receptor site, post-translocation monitoring methodology, and measures to prevent recolonization of aquatic fauna in the works area of the tidal barrier.	YLTN Section 4 / Before construction	Contractor(s) – ecologists							
8. Fisheries	S	1	1	1		1	<u> </u>			
S8.8	The proposed works are confined within the Proposed Project Boundary. Fishponds within the assessment area have been avoided.	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		~			-		

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	1 -	Implen	Implementation Stage*		*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
S8.8	Controlling Site Runoff In order to minimize the potential indirect fisheries impacts due to deterioration of water quality on the adjacent ponds as much as possible, guidelines for handling and disposal of construction discharges as well as appropriate mitigation measures and good site practices as detailed in Water Quality Chapter to control runoff from the construction site and prevent runoff and drainage water with high levels of suspended solids and oil / grease from directly entering the nearby fishponds. In particular, measures and good site practices stipulated in the ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage" and in ETWB TC (Works) No. 5/2005 "Protection of Natural Streams / Rivers from Adverse Impacts Arising from Construction Works" to minimise surface runoff and the chance of erosion should be followed to minimise potential impacts to nearby fisheries resources. Relevant mitigation measures include: • Construction works should be programmed to minimize soil excavation in the wet season (i.e. April to September). If soil excavation cannot be avoided in these months or at any time of year when rainstorms are likely, temporarily exposed slope surfaces should be covered e.g. by tarpaulin, and temporary access roads should be protected by crushed stone or gravel, as excavation proceeds; • Construction works close to the inland waters should be carried out in the dry season as far as practicable where the flow in the surface channel or stream is low; • Open stockpiles of construction materials (e.g. aggregates, sand and fill material) on sites should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric. Intercepting channels should be provided (e.g. along the crest / edge of excavation) to prevent storm run-off from washing across exposed soil surfaces. Arrangements should always be in place in such a way that adequate surface protection measures can be safely carried out well before the arrival of rainstorm; • Surface run-off from construction sites should be discharged into storm dra		Contractor(s)					ProPECC PN 1/94 ETWB TC(W) No. 5/2005 WPCO

EIA &	2- I		Implementation	Implen	ientat	ion Stage		
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	 drainage like intercepting channels should be provided where necessary. Good site practices should be adopted to remove rubbish and litter from construction sites so as to prevent the rubbish and litter from spreading from the site area. It is recommended to clean the construction sites on a regular basis. Silt removal facilities, channels and manholes should be maintained and the deposited silt and grit should be removed regularly (as well as at the onset of and after each rainstorm) to prevent overflows and localized flooding. 							
S8.8	Minimizing Chance of Accidental Spillage and Potential Contamination of Surface Water and Groundwater	Construction	Contractor(s)		~			WDO
	The Contractor must register as a chemical waste producer if chemical wastes would be produced from the construction activities. The Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap 354) and its subsidiary regulations in particular the Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation should be observed and complied with for control of chemical wastes. Any service shop and maintenance facilities should be located on hard standings within a bunded area, and sumps and oil interceptors should be provided. Maintenance of vehicles and equipment involving activities with potential leakage and spillage should only be undertaken within the areas appropriately equipped to control these discharges.							Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation The Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes published under the Waste Disposal Ordinance
	 Disposal Ordinance. The Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes published under the Waste Disposal Ordinance details the requirements to deal with chemical wastes. General requirements are given as follows: Suitable containers should be used to hold the chemical wastes to avoid leakage or spillage during storage, handling and transport. Chemical waste containers should be suitably labelled, to notify and warn the personnel who are handling the wastes to avoid accidents. Storage area should be selected at a safe location on site and adequate space 							

EIA &	Pr l	Timing of Agent		n Implementation Sta				Implementation Stage*		ntation Stage*		Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾				Des	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines				
	should be allocated to the storage area.											
S8.11 of EIA and S8.1 of EM&A Manual	As no unacceptable adverse fisheries impacts are anticipated during construction or operational phases, no specific monitoring programme for fisheries is required. Regular audits should be undertaken to ensure the effectiveness of the mitigation measures and good site practices recommended during construction phase for further controlling the water quality impacts, as these measures also serve to protect fisheries resources.	Construction	ET and IEC		•			EIAO-TM				
9. Built He	ritage		1	1			<u> </u>					
S9.6	A condition survey will be carried out by qualified building surveyor or engineer in advance of works for identified buildings that may be affected by ground-borne vibration. The Condition Survey Report should contain descriptions of the structure, identification of fragile elements, an appraisal of the condition and working methods for any proposed monitoring and precautionary measures that are recommended.	Heritage structures HB-17, HB- 18, HB-30 / Before Construction	Contractor(s)		✓			-				
S9.6	Vibration monitoring should be undertaken during the construction works to ensure that safe levels of vibration are not exceeded. An Alert, Alarm and Action (AAA) vibration limit set at 5 / 6 / 7.5 mm/s for heritage buildings (PNAP APP-137- Appendix A) should be adopted. The AAA vibration limit for the buildings to be graded by AAB should be determined by the future grading. The condition survey report should highlight if the limit should be lowered after the detailed study of the condition of the buildings and structures. A monitoring schedule, the location of monitoring equipment, the frequency of monitoring, reporting requirements and action plan should be included in the condition survey report. The location of any monitoring equipment in the building must be approved by the owner and AMO before installation. Reinstatement to all affected areas is required.	Heritage structures HB-17, HB- 18, HB-30 / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		~			PNAP APP-137- Appendix A				
S9.6	A buffer zone should be provided to separate the building or structure from the construction works. The buffer zone should be clearly marked out by temporary	Heritage structures	Contractor(s)		~			-				

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures	Location /	Implementation	Impler	Implementation Stage*		*	Relevant Legislation
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	C	Post-C	0	- DEVB TC(W) No. 4/2020
	fencing, if temporary fencing is not appropriate signage may be used to identify the heritage item to be avoided. The buffer zone should be made at least 1m from the proposed works or if this is not possible as large as the site restrictions allow.	HB-17, HB- 18, HB-30, HB-31 / Construction Phase						
S9.6	Any proposed works in close proximity to buildings or structures used by the public have the potential to create an unsafe environment for members of the public. The contractor should ensure that safe public access if possible, through provision of clearly marked paths separated from the construction works areas is provided for any such affected cultural heritage structure.	Heritage structures HB-17, HB- 18, HB-30, HB-31 / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		*			-
10. Landsc	ape and Visual							
S10.7.4	 CM1 - The construction area and contractor's temporary works areas should be minimised to reduce visual impacts and avoid impacts on adjacent landscape. CM2 - Reduction of construction period to practical minimum. CM3 - Phasing of the construction stage to reduce visual impacts during the construction phase. CM4 - Construction traffic kept to a practical minimum. CM5 - Erection of decorative mesh screens or construction hoardings around works areas in visually unobtrusive colours. CM6 - Avoidance of excessive height and bulk of site buildings and structures. CM7 - Control of night-time lighting by hooding all lights and through minimisation of night working periods. CM8 - All existing trees shall be carefully protected during construction. Detailed Tree Protection Specification shall be provided in the Contract Documents. Under this specification, the Contractor shall be required to submit, for approval, a detailed working method statement for the protection of trees prior to undertaking any works adjacent to all retained trees, including trees in contractor's works areas. CM9 - Trees unavoidably affected by the works shall be transplanted where practical. A detailed Tree Transplanting Specification shall be provided in the 	Whole Site / Construction Phase	Contractor(s)		•			· /

EIA &	Environmental Protection Measures		-	Implementation Stage*		*	Relevant Legislation	
EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		Timing of the Measures	Agent	Des	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	Contract Specification, if applicable. Sufficient time for necessary tree root and crown preparation periods shall be allowed in the project programme.							
S10.7.4	 OM1 - Enhanced nullah bed with replacement of concrete lining with natural substrates and planting. OM2 - Enhanced nullah sides with appropriate hard and soft finishes and parapet treatments. OM3 - Enhanced adjacent streetscape with paving, planting and furniture in a manner that responds to the existing and planned urban context. OM4 - Additional viewpoints, seating areas and open space within or adjacent to nullah. OM5 - Enhanced nullah crossings including vehicular, pedestrian and utility bridges with upgraded finishes and treatments. OM6 - Sensitively designed barrage and structures in terms of scale, height and bulk (visual weight). OM7 - Barrage and drainage works visually integrated with their surroundings through use of appropriate building materials and finishes. OM8 - Barrage lighting units to be directional and minimise unnecessary light spill and glare. For further details, see "Charter on External Lighting" and "Guidelines on Industry Best Practices for External Lighting Installations" promulgated by the Environmental Bureau. OM9 - Compensatory tree planting for all felled trees in accordance with relevant Government tree protection requirements. (Required numbers and locations of compensatory trees shall be determined and agreed separately with Government during the Tree Felling Application process under the relevant technical circulars during the detailed design phase). OM10 - Green roofs and vertical greening on barrage pumping stations and E&M control building. 	Whole Site including Barrage / Detailed Design and Operation Phase	Detailed Design Engineer / Project Proponent	•				

* Des = Design; C = Construction; Post-C = Post Construction / Before Operation; O = Operation

Improvement to Yuen Long Town Nullah

Appendix K1 - Implementation Schedule and Recommended Mitigation Measures

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Impler	nenta	tion Stage	•	Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	- & Guidelines
1. Air Qua	ality Measures							
S4.8	 Relevant dust control measures stipulated in the <i>Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation</i>, and good site practices will be incorporated as the Contract Specifications for implementation throughout the construction period. These include: The works area for site clearance and excavation should be sprayed with water before, during and after the operation so as to maintain the entire surface wet. Restricting heights from which materials are to be dropped, as far as practicable to reduce the fugitive dust arising from unloading/ loading. Immediately before leaving a construction site, all vehicles should be washed to remove any dusty materials from the bodies and wheels. However, all spraying of materials and surfaces should avoid excessive water usage. Where a vehicle leaving a construction site is carrying a load of dusty materials, the load should be covered entirely by clean impervious sheeting to ensure that the dusty materials should be covered entirely by impervious sheeting; and/or placed in an area sheltered on the top and three sides. All dusty materials should be sprayed with water immediately prior to any loading, unloading or transfer operation so as to maintain the dusty materials wet. Reduce the traffic induced dust dispersion and re-suspension, the travelling speed of vehicles within the site should be controlled. Regular maintenance of construction equipment deployed on-site will be 	Whole Site	Contractor(s)					Air Pollution Control (Construction Dust) Regulation

(1) Unless otherwise stated, the reference refers to the relevant section of the EIA Report.

