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政府對廢物分類的支援 Government Support for Waste Separation

家居廢物源頭分類計劃的一個主要挑戰,是協助物業經理和居民物色位置收集已分類的廢物。不少屋苑未能在每一樓層放置廢物分類回收桶。此外,亦有人關注在每一樓層的公用地方或樓梯轉角處擺放廢物分類回收桶可能會阻塞走火通道。部分屋苑居民亦擔憂設置廢物分類回收設施的成本太高。

A key challenge for the SSW Programme is how to help property managers and residents identify space for collecting separated waste. Many housing estates cannot accommodate waste separation bins on each building floor; additionally, there are concerns that fire escape routes could be blocked by placing waste separation bins on staircase landings or other common areas on each floor. Some estates also worry that the costs of setting up waste separation facilities will be too high.



一般樓層垃圾房及樓梯轉角處地方有限,沒有足 夠空間放置廢物分類回收設施。

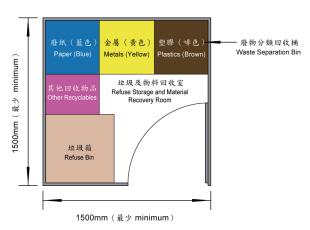
Floor-based refuse rooms and staircase landings generally have limited space for accommodating waste separation facilities.

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政府採取了多項措施,處理以上的關注事項,並為屋苑提供適切的支援。在2008年,我們修訂了建築物規例,規定新建樓宇必須在樓層設有回收廢物的存放位置。《建築物條例》之下的《建築物(垃圾及物料回收房及垃圾槽)規例》訂明,所有新建住用建築物及綜合用途建築物的住用部分須在每一樓層提供面積最少為1.5米×1.5米的垃圾及物料回收室,方便居民參與廢物回收。有關修訂在2008年12月1日生效。

The Government has been addressing all of these concerns through a series of measures to support the Programme. In 2008 we made regulatory changes to building codes to require new buildings to include storage areas for recovered waste. The amendment to the Building (Refuse Storage and Material Recovery Chambers and Refuse Chutes) Regulations under the Buildings Ordinance states that all new domestic buildings and the domestic part of new composite buildings must provide a refuse storage and material recovery room at least 1.5 metre x 1.5 metre in size on every floor to facilitate residents' participation in waste recovery. The amendment came into effect 1 December 2008.



垃圾及物料回收室的面積最少應為 1.5米×1.5米,提供足夠地方以供 廢物回收。

Refuse storage and material recovery rooms should be at least 1.5 metres x 1.5 metres to provide sufficient space for waste recovery.





新建樓宇的垃圾及物料回收室有助 廢物分類及回收。

Refuse storage and material recovery rooms facilitate waste separation and recovery in the new buildings.

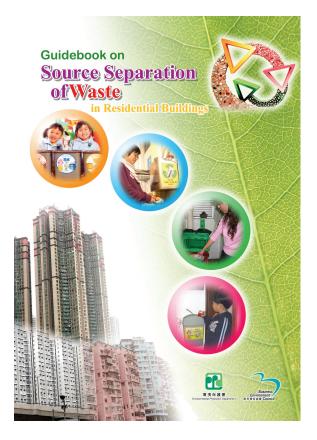
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我們亦繼續推行多項措施支援家居廢物源頭分類:

■ 本署已印製《住宅樓宇廢物源頭分類指引手冊》,就如何在住宅樓宇樓層 實行廢物源頭分類提供指引,並闡述相關的建築物和消防安全規例。

We also have several on-going initiatives to support domestic source separation of waste:

■ A "Guidebook on Source Separation of Waste in Residential Buildings" has been published which provides advice on how to practise source separation of waste on each floor of residential buildings. It also explains the building and fire safety regulations related to the Programme.



《住宅樓宇廢物源頭分類指引手冊》 指示如何在住宅樓宇每一樓層實行 廢物源頭分類。

The "Guidebook on Source Separation of Waste in Residential Buildings" provides advice on how to practice source separation of waste on each floor of residential buildings.

- ■政府人員定期親訪屋苑和樓宇,並出席居民大會,就各有關事項提供意見,例如在何處購買回收桶、在何處放置回收桶、回收到的物料該送往何處等。截至2008年年底,環保署人員已到訪超過1,800個屋苑,這些屋苑不少已參加了計劃或正安排參與計劃。
- Government officers regularly visit housing estates and buildings and attend residents' meetings to answer questions and provide advice on matters such as where to purchase bins, where to locate the bins and where to send recovered recyclables. By the end of 2008 we had visited more than 1,800 estates, many of which have either joined the Programme or are making arrangements to do so.



環保署人員出席居民組織會議,就如何實行廢物 源頭分類提供意見和解答問題。

EPD staff attend a meeting of residents' organizations to provide advice and answer questions on implementing source separation of waste.

■環境及自然保育基金向參加計劃的私人屋苑提供部分資助。每個成功申請 資助的屋苑可獲發放不多於已批准樓層廢物分類回收設施總開支的50%, 每一樓層的資助額以港幣800元為限。截至2008年年底,我們已收到130 份申請,當中有100份申請獲批出資助總額420萬元。

■ The Environment and Conservation Fund provides partial funding support to private housing estates that join the Programme. Successful applicants can receive a subsidy of 50% of the total set-up cost for installing waste separation facilities on each building floor, up to a maximum of \$800 per building floor. By the end of 2008, 130 applications had been received and 100 applications had been awarded grants worth a total of \$4.2 million.





環境及自然保育基金廢物 回收項目審批小組到訪獲 基金資助廢物分類回收設 施的屋苑。

Members of the Environment and Conservation Fund (ECF) Waste Recovery Projects Sub-Committee visit a housing estate with waste separation facilities funded by the ECF.

- 為支持廢物源頭分類的推廣,環境保護運動委員會推出新設計的廢物分類 回收桶。新設計以可循環再造的物料製成,而且桶口較大,方便市民投入 較大件的可回收物料。環境保護運動委員會向屋苑和樓宇免費派發廢物分 類回收桶,每座樓宇可獲派發一套回收桶。
- To support the promotion of waste separation at source, the Environmental Campaign Committee (ECC) has produced newly designed waste separation bins which are made of materials that can be recycled and have larger openings to facilitate the public to put in recyclables of larger sizes. Free waste separation bins are distributed to housing estates and buildings by ECC, with one set of bins earmarked for each building.



這些200公升的塑膠製廢物分類回 收桶適合戶外使用。

These 200-litre plastic waste separation bins are suitable for outdoor use.



這個金屬製廢物分類回收桶適合戶內使用,設有間隔收集廢紙、塑膠和金屬,每個間隔的容積為50公升。
This metal composite waste separation bin is suitable for indoor use. It has three 50-litre compartments for collecting paper, plastics and metals.