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	nenta	tion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	conducted to prevent black smoke emission.							
S4.8	Excavated nullah bed materials that are placed on trucks for disposal should be properly covered with tarpaulin sheets during transportation to minimise the release of any potential odour. The odorous excavated material should be placed as far away from the sensitive receivers as possible. Odorous river bed material excavated during construction phase should be removed off-site as soon as practicable within 24 hours to avoid any odour nuisance.	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		*		~	-
S4.8	 During operation phase, mitigation measures are considered necessary when materials generated from the maintenance works are found to be odorous, and the following measures should be implemented by the Contractor. Temporarily stockpile odorous material as far away from ASRs as possible; and Temporary stockpiles of odorous material will be properly covered with tarpaulin and should be removed off-site as soon as practically possible within 24 hours to avoid any odour nuisance arising. 	Whole Site	Contractor(s)				•	
S4.8	 To reduce odour impacts from the DWF pumping station, the following measures should be implemented. The DWF pumping station should be enclosed inside building structure and maintained with negative pressure; The DWF pumping station should be equipped with deodourization unit using activated carbon or other equivalent odour removal techniques with odour removal efficiency of 99.5%; The exhaust outlet of the deodourization unit should be located in a direction away from the nearby ASRs, with a view to maximizing the separation distance between the exhaust outlet and the nearest ASR; and Regular maintenance of the deodourization unit should be conducted to ensure its effectiveness. 	DWF pumping station	Contractor(s)				*	

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	nenta	tion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
S4.11 of EIA Report, S3.3 and S3.4 of EM&A Manual	Weekly site inspection and monthly odour patrol measurement.	Whole Site	ET & IEC	¥	*			
2. Noise								
\$5.8	 The following good site practices should be followed during the construction of the Project: Only well-maintained plant should be operated on-site and plant should be serviced regularly during the construction phase; Silencers or mufflers on construction equipment should be utilized where required and should be properly maintained during the construction phase; Mobile plant, if any, should be sited as far from NSRs as possible; Machines and plant (such as trucks) that may be in intermittent use should be shut down between work periods or should be throttled down to a minimum; Plant known to emit noise strongly in one direction should, wherever possible, be orientated so that the noise is directed away from the nearby NSRs; and Material stockpiles and other structures should be effectively utilised, wherever practicable, in screening noise from on-site construction activities. 	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		•			-
S5.8	Use quiet PME as far as practicable to mitigate the construction noise impact.	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		1			-
S5.8	Noise insulating sheet would be adopted for PME such as drill rig. The noise insulating sheet should be deployed such that there would be no opening or gaps on the joints.	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		~			-

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		•	Implen	nenta	tion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
\$5.8	In view of the close proximity between NSRs and the works areas for construction of DWFI system, fixed temporary noise barriers shall be deployed at the working section as far as practicable. Fixed temporary noise barriers of 3m in height with skid footing should be used and located within a few metres of stationary plant and mobile plant such that the line of sight to the NSR is blocked by the barriers. The length of the barrier should be at least five times greater than its height. The noise barrier material should have a sufficient surface density of at least 7 kg/m2 and have no openings or gaps.	Works Areas for DWFI System	Contractor(s)		✓			A Practical Guide for the Reduction of Noise from Construction Works
S5.8	Scheduling of construction activities with identified grouping of PMEs. Only one group of PME would be operated at any one time for each construction activity for reducing the construction noise impact.	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		•			-
S5.8	 Special arrangement during examination period The contractor shall liaise with the school management about the arrangements during examination weeks. PMEs shall not be used at the closest works areas (i.e. Section B1 for NSR14 and Section A3 for NSR18) during the examination period. 	Relevant Works Areas for Construction of DWFI System	Contractor(s)		•			
S5.8	 During operation phase, the following measures shall be implemented as far as practicable to minimise the potential impact: Quieter plant should be chosen as far as practical; Include noise levels specification when ordering new plant items; All openings, including louvres for ventilation and machine room doors should be oriented away from the NSRs as far as practicable; Silencers, acoustic louvres or acoustic doors should be used where necessary; 	DWF pumping station	Contractor(s)				*	

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	nentat	ion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	 and Develop and implement a regularly scheduled plant maintenance programme so that plant items are properly operated and serviced. The programme should be implemented by properly trained personnel. 							
S5.7	The specified SWLs presented in Annex 5C-3 of the EIA Report should be included in the tender specification.	DWF pumping station	Contractor(s)				~	
S5.11 of EIA and S4.4 of EM&A Manual	Weekly noise monitoring at five monitoring stations and weekly site inspection and audit of construction activities.	Whole Site	ET & IEC	*	*			Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance
3. Water Q	Quality	1					•	
S6.7	General Construction Site Practice The Contractor should observe and comply with the Water Pollution Control Ordinance and its subsidiary regulations and obtain a discharge license under the Ordinance. The Contractor should carry out the Project works in such a manner as to minimize adverse impacts on the water quality during execution of the works. In particular he should arrange his method of working to minimize the effects on the water quality within and outside the Project Site and on the transport routes. In addition, the management of construction site drainage from the Project will follow guidelines provided in ProPECC PN 1/94.	Excavation Site	Contractor(s)		•			-
S6.7	<u>Construction Site Runoff and Drainage</u> Proper site management measures should be implemented to control site runoff and drainage, and thereby prevent high sediment loadings from reaching downstream		Contractor(s)		•			ProPECC PN 1/94 "Construction Site Drainage"

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implem	entat	ion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	 sections of the river/stream and adjacent agricultural land, if any. The Contractor should follow the practices, and be responsible for the design, construction, operation and maintenance of all the mitigation measures. The design of the mitigation measures should be submitted by the Contractor to the Engineer for approval. These mitigation measures shall include the following practices to minimize site surface runoff and the chance of erosion, and also to retain and reduce any suspended solids prior to discharge: Before commencing any work, all sewer and drainage connections should be sealed to prevent debris, soil, sand etc. from entering public sewers/drains. Provision of perimeter channels to intercept storm-runoff from outside the site. These should be constructed in advance of the construction works. Temporary ditches such as channels, earth bunds or sand bag barriers should be included to facilitate runoff discharge into the stormwater drain, via a sand/silt basin/trap. Works programme should be designed to minimize works areas at any one time, thus minimizing exposed soil areas and reducing the potential for increased siltation and runoff. Sand/silt removal facilities should be properly and regularly cleaned and maintained. These facilities should be carefully planned to ensure that they would be installed at appropriate locations to capture all surface water generated on site. Careful programming of the works to avoid excavation works during the rainy season. Temporary access roads (if any) should be protected by crushed gravel and exposed slope surfaces shall be protected when rainstorms are likely; and Open stockpiles of construction materials on-site should be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms to prevent erosion. 							

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	nenta	tion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
S6.7	Use of Containment Structures and Diversion Channels	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		1			-
	The use of containment structures and diversion channels is recommended wherever practicable to facilitate a dry or at least confined excavation within the nullah. For example, nullah water should be contained within the works area before the commencement of excavation by the use of sand bag barriers. Water within the contained area should be discharged to the nullah before excavation commences to create the dry conditions. Nullah water should also be diverted from the works area through the use of diversion channel constructed by materials such as concrete blocks. Details of the containment structures and diversion channels should be provided by the Contractor to the Engineer for approval before commencement of construction works for the Project. By limiting or confining the works areas the extent of disturbance to the surrounding water bodies will be significantly reduced, and thus resulting impacts on water quality from sediment re-suspension will be reduced. Furthermore, excavation works in the nullah should be carried out during periods of low flow (dry season from November to March) as far as practicably to reduce impacts on downstream water quality and sensitive receivers. These measures will be implemented to ensure compliance with the <i>Water Pollution Control Ordinance</i> and its subsidiary regulations.							
S6.7	<u>Sewage and Wastewater Discharge</u> All discharges during the construction phase of the Project are required to comply with the <i>Technical Memorandum for Effluents Discharged into Drainage and</i> <i>Sewerage Systems, Inland and Coastal Waters (TM-ICW)</i> issued under <i>Section 21</i> of the <i>WPCO</i> . Domestic sewage/wastewater generated by workforce on-site should be collected in a suitable storage facility such as portable chemical toilets. An adequate number of portable toilets will be provided during the construction phase. These toilets should be maintained in a state that will not deter the workers from using them. The collected sewage/wastewater will be discharged into the foul		Contractor(s)		•			Technical Memorandum for Effluents Discharged into Drainage and Sewerage Systems, Inland and Coastal Waters (TM-ICW) issued under Section 21 of the WPCO

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	nenta	tion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	sewer or transferred to the Government sewage treatment works by a licensed collector.							
S6.7	 Storage and Handling of Oil, Other Petroleum Products and Chemicals The following mitigation measures should be implemented for the storage and handling of oil, other petroleum products and chemicals: Waste streams classifiable as chemical wastes should be properly stored, collected and treated for compliance with Waste Disposal Ordinance or Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation requirements. All fuel tanks and chemical storage areas should be provided with locks and be sited on paved areas. The storage areas should be surrounded by bunds with a capacity equal to 110% of the storage capacity of the largest tank to prevent spilled oil, fuel and chemicals from reaching the receiving waters. Waste oil should be collected and stored for recycling or disposal, in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. Vehicle and plant servicing areas, vehicle wash bays and lubrication bays should, as far as possible, be located within roofed areas. The drainage in these covered areas should be connected to foul sewers via a petrol interceptor. 	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		•			Waste Disposal Ordinance or Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation
S6.7	 Handling of Spillage / Leakage In the event that accidental spillage or leakage of hazardous substances / chemical wastes occur, the response procedures as listed below should be followed. It should be noted that the procedures below are not exhaustive and the contractor should propose other response procedures in the emergency contingency plan based on the particular types and quantities of chemicals or hazardous substances used, handled and stored on-site. Oil leakage or spillage should be contained and cleaned up immediately. Waste 	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		*			Waste Disposal Ordinance

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implem	nentat	ion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Implementation Stage Relevant L Pre-C C Post-C O Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Pre-C C Post-C O Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implementation Stage Implem	& Guidelines			
	 oil should be collected and stored for recycling or disposal in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance. Instruct untrained personnel to keep at a safe distance well away from the spillage area. If the spillage / leakage involves highly toxic, volatile or hazardous waste, initiate emergency evacuation and call the emergency service. Only trained persons equipped with suitable protective clothing and equipment should be allowed to enter and clean up the waste spillage / leakage area. Where the spillage/ leakage is contained in the enclosed storage area, the waste can be transferred back into suitable containers by suitable handheld equipment, such as hand operated pumps, scoops or shovels. If the spillage / leakage quantity is small, it can be covered and mixed with suitable containers for disposal. For spillage / leakage in other areas, immediate action is required to contain the spillage / leakage. Suitable liquid absorbing materials such as tissue paper, dry soft sand or vermiculites such as tissue paper, dry soft sand or verticulate such as tissue paper, dry soft sand or over the spill. The resultant slurry should be treated as chemical waste and transferred to suitable containers for disposal. For spillage / leakage. Suitable liquid absorbing materials such as tissue paper, dry soft sand or vermiculite should be used to cover the spill. The resultant slurry should be treated as chemical waste and transferred to suitable containers for disposal. Areas that have been contaminated by chemical waste spillage / leakage should be cleaned. While water is a soluble solvent for aqueous chemical wastes and water soluble organic waste, kerosene or turpentine should be used for organic chemical wastes that are not soluble in water. The waste from the cleanup operation should be treated and disposed of as chemical waste. In incidents where the spillage / leakage may result in significant contamination of an area or risk of pollution, t							

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	ientat	tion Stage	9	Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
S6.7	Maintenance Works	Maintenance works area	Contractor(s)				1	-
	 The following considerations should be included in planning for the maintenance works during operation: (a) Maintenance of the channels should be restricted to annual silt removal when the accumulated silt will adversely affect the hydraulic capacity of the channel, except during emergency situations where flooding risk is imminent. Desilting should be carried out by hand or light machinery during the dry season when water flow is low. (b) Vegetation removal should be limited to manual cutting to be carried out during dry season and only when growth of vegetation is very likely to impede channel flow. (c) Phasing of the works should be considered to better control and reduce any impacts caused. Where possible, works should be carried out along half width of the drainage channel in short sections. A free passage along the drainage channel is necessary to avoid forming stagnant water in any phase of the works. (d) Containment structures (such as sand bags barrier) should be provided for the desilting works area to facilitate a dry or at least confined working area within the drainage channel. (e) The locations for the disposal of the removed materials should be identified and agreement sought with the relevant departments before commencement of the maintenance works. Temporary stockpile of waste materials should be located away from the channel and properly covered. These waste materials should be 							
	 disposed of in a timely and appropriate manner. (f) Effective temporary flow diversion scheme should be implemented and the generated wastes should be collected and disposed off-site properly to avoid adversely affecting the water quality of the drainage system. 							
S6.7	Emergency Response Plan	Project Site	DSD				~	-

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	nentat	ion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent		Post-C	0	& Guidelines	
S6.10 of EIA and S5.2 of EM&A Manual	An Emergency Response Plan should be developed before the commencement of the Project's operation in order to provide details on the emergency arrangement in case of breakdown of the DWFI system. The proposed system includes overflowing pipes with outlets on both sides of the nullah. When water rises to a certain level, stormwater within the underground system will be released and directly discharged into the nullah. This prevents further back-up into the upstream system and the side branches. The discharge of stormwater directly into the nullah is consistent with the existing drainage pattern. Baseline monitoring should be undertaken for three times per week for a period of four weeks before commencement of the construction works to establish baseline water quality conditions of the area. Impact monitoring should be undertaken for three times per week during the construction period to obtain water quality data of the area throughout the construction period for comparison with the baseline water quality data and hence determine any water quality impacts from the construction activities.		Contractor(s)	✓	~	✓		-
4 Waste N	Post Project monitoring should also be undertaken three times per week for four weeks after the completion of construction works.							
S7.6	<u>General</u>	Contract	Contractor(s)	√	1			Waste Disposal
		mobilisation						Ordinance
	The HKSAR Government's construction and demolition waste management policy follows the same hierarchy as for other wastes i.e. in order of desirability: avoidance, minimisation, recycling, treatment and safe disposal of waste.							DEVB TC(W) No 6/2010, Trip Ticket

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	ienta	tion Stage	ļ	Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	Training of construction staff should be undertaken by the contractor about the concept of site cleanliness and appropriate waste management procedures. The contractor should develop and provide toolbox talk for on-site sorting of C&D materials to enhance worker's awareness in handling, sorting, reuse and recycling of C&D materials. Requirements for staff training should be included in the contractor's Environmental Management Plan (EMP). Good planning and site management practice should be employed to eliminate over ordering or mixing of construction materials to reduce wastage. Proper storage and site practices will minimise the damage or contamination of construction materials. Where waste generation is unavoidable, the potential for recycling or reuse should be rigorously explored. If waste cannot be recycled, disposal routes described in the EMP should be followed. A recording system for the amount of wastes generated, recycled and disposed (including the disposal sites) should be implemented. In order to monitor the disposal of C&D material and solid wastes at public filling facilities and landfills and to control fly-tipping, a trip-ticket system should be included. One may make reference to DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010 for details.							System for Disposal of Construction & Demolition Materials
S7.6	On-site Sorting, Reuse and Recycling All waste materials should be segregated into categories covering: • Inert C&D materials suitable for reuse on-site; • Inert C&D materials suitable for public fill reception facilities; • Recyclable C&D waste for recycling; • Remaining C&D waste for landfill; • Chemical waste; and • General refuse for landfill.	Contract mobilisation	Contractor(s)		*			Waste Disposal Ordinance WBTC Nos. 6/2002 and 6/2002A, Enhanced Specification for Site Cleanliness and

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	ienta	tion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines Tidiness. DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010 Waste Disposal Ordinance
	 Proper segregation and disposal of construction waste should be implemented. Separate containers should be provided for inert and non-inert wastes. Sorting is important to recover materials for reuse and recycling. Specific area should be allocated for on-site sorting of C&D materials and to provide a temporary storage area for those sorted materials. If area is limited, all C&D materials should at least be sorted on-site into inert and non-inert components. Non-inert materials (C&D waste) such as bamboo, timber, vegetation, packaging waste and other organic materials should be reused and recycled wherever possible and disposed of to designated landfill only as a last resort. Inert materials (public fill) such as concrete, stone, clay, brick, soil, asphalt and the like should be separated and reused in this or other projects (subject to approval by the relevant parties in accordance with the <i>DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010</i>) before disposed of at a public filling facility operated by CEDD. Steel and other metals should be recovered from demolition waste stream and recycled. The reuse of inert materials such as soil, rock and broken concrete should be maximised. Waste should be separated into fine, soft and hard materials. With the use of a crusher coarse material can be crushed to make it suitable for use as fill material where fill is required in the works. This minimises the use of imported material and maximises use of the C&D material produced. 							DEVB TC(W) No.
S7.6	 <u>Excavated Materials</u> Control measures for temporary stockpiles on-site should be taken in order to minimize the noise, generation of dust, pollution of water and visual impact. These measures include: Surface of stockpiled soil should be regularly wetted with water especially during dry season; Disturbance of stockpiled soil should be minimized; 	Contract mobilisation	Contractor(s)	•	1			A

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	ientat	ion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	 Stockpiled soil should be properly covered with tarpaulin especially when heavy rain storms are predicted; Stockpiling areas should be enclosed where space is available; Stockpiling location should be away from the water bodies; and An independent surface water drainage system equipped with silt traps should be installed at the stockpiling area. The identification of final disposal sites for C&D materials generated by the construction works will be considered during the detailed design stage of the Project when the volume and types of C&D materials can be more accurately estimated. The Public Fill Committee of CEDD should be consulted on designated outlets (e.g. public filling area) for public fill, whilst EPD should be consulted on landfills for C&D waste. Disposal of C&D waste to landfill must not have more than 50% (by weight) inert material. The C&D waste delivered for landfill disposal should contain no free water and the liquid content should not exceed 70% by weight: In order to avoid dust or odour impacts, any vehicle leaving a works area carrying C&D waste or public fill should have their load covered up before leaving the construction site. C&D materials should be disposed of at designated public fill reception facilities or landfills. Disposal of these materials for use at other construction projects is subject to the approval of the Engineer and/or other relevant reception authorities. Furthermore, unauthorized disposal of C&D materials in particular on private agricultural land is prohibited and may be subject to relevant enforcement and regulating actions. The disposal of public fill and C&D waste will be controlled 							
	through trip-ticket system in accordance with <i>DEVB TC(W)</i> No. 6/2010.							
S7.6	<u>Chemical Waste</u> Where the construction processes produce chemical waste, the contractor must	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		~			Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste)

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures			Implementation Stage			Relevant Legislation	
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	register with EPD as a chemical waste producer. Wastes classified as chemical wastes are listed in the <i>Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.</i> These wastes are subject to stringent disposal routes. EPD requires information on the particulars of the waste generation processes including the types of waste produced, their location, quantities and generation rates. A nominated contact person must be registered with EPD. An updated list of licensed chemical waste collector can be obtained from EPD. Storage, handling, transport and disposal of chemical waste should be arranged in accordance with the <i>Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes</i> published by EPD, and should be collected by a licensed chemical waste collector. Suitable containers should be used for specific types of chemical wastes, containers should be properly labelled (English and Chinese in accordance with instructions prescribed in Schedule 2 of the Regulations), resistance to corrosion, stored safely and closely secure. Stored volume should not be kept more than 450 liters unless the specification has been approved by the EPD. Storage area should be enclosed by three sides by a wall, partition of fence that is at least 2 m height or height of tallest container with adequate ventilation and space. Hard standing, impermeable surfaces draining via oil interceptors should be provided in works area compounds. Interceptors should be regularly emptied to prevent release of oils and grease into the surface water drainage system after accidental spillages. The interceptor should have a bypass to prevent flushing during periods of heavy rain. Oil and fuel bunkers should be bunded and /or enclosed on three sides to prevent discharge due to accidental spillages or breaches of tanks. Bunding should be of sufficient capacity to accommodate 110% of the volume of the largest container or 20% of the total volume of waste, whichever is largest. Waste collected from any grease traps should be collected and disposed of							(General) Regulation Code of Practice on the Packaging, Labelling and Storage of Chemical Wastes DEVB TC(W) No. 6/2010

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures	Location of Implementation the Measures Agent	Implen	nentat	ion Stage	Relevant Legislation		
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	Lubricants, waste oils and other chemical wastes are likely to be generated during the maintenance of vehicles and mechanical equipment. Used lubricants should be collected and stored in individual containers which are fully labelled in English and Chinese and stored in a designated secure place. If possible, such waste should be sent to oil recycling companies, and the empty oil drums collected by appropriate companies for reuse or refill. The registered chemical waste producer (i.e. the contractor) has to arrange for the chemical waste to be collected by licensed collectors. The licensed collector should regularly take chemical waste to a licensed chemical waste treatment facility (such as the Chemical Waste Treatment Centre in Tsing Yi). A trip ticket system operates to control the movement of chemical wastes. No lubricants, oils, solvents or paint products should be allowed to discharge into water courses, either by direct discharge, or as contaminants carried in surface water runoff from the construction site.							
S7.6	General Works Waste Concrete Waste Dry concrete waste (considered as public fill) should be sorted out from the other wastes and recycled for reuse or sorted out for disposal at designated public filling facilities. Wooden Materials All wooden materials used on-site should be kept separate from other wastes to avoid damage and to facilitate reuse. Timber which cannot be reused should be sorted out from other waste before being	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		~			Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation WBTC No. 19/2001 - Metallic Site Hoardings and Signboards

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	nentat	ion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	disposed of to landfill.							
	Reusable steel or concrete panel shutters, fencing and hoarding and signboard should be used as a preferred alternative to items made of wood, to minimise wastage of wood. Attention should be paid to WBTC No. 19/2001 - Metallic Site Hoardings and Signboards to reduce the amount of timber used on construction sites. Metallic alternatives to timber are readily available and should be used rather than new timber. Precast concrete units should be adopted wherever feasible to minimize the use of timber formwork.							
	Only waste material need be taken to a landfill. It should be separated from recyclable wood and steel materials. As for all waste types these materials should be reused on-site or other approved sites before disposal is considered as an option. Disposal to landfill should only be considered as a final option. Contractors are responsible for storage of re-useable materials on-site.							
	General Refuse							
	General refuse generated on-site should be stored in enclosed bins or skips and collected separately from other construction and chemical wastes and disposed of at designated landfill. A temporary refuse collection point should be set up by the contractor to facilitate the collection of refuse by licensed contractors. The removal of waste from the site should be arranged on a daily or at least on every second day by the contractor to minimise any potential odour impacts, minimise the presence of pests, vermin and other scavengers and prevent unsightly accumulation of waste.							
	The recyclable component of the general waste generated by the workforce, such as aluminium cans, paper and cleansed plastic containers should be separated from other waste. Provision and collection of recycling bins for different types of recyclable waste should be set up by the contractor. The contractor should also be responsible for arranging recycling companies to collect these materials.							

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	nenta	tion Stage		Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	Floating Refuse							
	Any floating refuse trapped within the Project Area shall be collected by contractor and disposed to landfill.							
S7.6	During operation phase, the silt materials and debris collected during maintenance should be properly packed and transported to designated landfill for disposal as soon as possible. All chemical waste should be properly stored, labelled and removed by licensed waste collectors in accordance with Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation.	Whole Site	Contractor(s)				*	Waste Disposal (Chemical Waste) (General) Regulation
S7.9	To facilitate monitoring and control over the contractors' performance on waste management, a waste monitoring and audit programme will be implemented throughout the construction phase and a Waste Management Plan (WMP) will be prepared and implemented by the contractor in accordance with ETWB TC(W) No. 19/2005. The aims of the monitoring and audit programme are.	All facilities	Contractor(s)		*			ETWB TC(W) No. 19/2005
	 To review the WMP, which will form part of the EMP in accordance with ETWB TC(W) No. 19/2005, including the quantities and types of C&D materials generated, reused and disposed of off-site; the amount of fill materials exported from/imported to the site and the quantity of timber used in temporary works construction for each process/activity; To monitor the implementation and achievement of the WMP on site to assess its effectiveness; and To monitor the follow-up actions on deficiencies identified. 							
	Site inspections will be undertaken each week. Particular attention will be given to the contractor's provision of sufficient spaces, adequacy of resources and facilities for on-site sorting and temporary storage of C&D materials. The C&D materials to be disposed of from the site will be visually inspected to ensure the absence of non-							

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	nentat	ion Stage		Relevant Legislation & Guidelines
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	C	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	inert materials (e.g. general refuse, timber, etc). The waste to be disposed of at landfills will as practicable contain no observable inert or reusable/recyclable C&D materials (e.g. soil, broken rock, metal, and paper/cardboard packaging, etc). Any irregularities observed during the site inspections will be raised promptly to the contractor for rectification.							
	The findings of the waste inspections will be reported in the monthly Environmental Monitoring and Audit Report.							
5. Ecology		1	1	1		1	1	
S8.9	The construction of rising main shall be conducted outside dry season (i.e. November to March) as an avoidance measure.	Site within WBA (i.e. rising mains)	Contractor(s)		1			-
S8.9	With implementation of mitigation measures for air quality, noise and water quality stipulated in Sections 4.8, 5.8 and 6.7, no unacceptable adverse ecological impact arising from the Project during construction phase is anticipated.	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		*			-
6. Landsca	ape & Visual	1	1				I	1
S9.6	Good site practice Construction site should be kept clean and tidy and construction material should be stored in order. Canvas sheets should be used to cover the exposed earth. Unused construction and demolition (C&D) debris should be removed as soon as the reinstatement works are completed.	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		•			-
\$9.6	Erection of decorative screen hoarding Each site should be provided with decorative screen hoarding compatible with surrounding setting.	Whole Site	Contractor(s)	1	*			-
\$9.6	<u>Tree preservation</u> The existing trees shall be preserved as far as possible. The retained existing trees on	Whole Site	Contractor(s)	1	~			

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		•	Implementation Stage				Relevant Legislation
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	& Guidelines
	site shall be protected carefully during construction. The requirement specified in "Guidelines on Tree Preservation during Development" issued by Development Bureau shall be followed. Tree preservation should include protection measures for existing trees and greenery.							
S9.6	Tree transplanting / compensatory tree planting According to the latest design, all trees will be preserved and no tree felling is expected. In case of trees unavoidably affected by the Project during construction, tree transplanting shall be conducted as far as possible. Any unavoidable tree felling shall be mitigated by compensatory tree planting.	Whole Site	Contractor(s)	•	*	•		
S9.6	A minimum lighting will be maintained at night time as general lighting provision for security reason.	DWF Pumping Station	Contractor(s)				1	
S9.6	Green roof and shrub planting will be provided for the DWF pumping station. The roof structure will be planted with trees and groundcovers to reduce glaring effect and give a green appearance of the roof structure. Shrub planting is proposed to be planted within the site boundary to further enhance the development with lush greenery.	DWF Pumping Station	Contractor(s)		•	✓ 	•	
S9.6	Vertical greening will be provided on the external walls without the coverage of architectural elements.	DWF Pumping Station	Contractor(s)		•	•	•	
S9.6	The proposed architectural design of the DWF pumping station will utilize the surrounding landscape to blend the buildings with the surrounding environment. The building will maintain a low profile to reduce the visual impact.	DWF Pumping Station	Contractor(s)	1	1	*	1	
S7.3 of EM&A Manual	A photographic record of the Project Site at the time of the Contractor's possession should be prepared by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer Representative (ER).	Whole Site	Contractor(s)	~				
S7.4 of EM&A Manual	A specialist Landscape Sub-Contractor should be employed by the Contractor for the implementation of landscape construction works and subsequent maintenance operations during the 12-month establishment period.	Whole Site	Contractor(s)		~	√		

EIA	Environmental Protection Measures		Implementation	Implen	Implementation Stage		& Guidelines	Relevant Legislation	
&EM&A Ref. ⁽¹⁾		the Measures A	Agent	Pre-C	С	Post-C	0	& Guidennes	
S7.4 of EM&A Manual	All measures undertaken by both the Contractor and the specialist Landscape Sub- Contractor during the construction phase and first year of the operation phase should be audited by a Registered Landscape Architect, as a member of the Environmental Team (ET), on a regular basis to ensure compliance with the intended aims of the measures.	Whole Site	ET		✓	*			
S7.4 of EM&A Manual	Site audits should be undertaken at least once every two weeks during the construction phase of the Project and once every two months during the operation phase to ensure that the proposed mitigation measures and good site practices proposed to manage and mitigate landscape and visual impacts, are implemented.	Whole Site	ET		•	*			

Checklist Reference Number	241105
Date	5 November 2024 (Tuesday)
Time	14:30-16:30

Ref. No.	Non-Compliance	Related Item No.
-	None identified	-
Ref. No.	Remarks/Observations	Related Item No.
	B. Water Quality	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	C. Ecology / Fisheries	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	D. Built Heritage	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	E. Air Quality	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	F. Construction Noise	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	G. Waste / Chemical Management	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	H. Landscape and Visual	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	I. Permits / Licences	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	J. Others	
	• N/A	

	Name	Signature	Date
Recorded by	Angela Heung	A	5 November 2024
Checked by	William Yeung	RS	5 November 2024

Checklist Reference Number	241112
Date	12 November 2024 (Tuesday)
Time	14:30-16:30

Ref. No.	Non-Compliance	Related Item No.
-	None identified	-
Ref. No.	Remarks/Observations	Related Item No.
	B. Water Quality	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	C. Ecology / Fisheries	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	D. Built Heritage	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	E. Air Quality	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	F. Construction Noise	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	G. Waste / Chemical Management	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	H. Landscape and Visual	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	I. Permits / Licences	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	J. Others	
	• N/A	

	Name	Signature	Date
Recorded by	Angela Heung	A	12 November 2024
Checked by	William Yeung	RS	12 November 2024

Checklist Reference Number	241119
Date	19 November 2024 (Tuesday)
Time	14:30-16:30

Ref. No.	Non-Compliance	Related Item No.
-	None identified	-
Ref. No.	Remarks/Observations	Related Item No.
	B. Water Quality	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	C. Ecology / Fisheries	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	D. Built Heritage	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	E. Air Quality	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	F. Construction Noise	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	G. Waste / Chemical Management	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	H. Landscape and Visual	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	I. Permits / Licences	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	J. Others	
	• N/A	

	Name	Signature	Date
Recorded by	Angela Heung	A	19 November 2024
Checked by	William Yeung	RS	19 November 2024

Checklist Reference Number	241126
Date	26 November 2024 (Tuesday)
Time	14:30-16:30

Ref. No.	Non-Compliance	Related Item No.
-	None identified	-
Ref. No.	Remarks/Observations	Related Item No.
	B. Water Quality	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	C. Ecology / Fisheries	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	D. Built Heritage	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	E. Air Quality	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	F. Construction Noise	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	G. Waste / Chemical Management	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	H. Landscape and Visual	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	I. Permits / Licences	
	No environmental deficiency was identified during site inspection.	
	J. Others	
	• N/A	

	Name	Signature	Date
Recorded by	Angela Heung	A	26 November 2024
Checked by	William Yeung	RS	26 November 2024

APPENDIX L EVENT AND ACTION PLANS

Event	Action			
Lvent	ET	IEC	ER	Contractor
Exceedance of Action Level	 Identify source/ reason of exceedance or complaint Prepare the odour complaint form or the Notification of Exceedance within 24 hours Inform DSD, EPD, IEC, ER and Contractor whether the cause of exceedance is due to the Project Discuss remedial actions with the IEC and the Contractor Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep the IEC and Contractor informed of the results 	 Review the analyzed results submitted by the ET Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly Supervise the implementation of remedial measures 	 Discuss with DSD, IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented 	 Rectify any unacceptable practice Amend working methods as required Implement amended working methods, if necessary

Event and Action Plan for Air Quality (Odour)

Event	Action			
Event	ET	IEC	ER	Contractor
Exceedance of Limit Level	 Identify source(s)/ reason of exceedance or complaint Prepare the odour complaint form or the Notification of Exceedance within 24 hours Inform DSD, EPD, IEC, ER and Contractor whether the cause of exceedance is due to the Project Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep the IEC and Contractor informed of the results 	 Review the analyzed results submitted by the ET Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly Supervise the implementation of remedial measures 	 Discuss with DSD, IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures Request Contractor to critically review the working methods Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures 	 Rectify any unacceptable practice Submit proposals for remedial actions to IEC within 3 working days of notification Implement the agreed proposal or amend working methods as required Re-submit proposals if problem still not under control

Event		Ac	tion	
Event	ЕТ	IEC	ER	Contractor
being exceeded by one sampling	 Identify source, investigate the causes of complaint and propose remedial measures; Inform Contractor, IEC and ER; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; and Increase monitoring frequency to daily. 	 Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; and Review and advise the ET and ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures. 	1. Notify Contractor.	 Identify source(s), investigate the causes of exceedance and propose remedial measures; Implement remedial measures; and Amend working methods agreed with the ER as appropriate.
being exceeded by two or more consecutive sampling	 Identify source; Inform Contractor, IEC and ER; Advise the Contractor and ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; Repeat measurements to confirm findings; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; Discuss with IEC and Contractor on remedial actions required; If exceedance continues, arrange meeting with Contractor, IEC and ER; and If exceedance stops, cease additional monitoring. 	 Check monitoring data submitted by ET; Check Contractor's working method; Discuss with ET, ER and Contractor on possible remedial measures; Advise the ET and ER on the effectiveness of the proposed remedial measures; and Supervise Implementation of remedial measures. 	 Confirm receipt of notification of exceedance in writing; Notify Contractor; Ensure remedial measures properly implemented. 	 Identify source and investigate the causes of exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial measures to the ER with a copy to ET and IEC within three working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; and Amend proposal as appropriate.

Event and Action Plan for Air Quality (Dust)

		Ac	tion	
Event	ET	IEC	ER	Contractor
being exceeded by one sampling	 measures; Inform Contractor, IEC, ER, and EPD; Repeat measurement to confirm finding; Increase monitoring frequency to daily; and Assess effectiveness of Contractor's remedial actions and keep IEC, EPD and ER informed of the results. 		implemented.	 Identify source(s) and investigate the causes of exceedance; Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial measures to ER with a copy to ET and IEC within three working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; and Amend proposal if appropriate.
being exceeded by two or more consecutive sampling	 to confirm findings; 4. Increase monitoring frequency to daily; 5. Carry out analysis of Contractor's working procedures to determine possible mitigation to be implemented; 6. Arrange meeting with IEC and ER to discuss the remedial actions to be 	Contractor on the potential remedial actions; 3. Review Contractor's remedial actions whenever necessary to assure their effectiveness	 In consultation with the ET and IEC, agree with the Contractor on the remedial measures to be implemented; Supervise the implementation of 	 Identify source(s) and investigate the causes of exceedance; Take immediate action to avoid further exceedance; Submit proposals for remedial measures to the ER with a copy to the IEC and ET within three working days of notification; Implement the agreed proposals; Revise and resubmit proposals if problem still not under control; and Stop the relevant portion of works as determined by the ER until the exceedance is abated.

Event	Action						
Event	ET	IEC ER		Contractor			
When Action Level is reached/exceeded	 Notify IEC, DSD, EPD, ER and Contractor; Carry out investigation; Report the results of investigation to the IEC, DSD, EPD, ER and Contractor; Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures; Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness 	 Review the analyzed results submitted by the ET; Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures 	 Discuss with DSD, IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented 	 Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC; Implement noise mitigation proposals 			
When Limit Level is reached/exceeded	 Notify IEC, DSD, EPD, ER and Contractor; Identify source; Carry out investigation; Report the results of investigation to the IEC, DSD, EPD, ER and Contractor; Discuss with the Contractor and formulate remedial measures; Increase monitoring frequency to check mitigation effectiveness 	 Review the analyzed results submitted by the ET; Review the proposed remedial measures by the Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Supervise the implementation of remedial measures 	 Discuss with DSD, IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures 	 Submit noise mitigation proposals to IEC; Implement noise mitigation proposals 			

Event and Action Plan for Construction Noise

Event	Action Plan for we	<u> </u>	ction	
Lvent	ЕТ	IEC	ER	Contractor
Action Level being exceeded	 Repeat measurement to confirm findings; Identify source(s) of impact; Inform DSD, IEC, Contractor, ER and EPD; Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; Discuss mitigation measures with DSD, IEC, Contractor and ER; Repeat measurement on next day of exceedance 	 Discuss with DSD, ET, ER and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures 	 Discuss with DSD, IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented. 	 Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check all plant and equipment Consider changes of working methods; Discuss with ET, IEC and ER and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER; Implement the agreed mitigation measures
Limit Level being exceeded	 Repeat measurement to confirm findings; Identify source(s) of impact; Inform DSD, IEC, Contractor, ER and EPD; Check monitoring data, all plant, equipment and Contractor's working methods; Discuss mitigation measures with DSD, IEC, ER and Contractor; Ensure mitigation measures are implemented; Increase the monitoring frequency to daily until no exceedance of Limit level 	 Discuss with DSD, ET, ER and Contractor on the mitigation measures; Review proposals on mitigation measures submitted by Contractor and advise the ER accordingly; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures 	 Discuss with DSD, IEC, ET and Contractor on the proposed mitigation measures; Request Contractor to critically review the working methods; Make agreement on the mitigation measures to be implemented; Assess the effectiveness of the implemented mitigation measures 	 Inform the ER and confirm notification of the non-compliance in writing; Rectify unacceptable practice; Check all plant and equipment; Consider changes of working methods; Discuss with ET, IEC and ER and propose mitigation measures to IEC and ER within 3 working days; Implement the agreed mitigation measures

Event and Action Plan for Water Quality

Action Level	ET Leader	IEC	ER	Contractor
Non- conformity Identified	 Inform Contractor, IEC and ER Discuss remedial measures with IEC, ER and Contractor Monitor remedial measures until rectification has been completed 	 Check the Contractor's working method Discuss with ETL and Contractor on possible remedial measures Advise ER on effectiveness of proposed remedial measures. Check implementation of remedial measures. 	 Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented 	 Amend working methods Propose remedial measures Rectify non- conformity and undertake any necessary remedial measures.

Event and Action Plan for Landscape and Visual (YLTN)

Action Level	Action							
Action Level	ET	IEC	ER	Contractor				
Design Check	• Check final design conforms to the requirements of EP and prepare report	 Check report. Recommend remedial design if necessary 	• Undertake remedial design if necessary	•				
Non-conformity on one occasion	 Identify source Inform IEC and DSD / ER Discuss remedial actions with IEC, DSD / ER and Contractor Monitor remedial actions until rectification has been completed 	 Check report Check Contractor's working method Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures Advise DSD / ER on effectiveness of proposed remedial measures Check implementation of remedial measures 	 Notify Contractor Ensure remedial measures are properly implemented 	 Amend working methods to prevent recurrence of non-conformity Propose remedial measures Rectify damage and undertake additional action necessary 				
Repeated non- conformity	 Identify source Inform IEC and DSD / ER Increase monitoring frequency Discuss remedial actions with IEC, DSD / ER and Contractor Monitor remedial actions until rectification has been completed If non-conformity stops, cease additional monitoring. 	 Check monitoring report Check Contractor's working method Discuss with ET and Contractor on possible remedial measures Advise DSD / ER on effectiveness of proposed remedial measures Supervise implementation of remedial measures 	 Notify Contractor Ensure remedial measures area properly implemented 	 Amend working methods to prevent recurrence of non-conformity Rectify damage and undertake additional action necessary 				

Event and Action Plan for Landscape and Visual (YLBS)

APPENDIX M SUMMARIES OF ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLAINT, WARNING, SUMMON AND NOTIFICATION OF SUCCESSFUL PROSECUTION

Contract No. DC/2022/03 Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes

Appendix M – Summary of Environmental Complaint, Warning, Summon and Notification of Successful Prosecution

Reporting Month: November 2024

 Table M-1
 Environmental Complaint Records

Log Ref.	Complaint No.	ICC Case No.	Location	Received Date	Details of Complaint	Investigation/Mitigation Action	Status
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Remarks: No environmental complaint was received in the reporting period.

Contract No. DC/2022/03 Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes

Appendix M – Summary of Environmental Complaint, Warning, Summon and Notification of Successful Prosecution

Table M-2 Environmental Warning Records

Log Ref.	Location	Received Date	Details of Warning	Status
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Remarks: No environmental warning was received in the reporting period.

Table M-3 Environmental Summon and Prosecution Records

Log Ref.	Location	Received Date	Details of Summon and Prosecution	Status
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Remarks: No environmental summon and prosecution was received in the reporting period.

Contract No. DC/2022/03 Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes

Appendix M – Summary of Environmental Complaint, Warning, Summon and Notification of Successful Prosecution

Reporting Month/Year	Number of Complaints in Reporting Month	Number of Summons in Reporting Month	Number of Prosecutions in Reporting Month
December 2023	0	0	0
January 2024	0	0	0
February 2024	0	0	0
March 2024	0	0	0
April 2024	0	0	0
May 2024	0	0	0
June 2024	0	0	0
July 2024	1	0	0
August 2024	0	0	0
September 2024	0	0	0
October 2024	0	0	0
November 2024	0	0	0
Total	1	0	0

Table M-4Summary of Cumulative Complaint Log

APPENDIX N WASTE GENERATION IN THE REPORTING MONTH

Contract No.: DC/2022/03

Yuen Long Barrage and Nullah Improvement Schemes

Monthly Summary Waste Flow Table (2024)

		Accumulate	ed Quantities of Inert (C&D Materials Genera	ted Monthly		A	ccumulated Quantities	of Non-inert C&D Wa	stes Generated Month	nly	
	Total Quantity	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)
Month	Generated (Sum of a - k)	Hard Rock and Large Broken Concrete Recycled	Reused in this Project	Reused in other Projects	Disposed as Public Fill	Disposed at Sorting Facility	Metals Recycled	Paper/ Cardboard Packaging Recycled	Timber/Wood Pallet Recycled	Plastics Recycled	Chemical Waste Collected	Others, e.g. General Refuse Disposed at Landfill
	(in'000 kg)	(in'000 kg)	(in'000 kg)	(in'000 kg)	(in'000 kg)	(in'000 kg)	(in'000 kg)	(in'000 kg)	(in'000 kg)	(in'000 kg)	(in'000 kg)	(in'000 kg)
2023	58.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	56.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.27
January	47.64	0	0	0	28.70	0	0	0.01	0	0	0	18.93
February	9.81	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	9.81
March	17.76	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0	0.00	0	17.76
April	236.80	0	0	0	227.83	0	0	0	0	0	0	8.97
Мау	3,132.97	0	0	0	3105.87	0	0	0.01	7	0.00	0	19.93
June	3,954.27	0	0	0	3935.56	0	0	0	7	0	0	11.95
July	5,651.54	0	0	0	5605.79	0	0	0	0	0	0	45.75
August	8,584.41	0	0	0	8559.25	0	12.15	0	0	0	0	13.01
September	5,155.09	0	0	0	5143.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	12.09
October	3,903.33	0	0	0	3888.81	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	14.52
November	4,576.50	0	0	0	4561.89	0	0	0	0	0	0	14.61
December												
Total	35328.85	0.0	0.0	0.0	35113.15	0.0	12.15	0.02	13.9	0.007	0.00	189.60

Note: 1. Excavated materials will not be considered as construction waste 2. Disposal of inert waste to public fill will be excluded from the calculation of the waste recycling rate

Recycled materials	=	$\frac{(a) + (b) + (c) + (e) + (f) + (g) + (h) + (i) + (j)}{(a) + (b) + (c) + (d) + (e) + (f) + (g) + (h) + (i) + (j) + (k)}$	=	26.10	tonne
Total C&D waste generated	=		=	35328.85	tonne
Waste Recycling Rate	=	Recycled materials x 100%	=	0.07%	

APPENDIX O TENTATIVE CONSTRUCTION PROGRAMME

Yuen Long Barrage Scheme (EP-604/2022) <u>3 Months Look Ahead Programme (Dec-Feb)</u>

Year			
Quarter	12	1	2
1. Construction of Barrage Scheme Structure			
- Sheeting Pile construction along nullah			
- Master Control Centre (MCC) - Raft Foundation			
- Yuen Long Barrage Pumping Station - Pre-bored Socket H-pile			
- Tidal Barrier			
- Pumping Forebay with local deepening - Pre-bored Socket H-pile			
- Access Bridge - Pre-bored Socket H-pile			
- Main Discharge Channel - ELS			
2. Decommissioning of the existing low flow pumping station and inflatable dam	n		
- Modification work of existing low flow pumping station			
- Removal of Inflatable dam			
3. Construction and modification of parapet walls			
- Along Yuen Long Nullah (Kung Um Road)			
- Along Sham Chung River			
- Along Kam Tin River			
4. Revitalisation works of Yuen Long Nullah			
- Chainage C0+000 to C0+295			
- Chainage C0+295 to C0+607			
- Chainage C0+607 to C0+950			
- Chainage C0+950 to C1+300			
- Chainage C1+300 to C1+650		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Yuen Long Town Nullah (EP-578/2020) <u>3 Months Look Ahead Programme (Dec-Feb)</u>

Year			
Quarter	12	1	2
1. Construction of Dry Weather Flow Interceptor (DWFI) System			
- Chainage C0+000 to C0+295			
- Chainage C0+295 to C0+607			
- Chainage C0+607 to C0+950			
- Chainage C0+950 to C1+300			
- Chainage C1+300 to C1+650			
2. Construction of Rising Main			
- Rising Main works - Pumping test			
3. Construction of Dry Weather Flow (DWF) Pumping Station			
- DWF Pumping Station - Grouting works			

APPENDIX P CULTURAL HERITAGE MONITORING RESULTS

China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Limited					
	Contract No. DC/2022/03				
Yu	en Long Barrage and		t Schemes		
		arge Channel			
		Ionitoring Record			
		g Point No. V201			
		ling (mm/s): 0.4955			
	1st Monitoring	2nd Monitoring	3rd Monitoring		
Date	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector		
Duie	Sum)	Sum)	Sum)		
	mm/s	mm/s	mm/s		
1-Nov-24	1.067	2.581	2.098		
2-Nov-24	2.995	1.285	1.827		
4-Nov-24	2.897	1.934	1.123		
5-Nov-24	1.351	2.226	2.89		
6-Nov-24	1.274	2.573	1.44		
7-Nov-24	2.017	2.391	2.196		
8-Nov-24	1.696	1.645	2.198		
9-Nov-24	1.111	2.308	1.267		
11-Nov-24	1.282	2.477	1.693		
12-Nov-24	2.177	2.333	1.364		
13-Nov-24	2.414	2.802	1.189		
14-Nov-24	2.284	2.579	2.33		
15-Nov-24	0.907	1.348	1.202		
16-Nov-24	1.786	2.468	2.462		
18-Nov-24	1.297	2.317	1.049		
19-Nov-24	1.117	2.249	2.311		
20-Nov-24	1.964	1.22	2.484		
21-Nov-24	1.079	1.044	1.526		
22-Nov-24	1.252	2.464	2.043		
23-Nov-24	2.465	2.004	2.489		
25-Nov-24	1.127	1.087	2.061		
26-Nov-24	0.992	2.351	2.25		
27-Nov-24	1.247	2.333	2.254		
28-Nov-24	1.221	2.226	1.202		
29-Nov-24	1.46	1.909	2.33		
30-Nov-24	1.275	0.96	2.436		

China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Limited					
	Contract No. DC/2022/03				
Yu	en Long Barrage and		t Schemes		
		arge Channel			
	Vibration N	Ionitoring Record			
		ng Point No. V202			
		ling (mm/s): 0.5426			
	1st Monitoring	2nd Monitoring	3rd Monitoring		
Date	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector		
Date	Sum)	Sum)	Sum)		
	mm/s	mm/s	mm/s		
1-Nov-24	2.2	0.953	2.275		
2-Nov-24	2.003	1.869	2.466		
4-Nov-24	2.091	1.525	1.699		
5-Nov-24	1.646	0.884	2.855		
6-Nov-24	2.851	2.474	1.249		
7-Nov-24	2.985	1.749	1.085		
8-Nov-24	2.245	1.69	2.364		
9-Nov-24	1.298	2.937	2.579		
11-Nov-24	2.606	2.52	2.996		
12-Nov-24	1.444	2.333	2.474		
13-Nov-24	2.569	1.972	2.806		
14-Nov-24	2.573	1.437	2.33		
15-Nov-24	1.643	1.68	0.975		
16-Nov-24	2.007	2.488	2.278		
18-Nov-24	1.012	2.751	2.484		
19-Nov-24	1.931	2.406	1.474		
20-Nov-24	2.86	2.05	1.016		
21-Nov-24	2.112	0.873	2.26		
22-Nov-24	0.855	1.276	1.82		
23-Nov-24	2.844	1.606	0.853		
25-Nov-24	1.412	1.702	1.463		
26-Nov-24	2.229	2.706	1.332		
27-Nov-24	1.617	2.333	2.283		
28-Nov-24	2.218	1.86	1.332		
29-Nov-24	2.25	2.412	2.33		
30-Nov-24	1.123	2.926	1.654		

China	China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Limited				
	Contract No. DC/2022/03				
Yu	en Long Barrage and		t Schemes		
	<u> </u>	arge Channel			
	Vibration N	Ionitoring Record			
	Monitorin	ng Point No. V203			
		ling (mm/s): 0.5546			
	1st Monitoring	2nd Monitoring	3rd Monitoring		
Date	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector		
Date	Sum)	Sum)	Sum)		
	mm/s	mm/s	mm/s		
1-Nov-24	2.468	2.808	1.673		
2-Nov-24	2.265	2.038	1.54		
4-Nov-24	1.764	2.174	2.33		
5-Nov-24	2.61	2.219	1.172		
6-Nov-24	1.043	0.886	0.964		
7-Nov-24	1.406	1.014	1.364		
8-Nov-24	1.164	2.549	2.39		
9-Nov-24	2.094	1.101	2.179		
11-Nov-24	2.076	2.538	2.824		
12-Nov-24	2.042	2.333	1.565		
13-Nov-24	1.272	1.097	1.983		
14-Nov-24	2.961	1.794	2.33		
15-Nov-24	1.84	2.436	2.323		
16-Nov-24	1.647	1.061	2.409		
18-Nov-24	2.733	0.855	2.477		
19-Nov-24	2.436	1.954	1.529		
20-Nov-24	2.112	2.083	1.531		
21-Nov-24	2.444	2.381	1.269		
22-Nov-24	2.582	2.467	2.734		
23-Nov-24	1.33	2.04	2.186		
25-Nov-24	0.99	1.902	2.234		
26-Nov-24	1.667	1.012	2.775		
27-Nov-24	2.189	2.333	2.253		
28-Nov-24	2.745	1.694	2.414		
29-Nov-24	1.828	0.938	2.33		
30-Nov-24	1.899	1.57	2.863		

	Contrac	t No. DC/2022/03	
Yue	en Long Barrage an	<u>d Nullah Improveme</u>	ent Schemes
		arge Channel	
		Monitoring Record	
		ng Point No. V301	
		ding (mm/s): 0.5387	
	1 st Monitoring	2nd Monitoring	3rd Monitoring
Date	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector
	Sum)	Sum)	Sum)
	mm/s	/s	mm/s
1-Nov-24	2.64	1.677	2.791
2-Nov-24	1.142	2.031	1.725
4-Nov-24	1.907	2.329	1.005
5-Nov-24	1.064	1.641	1.434
6-Nov-24	2.207	2.754	1.641
7-Nov-24	2.798	2.105	0.953
8-Nov-24	1.375	2.511	1.124
9-Nov-24	1.865	2.575	2.435
11-Nov-24	1.257	2.809	2.393
12-Nov-24	2.72	2.333	1.991
13-Nov-24	1.782	1.059	1.406
14-Nov-24	2.75	1.169	2.33
15-Nov-24	0.961	2.914	1.151
16-Nov-24	2.952	1.743	1.559
18-Nov-24	1.325	2.775	2.073
19-Nov-24	2.7	2.066	2.313
20-Nov-24	1.642	2.964	2.231
21-Nov-24	1.933	1.868	2.113
22-Nov-24	1.847	2.028	1.093
23-Nov-24	2.368	2.512	2.429
25-Nov-24	2.528	1.686	2.479
26-Nov-24	1.095	2.333	1.127
27-Nov-24	1.375	1.162	1.67
28-Nov-24	1.609	1.178	2.33
29-Nov-24	2.184	1.927	1.603
30-Nov-24	2.024	2.22	1.631

China	China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Limited				
	Contract No. DC/2022/03				
Yu	en Long Barrage and		t Schemes		
		arge Channel			
	Vibration N	Ionitoring Record			
	Monitorin	ng Point No. V302			
		ding (mm/s): 0.581			
	1st Monitoring	2nd Monitoring	3rd Monitoring		
Date	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector		
Duie	Sum)	Sum)	Sum)		
	mm/s	mm/s	mm/s		
1-Nov-24	2.151	2.203	1.515		
2-Nov-24	1.213	1.165	1.981		
4-Nov-24	0.916	1.554	2.006		
5-Nov-24	2.288	2.521	1.917		
6-Nov-24	1.794	0.858	2.433		
7-Nov-24	2.83	1.708	1.396		
8-Nov-24	2.953	1.146	2.65		
9-Nov-24	1.573	1.728	1.438		
11-Nov-24	2.095	1.375	2.213		
12-Nov-24	1.446	2.333	1.199		
13-Nov-24	1.901	2.09	2.828		
14-Nov-24	2.197	2.735	2.33		
15-Nov-24	2.491	2.946	2.31		
16-Nov-24	2.825	2.784	2.012		
18-Nov-24	1.406	0.979	2.435		
19-Nov-24	2.913	0.854	2.794		
20-Nov-24	2.885	1.181	2.638		
21-Nov-24	1.39	1.422	2.268		
22-Nov-24	1.606	0.932	2.256		
23-Nov-24	1.243	1.406	1.998		
25-Nov-24	2.627	2.794	1.585		
26-Nov-24	1.524	1.815	1.61		
27-Nov-24	2.054	2.843	2.39		
28-Nov-24	2.885	1.678	2.041		
29-Nov-24	2.843	2.244	2.714		
30-Nov-24	2.577	2.803	1.95		

China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Limited			
	Contract	No. DC/2022/03	
Yu	en Long Barrage and		t Schemes
		arge Channel	
		Ionitoring Record	
		ng Point No. V303	
		ling (mm/s): 0.6035	
	1st Monitoring	2nd Monitoring	3rd Monitoring
Date	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector
Duie	Sum)	Sum)	Sum)
	mm/s	mm/s	mm/s
1-Nov-24	1.049	1.62	1.932
2-Nov-24	1.631	1.912	2.35
4-Nov-24	2.896	2.985	1.134
5-Nov-24	1.251	1.274	2.004
6-Nov-24	1.379	2.738	2.4
7-Nov-24	2.681	1.143	2.145
8-Nov-24	2.318	2.417	2.537
9-Nov-24	1.009	2.352	1.771
11-Nov-24	1.47	1.82	1.448
12-Nov-24	1.976	2.333	2.639
13-Nov-24	2.254	1.711	2.725
14-Nov-24	2.749	2.703	2.33
15-Nov-24	0.956	2.963	1.181
16-Nov-24	2.949	2.56	2.342
18-Nov-24	2.269	0.95	1.556
19-Nov-24	2.554	1.062	2.64
20-Nov-24	2.07	2.72	1.984
21-Nov-24	2.991	0.94	2.807
22-Nov-24	2.767	2.758	1.637
23-Nov-24	2.026	1.78	2.053
25-Nov-24	1.858	1.713	0.977
26-Nov-24	2.963	2.215	1.407
27-Nov-24	2.68	2.333	1.952
28-Nov-24	1.5	2.584	1.619
29-Nov-24	1.096	2.418	2.33
30-Nov-24	1.974	2.727	2.781

China	China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Limited				
	Contract No. DC/2022/03				
Yu	en Long Barrage and		t Schemes		
		arge Channel			
		Ionitoring Record			
		ng Point No. V304			
		ling (mm/s): 0.6266			
	1st Monitoring	2nd Monitoring	3rd Monitoring		
Date	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector		
Dute	Sum)	Sum)	Sum)		
	mm/s	mm/s	mm/s		
1-Nov-24	1.161	2.479	0.893		
2-Nov-24	2.674	2.194	1.612		
4-Nov-24	2.374	2.912	1.96		
5-Nov-24	2.394	2.465	1.693		
6-Nov-24	1.788	1.98	1.68		
7-Nov-24	1.543	1.131	1.893		
8-Nov-24	2.847	2.011	1.329		
9-Nov-24	1.013	2.636	2.194		
11-Nov-24	1.083	0.912	1.311		
12-Nov-24	2.822	2.333	2.629		
13-Nov-24	0.936	1.451	0.901		
14-Nov-24	2.599	1.739	2.33		
15-Nov-24	2.264	2.473	2.66		
16-Nov-24	1.445	2.526	2.015		
18-Nov-24	2.461	2.384	1.346		
19-Nov-24	1.546	1.233	2.019		
20-Nov-24	1.955	2.104	1.978		
21-Nov-24	2.422	2.232	2.433		
22-Nov-24	0.997	2.328	1.957		
23-Nov-24	1.044	1.127	1.486		
25-Nov-24	2.803	2.909	1.929		
26-Nov-24	1.229	2.78	2.026		
27-Nov-24	2.9	2.333	2.369		
28-Nov-24	1.54	1.92	1.389		
29-Nov-24	1.167	2.857	2.33		
30-Nov-24	1.296	1.779	1.357		

China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Limited			
	Contract	No. DC/2022/03	
Yu	en Long Barrage and		t Schemes
		arge Channel	
		Ionitoring Record	
		ng Point No. V305	
		ling (mm/s): 0.6647	
	1st Monitoring	2nd Monitoring	3rd Monitoring
Date	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector
Duie	Sum)	Sum)	Sum)
	mm/s	mm/s	mm/s
1-Nov-24	2.416	1.387	2.353
2-Nov-24	2.693	0.85	2.526
4-Nov-24	1.315	2.094	1.071
5-Nov-24	2.143	2.891	2.914
6-Nov-24	2.063	1.275	1.447
7-Nov-24	2.83	1.688	1.695
8-Nov-24	1.559	2.426	0.965
9-Nov-24	1.368	1.96	2.451
11-Nov-24	1.526	1.396	2.252
12-Nov-24	2.183	2.333	2.729
13-Nov-24	2.922	2.856	1.677
14-Nov-24	2.904	2.394	2.33
15-Nov-24	2.273	2.909	2.295
16-Nov-24	0.982	1.598	2.567
18-Nov-24	2.188	2.666	1.006
19-Nov-24	1.412	2.362	1.842
20-Nov-24	1.87	1.336	1.301
21-Nov-24	1.958	2.205	2.128
22-Nov-24	2.654	2.149	2.504
23-Nov-24	1.558	2.744	1.906
25-Nov-24	2.637	1.229	1.156
26-Nov-24	1.703	2.809	1.978
27-Nov-24	1.741	2.89	2.307
28-Nov-24	0.949	2.247	1.077
29-Nov-24	2.884	1.047	1.496
30-Nov-24	2.657	0.928	2.558

China	China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Limited			
	Contract	No. DC/2022/03		
Yu	en Long Barrage and		t Schemes	
		trol Centre (MCC)		
	Vibration N	Ionitoring Record		
	Monitorin	ng Point No. V101		
		nding (mm/s): 1.09		
	1st Monitoring	2nd Monitoring	3rd Monitoring	
Date	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector	
Date	Sum)	Sum)	Sum)	
	mm/s	mm/s	mm/s	
1-Nov-24	2.095	1.89	1.661	
2-Nov-24	2.808	2.688	1.415	
4-Nov-24	1.486	1.715	2.51	
5-Nov-24	1.202	2.94	2.01	
6-Nov-24	2.867	2.315	0.895	
7-Nov-24	2.489	2.665	2.387	
8-Nov-24	1.797	1.166	1.233	
9-Nov-24	2.584	1.77	2.757	
11-Nov-24	1.645	2.637	2.863	
12-Nov-24	1.293	2.333	2.383	
13-Nov-24	0.975	2.738	1.265	
14-Nov-24	2.536	1.466	2.33	
15-Nov-24	2.881	0.9	0.853	
16-Nov-24	1.195	1.356	1.057	
18-Nov-24	1.053	1.411	1.199	
19-Nov-24	1.59	2.462	1.191	
20-Nov-24	1.783	2.678	2.552	
21-Nov-24	1.451	2.71	2.31	
22-Nov-24	1.645	2.333	1.741	
23-Nov-24	1.004	1.509	1.791	
25-Nov-24	0.889	0.961	2.33	
26-Nov-24	2.152	2.398	1.846	
27-Nov-24	1.85	1.87	2.582	
28-Nov-24	0.979	1.684	2.363	
29-Nov-24	2.544	1.534	2.733	
30-Nov-24	2.635	2.519	2.69	

China State Construction Engineering (Hong Kong) Limited					
	Contract No. DC/2022/03				
Yu	en Long Barrage and		t Schemes		
		trol Centre (MCC)			
	Vibration N	Aonitoring Record			
	Monitorin	ng Point No. V102			
		ading (mm/s): 1.34			
	1st Monitoring	2nd Monitoring	3rd Monitoring		
Date	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector	PeakVelocity (Vector		
Date	Sum)	Sum)	Sum)		
	mm/s	mm/s	mm/s		
1-Nov-24	2.557	2.245	1.881		
2-Nov-24	2.604	1.583	2.296		
4-Nov-24	2.528	1.587	1.322		
5-Nov-24	1.901	0.866	2.708		
6-Nov-24	2.466	1.13	2.421		
7-Nov-24	2.935	2.079	1.011		
8-Nov-24	1.552	0.854	2.993		
9-Nov-24	2.156	2.17	2.99		
11-Nov-24	1.127	1.291	2.215		
12-Nov-24	0.966	2.333	2.844		
13-Nov-24	1.122	1.035	2.577		
14-Nov-24	0.975	2.607	2.33		
15-Nov-24	1.949	1.226	1.681		
16-Nov-24	1.44	1.199	1.077		
18-Nov-24	2.502	2.513	2.507		
19-Nov-24	2.943	1.965	2.891		
20-Nov-24	2.56	2.333	1.563		
21-Nov-24	2.615	1.627	0.913		
22-Nov-24	2.126	1.584	2.33		
23-Nov-24	1.872	1.139	1.77		
25-Nov-24	2.395	1.681	1.798		
26-Nov-24	0.989	2.665	1.591		
27-Nov-24	1.89	2.987	2.985		
28-Nov-24	2.42	2.98	0.974		
29-Nov-24	2.475	1.956	1.57		
30-Nov-24	1.674	2.597	2.879		